NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXVIII. No. 22751. Registered at the C.P.O. SHANGHAI, TUESDAY, JUNE 14, 1938 (Postage: China and Japan 1 cent; abroad 15 cents.) TEN CENTS

THE SHANGHAI LAND INVESTMENT CO., LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shanghai Land Investment Company, Limited, will be held at the office of the Company, 100 Jinkee Road, Shanghai, to-day, Tuesday, June 14, 1938, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon when the following Resolution will be proposed as a Special Resolution.

RESOLUTION

That the Articles of Association be altered in manner following:—

The following Article shall be substituted for Article 88, "88.—On a show of hands every Shareholder present in person shall have one Vote, and upon a poll every Shareholder present in person or by proxy shall have one Vote for every Share held by him."

AND NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at the same place and on the same day at 11 o'clock in the forenoon or so soon thereafter as the Extraordinary General Meeting shall be concluded the forty-ninth Ordinary General Meeting of the Company will be held for the purpose of passing the Directors' Report and Accounts, re-electing Auditors, and transacting any other business as may be properly transacted at an Ordinary Annual General Meeting of the Company.

The Share Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from June 7, 1938 to June 14, 1938, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD.,
Agents.

Shanghai, June 6, 1938.

15293

THE INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT TRUST COMPANY OF CHINA, LIMITED

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances, Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Eighth Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held in the Board Room of Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co. Ltd., Sassoon House, Shanghai, on Monday, June 27, 1938, at 4 p.m. for the following purposes:—

To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Statement of Accounts for the year ended March 31, 1938; to elect Directors; to elect Auditors, and to transact any other ordinary business of the Company.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from June 17 to June 27 (both days inclusive) during which period no transfer of shares will be effected.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
TURNER, STURROCK & BROWN,
Secretaries.

Shanghai, June 13, 1938.

15295

YANGTSZE FINANCE COMPANY, LTD.

(Incorporated under the Hongkong Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Eighth Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held in the Board Room of Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co. Ltd., Sassoon House, Shanghai, on Monday, June 27, 1938, at 4.15 p.m. for the following purposes:—

To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Statement of Accounts for the year ended March 31, 1938; to elect Directors; to elect Auditors, and to transact any other ordinary business of the Company.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from June 17 to June 27 (both days inclusive) during which period no transfer of shares will be effected.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
TURNER, STURROCK & BROWN,
Secretaries.

Shanghai, June 13, 1938.

15294

METROPOLITAN LAND CO., LTD.

(Incorporated under the Hongkong Companies' Ordinances)

1933 ISSUE 6% DEBENTURES

The Register of Transfers of Debentures will be closed for the above issue from June 21 to June 30, 1938, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,
F. R. SMITH & CO., LTD.,
General Managers.

Shanghai, June 13, 1938.

15305

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15306

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-7615

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Consultations by appointment

-7594

Mme N. GINGEROFF

205 Cardinal Mercier
(Opposite French Club)

Just arrived

American play suits and summer dresses.

15316

NOTICE

Luebbert's American Pharmacy has been sold to Mrs. Anna Hancock who will carry on the business at the same location, 169 Nanking Road, under the same name. Mr. N. Y. Chen, the former proprietor, is responsible for all accounts owing from January 1, 1938 to May 16, 1938, inclusive. Payments due to him should be sent to Mr. N. Y. Chen, c/o LUEBBERT'S AMERICAN PHARMACY. Mrs. Anna Hancock, the new proprietress, is responsible for all accounts from May 17, 1938.

Mrs. A. HANCOCK,
N. Y. CHEN,

LUEBBERT'S AMERICAN PHARMACY,
169 Nanking Road.

-7608

NOTICE

Owing to the steady low rate of the local dollar we are reluctantly compelled to apply a 5 to 10% temporary increase on all our wines beginning June 15, 1938.

FRANCHINE TRADING CO.
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17/19 Route Stanislas Chevalier,
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-7644

NOTICE

As from June 15, 1938 our office hours will be from

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GLATHE & WITT

15310

THE ANGLO-FRENCH LAND INVESTMENT CO., LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

1932 ISSUE 6% DEBENTURES

The Register of Transfers of Debentures will be closed for the above issue from June 24 to June 30, 1938, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
A. R. BURKILL & SONS, LTD.,
Agents.

Shanghai, June 13, 1938.

15296

THE NEW ENGINEERING AND SHIPBUILDING WORKS, LTD.

(Incorporated under the Hongkong Ordinances)

PREFERENCE SHARES

Preference Shareholders are reminded that the last date for sending in their application for conversion of Preference Shares into Ordinary Shares, in accordance with the Circular dated April 14, is June 15, 1938.

THE NEW ENGINEERING & SHIPBUILDING WORKS, LTD.,
ARNHOLD & COMPANY, LTD.,
Secretaries & General Managers.

14996

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We have received a fine selection of medals, crosses, crucifixes, etc. in gold and silver.

C. ISMER & CO.

15266

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Nut Jelly Toastwich. Vegetable Salad. Pie or Cake, Chocolate Malted Milk

90 cents

JIMMY'S, 11 Rue Montauban

-7622

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15005

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15214

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Devilled Chicken Toastwich
Vegetable Salad, Pie or Cake
Chocolate Malted Milk

90 cents.

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-7623

It Might Have Been

These may indeed be the saddest of words, but how many opportunities have been missed by the lack of a little forethought. Good employees miss suitable jobs, congenial souls fail to meet, the right goods are sold to the wrong people, and the right people buy the wrong things.

Much misapplied effort could be avoided by a timely advertisement on our classified page. There are thirty-three different classifications.

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MILK

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15003

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Whether going on home leave or retiring, your personal or your business interests in China and especially in Shanghai, will continue.

Letters will be uncertain; news in home papers will be scanty. The cheapest and most effective link will be the weekly copy of the "North-China Herald" containing all the China news of the "North-China Daily News" and costing, including postage (*via Siberia*), $2.50 a month.

Send your name and address to the Circulation Department, North-China Herald, 17 The Bund. Tel. 11055

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Sale on beach-wear, play suits, tennis frocks, shorts, slacks. Novelty letter buttons for sport-wear. Cotton dresses, $7.50-$10; silk dresses, $10-$15. Business hours 12 noon-7 p.m. week days only. Lane 159 Seymour Road, House 14, Telephone 35739.

-7202

Coming Events

JUNE

18 "Potash & Perlmutter," uproarious comedy by M. Glass, with L. Rosen and V. Valin in the leading roles. Lyc., 8.30
19 "Potash & Perlmutter," Lyceum, 8.30

JULY

7 Theosophical Society Open mtg., 75 Jessfield Road, public invited, 6

Charge for items $1 per line, which includes all insertions till date of event.

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NOTIFICATION TO CONSIGNEES.

The under-mentioned Lines, who, owing to the Sino-Japanese hostilities, were compelled to discharge at Singapore cargo destined for Shanghai (and Outports), wish to draw Consignees' attention to the fact that the Singapore Harbour Board has decided that all cargo which, on September 1, 1938, remains unshipped and which has been lying in the custody of the Singapore Harbour Board for 6 months or more may be sold after that date to defray the Singapore Harbour Board's charges.

Consignees of such cargo therefore are requested to take delivery or otherwise to dispose of their cargo without further delay.

As announced previously all and every responsibility of the Shipping Lines ceased on discharge of the cargo at Singapore, but Shipping Agents are prepared to assist Consignees in forwarding their goods, under conditions previously announced.

BEN LINE
BLUE FUNNEL LINE
EAST ASIATIC CO.
GLEN LINE
HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE
WILH. WILHELMSEN.

Shanghai, June 13, 1938.

15290

C. S. S.

The 27th monthly drawing of this Society will take place on Wednesday, June 15, 1938.

There will be one Special Reimbursement of more than $26,000 and twenty-six each of the 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th Reimbursements of $2,000, $300, $200 and $100 respectively.

Those who are interested in this profitable savings will please subscribe at an early date.

Bondholders are requested to pay their instalments before the 15th of the month, and those who have changed their addresses and wish our shroff to call for collection are requested kindly to notify us at once.

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15004

THE SHANGHAI LAND INVESTMENT CO., LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

31st ISSUE
6% DEBENTURES 31/12/31
32nd ISSUE
6% DEBENTURES 6/1/33

The Register of Transfers of Debentures will be closed for the above Issues from June 16 to June 30, 1938, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD.,
Agents.

Shanghai, June 6, 1938.

15186

NORGE for REFRIGERATION

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15276

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15298

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Classified Advertisements continued On Page 12

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Our Foundry, one of the largest in the Far East, is suitable for all classes of Cast Iron and Non-Ferrous castings. We are in a position to supply iron castings up to 20 tons weight and bronze castings up to 4 tons weight. We would appreciate your enquiries for castings and assure you of entirely satisfactory results. Pattern-making is also a specialty.

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SHANGHAI DOCKYARDS LTD. invites enquiries for all classes of Engine and Boiler design and construction, Electrical Work, Coppersmith and Sheet Metal Work, Stampings, etc. Forgings of all descriptions up to 8 tons in weight.

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We own many Portable Electric Welding Plants which may be brought to working sites by road or river.

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We carry large stocks of Iron and Steel Building Materials for all classes of Land and Marine Work, New Construction and Repairs.

Engineering Equipment (Second-hand):

We have for disposal a large variety of second-hand Machine Tools, Boilers, Pumps, Steam and Diesel Engines, Electrical Machinery, Heavy Sheerlegs, Mud dredgers, Launches, Hand Tools, etc., etc., at very reasonable prices, and we invite those interested to inspect the machinery at our Works. Make arrangements by telephoning No. 50080.

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15206

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Between Singapore and Yokohama, the CHINA COASTERS TIDE BOOK is a *vade mecum* of information on all aspects of tides, harbour regulations, astronomical and other data relating to those waters. Published at the popular price of $5, the China Coasters Tide Book and Nautical Pocket Manual for the current year should be in the pocket of every ship's officer.

On sale at the office of the publishers, the North-China Daily News. 17 The Bund, Shanghai, and at all booksellers.

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68 pp. price $1.50; postage 15 cts.

On Sale at the Offices of the
NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, LTD.
17 The Bund, Shanghai

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

The Japanese Venture:
Incomprehensible Chinese

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—The Chinese are incomprehensible. While I can in some instances sympathize with them in their present predicament, I cannot help remarking that if they are losing territory after territory, it has been through the fault of their Government.

Whether Japan for unjustifiable reasons can be called the aggressor is out of the question as far as my argument is concerned, if it can be termed an argument.

Instead of making all the necessary preparations to meet a possible invasion of China, what have the Chinese Government done? She has spent millions on highways, principally for the enjoyment of the wealthier classes possessing motor cars who have benefited by these highways. Likewise, the Japanese Military are thankful to the thoughtfulness of the Nanking Government for providing such splendid ways to transport their soldiers and war paraphernalia, thus facilitating and expediting their movements towards an objective which has been accomplished speedily and successfully. And the so much talked of air planes! Where are they? For some years the National State Lottery had been going on for the ostensible purpose of buying air planes and anti-aircraft guns. Where has all the money gone to and how many airships have actually been bought?

Much has been said about the unity and patriotism of present day Chinese. How much truth is there in this can be judged by the comparative ease the Japanese Military have succeeded in getting influential Chinese to form the Reformed Government, which goes to show that the Nationalist Government is not favoured nor supported by all the Chinese. The blunders of the Government, in especial the famous General Chiang, have caused this war and millions of Chinese are in consequence suffering the greatest privations imaginable. Thousands of poor refugees have unavoidably flocked to this city and are now in the saddest plight with insufficient food, clothing and places to rest their suffering bodies. Foreigners and the well-to-do Chinese have been contributing towards their relief but the subscriptions are not sufficient for such a very large number of the hungry and miserable destitutes. Can anyone say that the three multi-billionaire leaders of the Government have contributed any substantial sum? What particular good has been done by the quasi-dictator of China, to wit General Chiang? Much has been written about his New Life Movement, which in principle and on paper looks very good, but what has been done to put it into practice is something we would like to know as I find the people generally just as bad as they were before the existence of the N.L.M. And the Mass Weddings! What a Farce!

China is now frantically appealing to the foreign Powers for help to stem the rapid advance of the Japanese soldiers and posing as the sincere friends of foreigners. Have we forgotten the events that led to the war here in 1932? Is it not a fact that China had been clamouring for the abolition of exfrality and almost stipulating the time as for March 1932? Why was the 19th Route Army with about twenty thousand soldiers sent to Shanghai? There was no particular trouble between China and Japan at that time and an armed clash was not even dreamt of, not even at the very last minute when Admiral Shiokawa delivered his memorable ultimatum. The Chinese Mayor immediately on the receipt of it apologized and guaranteed the total suppression of all anti-Japanese activities in Shanghai. The Japanese Admiral had no faith in Chinese promises and knowing that there were bellicose Chinese soldiers in Chapei started an attack on them at about 7 p.m. but found the 19th Route Army strongly entrenched with up-to-date barricades and dug-outs throughout that sector as well as in Woosung, Tazang, Chengtu etc. All these warlike preparations could not have been done overnight and what for? Were it not for the determination of the Japanese Admiral, there might have been some excitement in the Central part of the International Settlement as it was rumoured that China had the intention of seizing it.

As to the Japanese: they are poor propagandists—this they have admitted themselves. In the eyes of foreigners, they are dull, grim, stern and rough. In the present war, the measures they have taken are considered too harsh, amounting to savagery, but on the other hand, we must consider their point of view and their conception of the extreme provocation by the Chiang Kai-shek Government. We know only what the Japanese have done but we have yet to hear the other side of the story. The Japanese have acted according to the saying, "Every thing is fair in love and war" to attain their objective. I cannot conceive the idea that the Japanese are so ruthless, to put it mildly, as to bomb places indiscriminately and to purposely massacre civilians unless they had a good reason for doing it. Those who have lived long in Japan and associated with the people in the large cities like Tokyo, Yokohama, Kobe and Osaka can say that the people are not so bad as they are now depicted. We cannot judge by the Japanese seen in China who, with some exceptions, are of the class that the Japanese themselves would look upon with disfavour and who are mostly fishmongers, grocers, half-civilized employees of small shops or stores, blacksmiths, stevedores and such like. They cannot be expected to behave like the employees of banks, large firms, etc., who employ graduates from the various universities of Japan.

Japanese commercial people, though highly patriotic, do not view this war with much favour. They certainly desire to see a suppression of the anti-Japanese activities which affect them, as almost 90 per cent. of their trade is with China. This protracted war which they did not expect is doing as much harm to them as well as to the Chinese who have become very poor. For some six months perhaps, after this war, the Chinese may hesitate to deal openly with the Japanese; but gradually they will start again in "full swing." Already, many Chinese, in spite of the much advertised "unity" and "patriotism" are actually trading with their enemy. There are some strong advocates of a "boycott," but then pressed to put it into pratice, would smile and say "If we do not trade with Japanese others will, so we might as well have a share of the profits." This is the present psychology of the Chinese!

As to General Chiang's resistance; the Chinese have been expecting much of him, but in every case he has failed them. Province after province has been wrested and now he is threatened with the loss of Hankow to go further inland until there is nowhere else he could go to, when he will probably shake the China dust off his feet and leave for Jericho or some convenient place. Japan only wishes to crush Chiang Kai-shek and when he will have gone for an enforced holiday, putting aside once for all politics, the aftermath will not be so bad. Perhaps Japan will not be so reluctant to accept foreign mediation to clear the China debris in preparation for a resumption of commerce.

General Chiang will not "lose face." He will still be considered as a "hero" or "martyr." For the sake of peace in the Orient, to relieve the widespread distress to his people, to avoid further bloodshed he should offer to resign leaving the reins of the Government to the choice of the people, or if he is still determined to resist, which cannot be done singly, he should immediately conclude a Military Alliance with Soviet Russia giving her certain spheres of influence as she may desire, which will be better than allowing Japan to swallow up the whole of China.

Joe Toc Toque.

Shanghai, June 13.

Prepossessing:
New Epidemic Started?

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—Jack and Jill's decision to reply to a certain advertisement in verse has probably started another type of epidemic in Shanghai. You will realize to what depths a wet Sunday can drive one when I tell you I have decided to apply for my next position in the following touching manner (with apologies to the late W. S. Gilbert):

I am the very model of a prepossessing Modern Miss.
With necessary trimmings for promoting proper business.
I know the best ingredients for a high-ball or a Gin-and-It
And never bat an eyelash when I've swallowed quite a bit-of-it.
I am very well acquainted too with Shanghai's social Upper Crust
Showing nice discrimination 'twixt the affluent and the "utter-bust."
I am well in with the titled, and their satellites
And turn a pretty shoulder cold to poor but honest Hongkewites.
In short, in matters social you'll agree that I am not amiss.
The very perfect model of a prepossessing Modern Miss.
In fact when I can type and spell, make two-and-two add up to four,
Cease splitting my infinitives or mixing up my metaphor.
When I can put a comma or a full-stop where it ought to be
And make the dizzy figures in the ledger columns all agree.
When I am apt at shorthand and am better at calligraphy
Can differentiate between cross-words and trigonometry.
When I'm in form, and feeling fresh then, taken in the aggregate.
You'll note I'm worth the salary of a Municipal Advocate.
In short, for pure efficiency and pushing useful business
I'll be the very pattern of a prepossessing Modern Miss.

Hester.

Shanghai, June 12.

Information Wanted:
Whereabouts of Art Museum

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—Perhaps some of your readers may be able to tell me if there is an Art Museum in Shanghai or if there ever was. I read somewhere that a Miss Li Chin-chun, a well-known artist, gave $50,000 towards the establishment of a museum of art, but after eight months in Shanghai, I have met no one who can tell me anything about this.

Belle Trenholm.

Shanghai, June 13.

Trams for Dogs:
A Few More Suggestions

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—There's a man for you! With the present exchange hitting a new low and certain parties doing this, and not caring a that; with rumours circulating the town that the price of Hamburger Sandwiches appear bullish, and the weather getting hotter; along comes a man, and with this man likewise comes an idea, suggesting that the Bus Company run special buses on Sunday mornings, so as to convey dog-walkers to our parks. This will enable them, as Wire Hair puts it, to go for a real walk in comfort, and at a not prohibitive cost.

I grant you that a dog should be cared for and treated properly, but I definitely can't harmonize in opinion, that you should go to the extent of making a sissy out of him re your asking that special buses be run for the conveyance of the canine sect and their owners.

If—the Bus Company does condescend to run such vehicles under such Ripleyish conditions, would you further put forth to them, such suggestions as these? 1. That they issue monthly seasons. 2. First and second-class compartments. 3. That they place visible placards, similar to those adorning ours, with the following correction to the middle word, which thereby would read "No Fleas Admitted."

Sandwich.

Shanghai June 13.

A Swimming Bath Too?

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—Well! well! some brave soul has dared to write on behalf of our canine friends, asking for the Bus Co. to run a special bus "For Dogs Only"—not a bad idea, but it rather cramps their style.

I would like to go one better and suggest a "Swimming Pool for Dogs" after all every possible comfort is given to human beings during the hot weather, skating, dancing etc., for the hardboiled, and swimming and numerous sports for the majority.

What about the dogs? Where can they walk, and of more importance during the hot weather, where can they swim? Usually you find they disappear into some dirty old creek smelling worse than all the corpses residing in Avenue Haig.

Maybe my effort will fall on stony ground, and yet again some enterprising person may go ahead and open up a "Canine Swimming Pool" charging a small fee and presenting the proceeds to the S.S.P.C.A. Who knows?

Tail Wagger.

Shanghai, June 13.

The Oxford Group:
Question of Moral Cowardice

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—A few lines, if I may, please, in support of the restrained and reasoned letter of Reformist in your correspondence columns on June 7.

Unfortunately, neither "education" nor "learning" necessarily implies knowledge, since for hundreds and hundreds of years, for religious or so-thought moral reasons, documents have been mutilated and knowledge carefully hidden.

Nevertheless, there are things that now must be very widely known. Why are they not acted upon?

One can only conceive that men on the whole are as reluctant about speaking their minds to their fellowmen, as they are of interfering with anything outside their own particular business, and no matter what misconception or travesty is propagated they stand by and countenance it.

Their moral cowardice fills one with fury.

A Woman Protestant.

Shanghai, June 13.

Local Russians' Appeal:
A "Crazy" Petition

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—In yesterday's issue of your contemporary "China Press" I have seen an article under the heading "400 White Russians appeal for right to return to U.S.S.R."

It is hard to imagine something more crazy than this attempt of some Russians to return home, submitting themselves entirely to the decision of "the Supreme Council."

During some 20 years of Bolshevist rule in Russia, White Russians abroad had enough time to realize the character and methods of Soviet Government. Cruel and despotic as it has always been some 5-6 years ago it looked yet stable, but now, after bloody Moscow trials, even this stability proved to be false.

The government that kills its active members of yesterday cannot be stable. That is why this petition of 400 "White Russians" looks like a sign of extreme despair. This pitiable document does not at all reflect genuine feelings of Russian emigrants; *en masse*, they are entirely convinced that it is impossible to seek for reconciliation with the government, which turned great Russia into a field of monstrous experiment.

It will be a matter of my extreme regret, if some White Russians are influenced by the petition fabricated by a group of Soviet agents.

White Russian.

Shanghai, June 11.

Lawn Bowls:
The Danger of the Game

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—Re the argument put up by Fed Lawn Bowls in opposition, subsequent to my acrimonious attacks on the game of lawn bowls. He states that the sport is an ancient one; I agree, but when he goes so far as to say that it is a real gentleman's game, and where no accidents occur, my inners revolt and suggest that I retaliate in barbaric fashion.

Anybody, perceiving a faint modicum of intelligence, knows that in any sport, even in lawn bowls, accidents are liable to happen. Why—dear sir—just the other day I witnessed a common accident on one of our local greens; a lawn bowler cut his hand while opening a bottle of beer.

Sandwich.

Shanghai, June 13.

The Gentleman:
"And Poor Rickshaw Coolie"

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—I would like to bring to your attention a particularly despicable action on the part of a foreigner which my wife and I observed on Sunday morning.

A rickshaw coolie, pulling a rather large foreign "gentleman," slipped at the intersection of Nanking Road and the Bund and came down very heavily on the wet and slippery surface. The foreigner stepped out, cursed the coolie and, probably thinking that this was a good excuse for not paying, walked away, leaving the poor coolie dumfounded.

Disgusted Briton.

Shanghai, June 13.

By Sapajou

On Uncertain Seas

S.V.C. Routine Orders

Officers:—The following extract from the Municipal Gazette dated June 10, is published for information:— Retirements:—Medical:—Captain A. Renner retires from the Corps with effect from June 1, and is granted the retired rank of Captain with the right to wear the prescribed uniform.

Annual Efficiency Returns:—The Efficiency Returns for the training year 1937-38 have been prepared and Unit Commanders are asked to call at Corps Headquarters during this week to check and sign them.

Officers—Return from Leave:—Transport Company.—Lieutenant W. C. Sangster returned from leave June 8.

Strength:—(a) Increase:—The undermentioned are taken on the strength of the Corps and their units on dates shown:—Corps Troops:—Signals Company.—Sigmn. C. R. Clements June 3. Transport Company.—Pte. G. A. Yanus June 7. "A" Battalion:—"A" Company.—Pte. J. A. Chalmers June 8. Scottish Company.—Pte. J. McFarlane June 9. "B" Battalion:—American Company.—Pte. A. Morrison May 16. Pte. E. A. Harrs June 10. Pte. P. D. Zelberg June 10. Philippine Company.—Pte. R. V. Joquico June 16. American (M. G.) Co.—Pte. J. Havtorn June 10. (b) Decrease:—The undermentioned are taken off the strength of the Corps and their units on dates shown:—Corps Troops:—Field Company.—Sgt. A. J. R. Hodges June 9, 1938, Leaving Shanghai. "C" M.G. Company.—Pte. F. E. Hoebich June 9, 1938 Business Reasons. "A" Battalion:—"A" Company.—Cpl. G. W. Rhodes June 8, 1933, Business Reasons. "B" Company.—Pte. Jackson June 3, 1936, Business Reasons. L/Cpl. L. J. Ellis June 9, 1938, Business Reasons. "B" Battalion:—Portuguese Company.—Pte. F. A. Maher June 8, 1938, Business Reasons.

Leave:—Chinese Company.—Lieutenant C. E. Chow from June 6, 1938 to July 6, 1938.

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This splendid new process will restore the perfection of your hair, whether it is blonde or brunette, lifeless or dyed, to perfect condition. You will be charmed by the soft waves and lustrous curls.
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The shoe is not made
THAT WILL EASE
HONGKONG FOOT
but
'FUNGOL'
WILL PUT YOUR FOOT
AT EASE IN YOUR SHOE
BAYER
50 YEARS »Bayer«

Emperor Entertains Generals
Japan's Military Leaders Honoured at Luncheon

Tokyo, June 13.

Lieut.-Gen. Kiyoshi Katsuki, commander of a Japanese garrison in North China, arrived in Tokyo at 9.30 o'clock this morning and proceeded to the Imperial Palace to report to Emperor Hirohito on his mission in North China.

The Emperor granted an Imperial luncheon at noon today in honour of Lieut.-Gen. Katsuki, Lieut.-Gen. Seishiro Itagaki, War Minister, and Lieut.-Gen. Hideki Tojo, Vice-Minister of War, who returned recently from North China and Manchoukuo respectively.

Other guests at the luncheon were Field Marshal Prince Kotohito Kanin, Chief of the Army General Staff; Field Marshal Prince Morimasa Nashimoto, Lieut.-Gen. Prince Yasuhiko Asaka; Gen. Gen Sugiyama, a member of the Supreme War Council and former Minister of War; and high officials of the court.—Domei.

Sixty Years Ago

From the "North-China Daily News," of June 14, 1878.

At the meeting of the Council held in the Council Room, 17 Kiangse Road, Shanghai, on Monday, there were present: Messrs. J. Hart (chairman) R. H. Artindale, G. J. W. Cowie, P. G. Hubbe, E. G. Low, R. Mackenzie, J. H. Wisner, G. Withers and the secretary. The minutes of the previous meeting were read, confirmed, signed and passed for publication. *Local Post Office, northern ports*—it is decided to give a trial of three months to a new arrangement proposed by the Commissioner of Customs at Tientsin, by which all northern mails are to be sent to the care of the Customs Postal Departments at the different ports who undertake to look after their distribution, and also to make up and forward mails to Shanghai. The arrangement to embrace, Chefoo, Newchwang, Tientsin and Peking. *Amateur Wind Instrument Society*:—letter from the honorary secretary, applying to the Council for an addition to their usual donation of $100 is submitted, and it is decided to reply that the Council see no reason for doing so at present, but that this decision will be reconsidered if necessary. *Fire Department*—application by the Fire Commission for permission to erect staging for water tanks in the "Reserve" Garden, is refused, but with a view of attaining the object desired, the Surveyor is instructed to look out for a suitable place for such a staging.

SHELL TOX
Is death to every insect pest.
15307

SOLUTION OF LONDON PUZZLE No. 1540

I	N	F	E	R		C	O	P	Y	R	I	G	H	T
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AUCTIONS

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WINES, ETC.

Every Wednesday afternoon during June we shall conduct Wine Auctions. Anyone interested in disposing of stocks by Auction is requested to communicate with us as soon as possible.

In Rear Salesroom—Now On View
To-day, Tuesday, June 14, 1938, at 9.30 a.m.

Wardrobe trunk, camphor wood and canvas trunks, suit cases, camp bed, golf clubs, filter, books, pictures, cushions, curtains, table lamps, transformer, linoleum, heating stove, iron bedsteads, dining table, table linen, portable gramophone, wall mirror, ivory ornaments, gents' and ladies' clothing, **one lady's leopard skin fur overcoat,** smoking sets and sundries etc.

In Main Salesroom—Now On View
To-morrow, Wednesday, June 15, 1938, at 9.30 a.m.

Upholstered double spring couches and arm chairs, day beds, rugs, table and ceiling fans, electric gramophones, **silver ware,** wrist watch, wedding ring, half plate camera with lens, clocks, scales, Singer treadle sewing machine, writing desks, bookcases, sideboards, cellarettes, dining tables, dining chairs, blackwood furniture, wardrobes, dressing tables, chests of drawers, night tables, centre tables, chairs, stools, teapoys, brass bedsteads, card tables, flower stands, ice chests, wicker furniture, etc., also

2 Diamond rings, 1 Majestic 6-tube radio receiver
1 Fine tone iron framed upright piano by Rosenkranz

AT HOLTS WHARF, POOTUNG, GODOWN "D" — NOW ON VIEW
To-morrow, Wednesday, June 15, 1938, at 3 p.m.

Ex T.S.S. "Antenor"—General Average

5 cases Kruschen Salts, 1 case Silk covered wire, 1 case Copper wire, 2 cases Shuttles, 4 cases Card clothing, 1 case Rubber shoes, 2 cases Screws and nuts.
Also 4 pieces and 1 bundle Steel Bars Ex s/s "Glengarry" and
1 coil Glavanized wire Ex s/s "Deucalion"
Tender leaves Customs Jetty at 2.30 p.m.

Due to existing conditions we have to request all purchasers to pay cash in full on the fall of the hammer.

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IN OUR SALESROOM (160 Canton Road)
To-day, Tuesday, June 14, 1938, commencing at 2.30 p.m.

Superior Blackwood and Household Furniture, "Underwood" and "Remington Noiseless" Typewriters, "S. Moutrie" Piano, Gramophone in gilt Carved Wood Case, Carved Wood Cabinet, Steel Plan Cabinet, Kelvinator, Carpets, Blankets, E.P. Ware, Clothing, and Sundries.

NOW ON VIEW

IN OUR REAR SALESROOM (160 Canton Road)
On Thursday, June 16, 1938, commencing at 2.30 p.m.

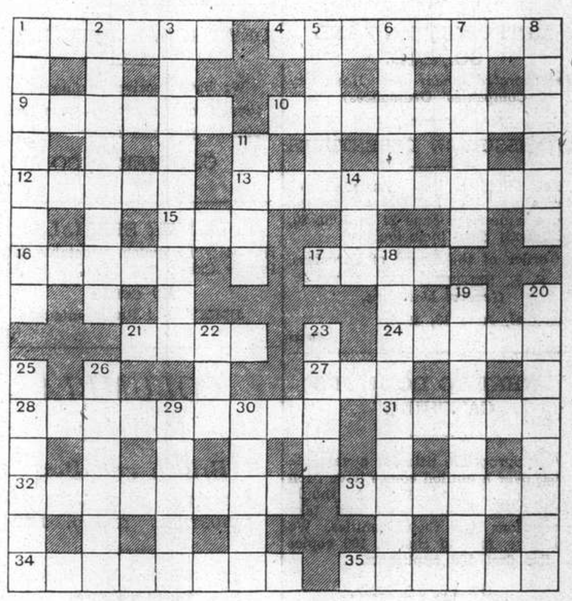
14 Hogsheads American Tobacco Stems (Damaged)

ON VIEW MORNING OF SALE

Hugh Martin, *Managing Director*

London Cross Word No. 1541

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")

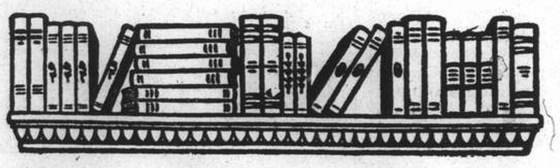


ACROSS

1 The Wise Men came from the East but we find this is in the West
4 The sort of merchant who humbly claims to be merely a carrier
9 Slang disturbance (partly owing to drink?)
10 Are the roads greasy when the rain is this?
12 Part of a flower
13 "Tune lover" (anag.)
15 "A train-band captain——was he" (John Gilpin)
16 What may be found in a theatre, church or market?
17 The doctors are sure to this in a diet part of the things we love to eat
21 "One man in his time plays many parts his Acts being seven ——" ("As You Like It")
24 This saw may easily cause a fatal wound
27 Put in a tot for a car
28 No learned person certainly
31 Fish to get metal
32 He is a monk not a collector of furs
33 Moral discourse
34 To have fewer wants is unnecessary here
35 A poetic command from Thebes

DOWN

1 This kind of communication would seem to involve less profit on telegrams
2 To a certain extent
3 Would a Cubist find it easy to paint this cricketer?
5 "Everything's got a —— if you can can only find it" said the Duchess to Alice
6 Painter or writer
7 This is proverbially right
8 A red rag makes this and attracts it
11 "—— - handed justice" ("Macbeth")
14 A little bit of amusement
18 "Best on Tom" (an unkind anagram)
19 Hasten
20 Precious stone
22 A period in the Ramadan
23 Make a vessel this and it will not move, oddly enough
25 An obviously false statement about a Roman numeral might be silent
26 Anger
29 It would upset a poor fellow to drive him away
30 A great law-giver



THE BOOK PAGE

Biography of a Heroine

"SEVERN'S" SAGA.—By E. Keble Chatterton. With 41 Illustrations and Maps. Hurst & Blackett, London. 16/-.

Mr. E. Keble Chatterton has long been regarded in responsible English reading circles as a veritable master in the art of reproducing in cold print various phases of naval history, which while always bearing the hall-mark of authenticity have contained adventures, thrills and engrossing episodes galore that surely have stirred the blood of sailor, seaman and landlubber alike. Nobody, however, can honestly accuse Mr. Chatterton of being a master of graphic English prose but, nevertheless, he is possessed of that happy knack, peculiar to so many seafarers, of being able, in the terse and typical language of the sailor, to paint delightful pen-pictures—perhaps seascapes is a better word—full of vivid detail and a wealth of colour. And he wields this pen of his in such a manner that the reader has the sensation of actually being aboard the ship which this prolific author invariably makes the subject of his works.

And so with "'Severn's' Saga'!" This is the rich biography of a heroine and she happens to have been a ship whose short career of five years was packed tight with honest adventure from the time she was born until the day she passed away in the hands of the merciless and unromantic shipbreakers. The author has done his job thoroughly, delved into official documents, held personal conversations with officers and members of Severn's crew, had recourse to both British and German diaries, and from these and other sources has narrated a story that for fullness and excitement must certainly be rated as a unique history of its kind.

Her Slender Grip

H.M.S. Severn was originally built as a monitor for the Brazilian Navy and had just been completed when the Great War commenced. Before delivery could be made, in stepped the Admiralty and promptly took her over. Designed solely for river work she seemed at first glance in perfect order for the upper reaches of the Amazon but definitely and decidedly all wrong for the treacherous waters and tides that wash the British Isles. Single-funnelled, having a freeboard of not more than 3¼ feet for'ard and aft, she measured 265 feet long and 49 feet wide and when fully loaded drew no more than 6½ feet of water, all of which suggested not so much a ship or sea-going craft as some squat, floating fort or a floating steel platform on which to mount guns. Of 1260 tons the slender grip that Severn had on the water always made her an ungainly creature, extremely difficult to handle save in a flat calm and the great difficulties experienced in moving her from place to place during her lifetime form many a humorous albeit dangerous episode in this volume.

Up and Down the Coast

In the autumn of 1914 Severn had her first taste of war, her 6-inch and 4.7-inch guns being used to successfully bombard the advancing German armies in the close vicinity of the Belgian coast. By reason of her

H.M. whaler Rattler.

narrow draught she was easily able to get close inshore and although she herself presented a fair target to the German gunners, was able, day after day, to pour shell after shell into the enemy from a range of from 7,000 to 10,000 yards. She remained, with very brief respites, cruising up and down the coast between Ostende and Nieuport, belching forth salvoes of death-dealing steel at her enemies until mid-January when it was decided by the Admiralty that she could, with advantage, be employed in the Dardanelles adventure of 1915.

The Time Factor

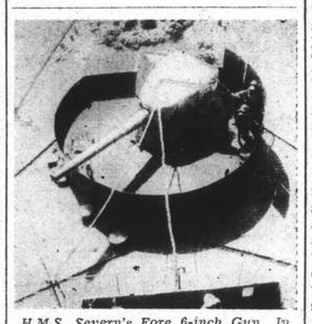
But even the plans of the Admiralty were apt occasionally to go wrong for, after weeks of preparation and the difficult task of convoying and towing Severn in company with her sister ships Humber and Mersey from Plymouth to Malta had been successfully accomplished, it was found that the length of time needed for these craft to reach Mudros and there be equipped for service conditions would not fit in with the scheme for the now famous Gallipoli landing of April 25; and so Severn remained at Malta until the closing days of April when the raiding escapades of the German cruiser Königsberg off the East African coast and the losses suffered by British shipping at her hands demanded that something be done, for it was realized that if the enemy vessel was allowed to remain afloat she could and would inflict untold damage to allied interests in this part of the world.

Meeting with Konigsberg

Königsberg had, however, momentarily shot her bolt, having retired up the Rufiji River for a makeshift refit, and before she could re-emerge on the high seas to continue her warlike depredations, various vessels of the British African Fleet found the time opportune to blockade her and shut off her means of escape. Captain Looff, the commander of the German cruiser, was such a master tactician and strategist however, that no British warship could come far enough up the treacherous reaches of the Rufiji to engage her in battle, which naturally necessitated an ever-constant watch at the numerous mouths of the river to prevent any chance that she might have had of running the gauntlet and escaping to comparative liberty. It is not difficult to visualize the tremendous cost incurred in keeping Königsberg "bottled-up," and the figures, high as they were, would most probably have been considerably augmented but for the arrival of Severn after weeks and weeks of trials and endurance through the Mediterranean, Suez Canal and Red Sea—trials and hardships enough to test even the most stout-hearted sailor who ever lived. On July 6 and 11, 1915, in company with her sister monitor Mersey and after several "dress rehearsals" in which even the minutest of details had been planned Severn floated slowly up the Rufiji, and thanks to her draught was able to make light of the shallows, approach Königsberg and engage her in two terrible duels that spelt doom for the German vessel and thus free the blockading craft for other but none the less important duties.

Critics Confounded

Mr. Chatterton's account of this battle which, incidentally, was the beginning of the end of German supremacy in East Africa, is perfectly true, full of rich detail and decidedly unbiassed, yet presented in a way that will surely make the reader



H.M.S. Severn's Fore 6-inch Gun. In action July 11, 1915.

wonder whether this volume is a fantastic novel. The destruction of Konigsberg, apart from anything else, perfectly justified Severn's existence and certainly confounded scores of those armchair critics who, in 1914, had regarded monitors as belonging to some obsolete age that had gone for good more than fifty years before!

But the floating fortress had not yet completed her work and until 1917 was busily engaged in slowly but methodically assisting the British Military Forces to gradually conquer German East Africa. This phase of her career makes fine reading and gives a very clear impression as to the terrible conditions under which the numerous naval operations were conducted, the bravery of the men participating and the manner in which Mother Nature's strongest bulwarks had to be overcome before these operations could be put into effect. Many remarkable illustrations and sketch-maps are of material aid in enabling one to follow the journeys of this indomitable British warship.

Thoroughly recommended, "Severn's Saga" contains everything that one would expect to find in a yellow-backed novel, and yet it will form a worthy addition to any library if only for the fact that the entire episode is a slice of history keenly and vividly told.—F.A.P.

Defence Against Design

PROPAGANDA FROM CHINA AND JAPAN A Case Study in Propaganda Analysis. By Bruno Lasker and Agnes Roman, Ph. D. Foreword by William W. Lockwood, Jr. American Council Institute of Pacific Relations, New York.

Bruno Lasker and Agnes Roman have made a very interesting study of the propaganda methods indulged in by the two parties to the present dispute in Asia. It is claimed on the dust-cover that this book attempts to show how evidence of propaganda may be recognized in the information sent out from the two Far Eastern countries now at war to influence American opinion. The authors have produced no particularly good recipe, and the perusal of the replies of various American editors on the subject of Asiatic propaganda shows that even those journalists, so far removed from the seat of hostilities, can smell propaganda directly it is served up to them, no matter how eloquently it may be presented.

"A Hissing and a Byword"

It is a wonder to the reviewer, and has been for a very considerable time, why either Japan or China should have embarked upon the enormous propaganda campaign in which they have now been engaged for a large number of years. For the purpose of convincing the people who know, propaganda is useless. They are able to judge the facts for themselves, and no high falutin' language makes those facts any more striking or more weighty. If it is designed to convince the ordinary man-in-the-street its effect is by no means commensurate with the effort, put into it—for it is still a happy fact that it is not the man-in-the-street who dictates foreign policies, but the people who know. Not only that, but during this last quarter of a century the world has had such a bitter experience of propaganda that the word has become a hissing and a byword. Consequently it seems somewhat of a work of supererogation to endeavour to point out to the American public methods by which propaganda can be smelt out. The answer seems to be that such a book is unnecessary (even though it is very well written), for paradoxically, it may be pointed out that if people do not know when propaganda is being served to them, they most certainly do not deserve to have it.—R.T.P-G.

An author who wishes to be read not only in his life, but after his death (and the author who does not wish this should lay aside his pen), cannot shut his eyes, when unblinded by vanity, to the fact that not only is it necessary to produce a fine work to save himself from oblivion, but it must not be a very long one. The world contains so many great and beautiful works that it requires a long life to read them all. To ask the public, always anxious for novelty, to read a production of inordinate length, when so many others are demanding his attention, seems to me useless and ridiculous.—ARMANDO PALACIO-VALDES.

A China Review

THE CHINESE RECORDER May. 169 Yuen Ming Yuen Road, Shanghai. $0.60 Per annum $5.00.

The announcement is made in this issue of "The Chinese Recorder" that the Rev. F. R. Millican and Mr. John S. Barr have consented to act as joint editors of the journal for a period of one year. Evangelistic Work in China Today, by Dr. H. R. Williamson, is a summary based on material collected by request of the late Dr. F. Rawlinson and was intended to form a chapter in the current year's issue of the "China Christian Year Book," an intention unfortunately interfered with by the outbreak of hostilities; this article is the first instalment. The Rev. Earle H. Ballou concludes The Church Confronts Our World, while some notes on the best Chinese translation of the phrase "The Fellowship of the Holy Spirit" are given by the Rev. G. F. Allen and Mr. Cheung Shiu Kwan. The Rev. Peter Y. F. Shih's address, More Power for Missions, given at the annual meeting of the World Mission Fellowship Movement on February 24 is reproduced, and Four Methods of Evangelism are dealt with by the Rev. F. R. Millican. There is a short memorial notice of the late Miss Susan M. Burdick, and book reviews and mission and other reports round out an interesting issue.

New Fiction

China in the throes of the Revolution is depicted with power and sincerity in **"White Sun"** by Adam Brand (Hutchinson, London, 7/6). The title, of course, refers to the Kuomintang emblem, but the novel is not primarily historical—it is rather a psychological story for which revolutionary China serves as a vast and interesting background. The types are varied: idealists, schemers, business pioneers, simple-minded followers, glamorous women, the conservative, the Westernized, the ignorant, the educated. Poets, bandits, actors, students, coolies—all have their parts in the vital drama unfolded before the reader's eyes. Personal triumph and tragedy exist side by side with political ambition, political intrigue, political frustration, the life or death of a cause. Among the chief figures are Lin, whose ideals are pure and practical; Chao, the foreign-educated man of big business and admirer of women; the honest and faithful Chang, whose hero is Lin; Natasha, beautiful and inscrutable; Wu the scoundrel; and a vast number of others who are drawn into the maelstrom of events. The author insists that his characters are all fictitious, and undoubtedly they are; yet they possess traits which those familiar with China during the last generation will recognize as typical of men in public life—a fact which lends a welcome authenticity to the book. Altogether, the author displays a deep knowledge of China, her people and her institutions. He further presents his kaleidoscopic material in such a simple manner as to appeal to the general reader as much as to the "China hand."—V.M.

When **"Th' Man from Montanny"** (Ward Lock, London, 3/6), otherwise Buck Haines, arrived at a small ranch house not a hundred miles from the Rio Grande, he came with his horse and his dog, and when he was about fifty feet away, held up his left hand, palm out, in the old Indian peace sign. His hair was of a violent tow-colour and

....his steel-grey eyes, showing almost startlingly in his tanned face were watching the men on the porch as closely, if not as obviously, as those of his dog....."I figure this is th' O Bar O?" he asked, after an unhurried scrutiny.

Wells Jerome has achieved the unusual in writing a book without a heroine—and Jim Sanders (a lean-faced man, his temples touched with white above a face that was worn and sad) made a mistake when, his face going grey with fury and his thin lips twisted in a ghastly smile, at sight of Buck he gasped:

"At las' we meet, Halliday!.... Mabby you forgot you ever knowed Mary Sanders, eh?....."I never did know a gal of that name—"....."You mean you've forgot!"...."She was yore wife?"....."You know damn well she was my sister'" and with a sob of uncontrollable fury Sanders fired, and when the smoke cleared a large red stain was spreading downwards from Buck's shoulder.

There is not a woman to bind him up. The girl who decorates the pages from 169 onwards is hardly the kind that would appeal to a man like Buck:

....She was dark and petite, black of eye with full red lips—a true Mexican type. She wore a fringed riding skirt, a red and black 'kerchief over a red blouse, a large sombrero with embroidered band, fringed gauntlets and neat riding boots completed her attire.

From her conversation she appears to be not quite a lady. However, the readers of this man's book will be sure that somewhere in the Wild West there lives a girl that Buck Haines can love, and will take leave of him in that certainty.—D.P.

Young men are fitter to invent than to judge; fitter for execution than for counsel; and fitter for new projects than for settled business. For the experience of age, in things which fall within the compass of it, directeth them; but in new things abuseth them. The errors of young men are the ruin of business; but the errors of aged men amount but to this, that more might have been done, or sooner.—FRANCIS BACON

* * *

Young men in the conduct and manage of actions, embrace more than they can hold; stir more than they can quiet; fly to the end, without consideration of the means and degrees; pursue some few principles, which they have chanced upon, absurdly; care not to innovate, which draws unknown inconveniences; use extreme remedies at first; and, that which doubleth all errors, will not acknowledge or retract them: like an unready horse, that will neither stop nor turn. Men of age object too much, consult too long, adventure too little, repent too soon, and seldom drive business home to the full period; but content themselves with the mediocrity of success. Certainly it is good to compound employments of both; for that will be good for the present, because the virtues of either age may correct the defects of both: and good for succession, that young men may be learners, while men in age are actors: and lastly, good for extern accidents, because authority followeth old men, and favour and popularity youth.—FRANCIS BACON

THROUGH THE MIKE

BY THE RADIO EDITOR

The recent correspondence on radio reception in the "Letters to the Editor" column attracted no little interest, to judge from the telephone calls and personal enquiries I received during the past week from local listeners in this connection. There are, of course, a number of things which will make or mar reception, and I am adopting the suggestion of one listener and am giving a few tips and suggestions on aerials which may be of benefit to novices and newcombers. A good outdoor aerial is not an absolute necessity—even a built-in aerial will bring in Buenos Aires these days—but it is a great help towards improving reception and killing interference, and that is why I shall deal with this subject briefly.

Reception of short-wave stations depends on a large number of independent factors and although one of them is the need for a good, modern set of seven or more tubes—if loudspeaker strength and quality is desired—there is really little to choose between the various reputable makes on sale in the local market, the difference between them being more one of detail and refinement rather than of ability to pull in the long-distance stations. But apart from considerations of weather, size and type of set, sun-spots, and so on, there are two factors for good reception which lie more or less under the direct control of the radio-owner: Location and Type and Direction of Aerial.

Location first, since this is the simplest to deal with. Generally speaking, the higher the aerial the less interference from passing motor cars and trams, shop and neon signs and so on. Not only does this mean height above ground-level—though this is an important factor in the central districts—but also height above roof and chimney tops. In the Hungjao area an aerial slung between two poles and kept well away from trees, roof-tops, power lines and so on, will be as effective, to all intents and purposes, as a similar aerial above the roof of a Shanghai "sky-scraper" near the Bund.

But, of course, an aerial on the roof of an apartment house is not necessarily the solution to the whole problem—as a listener points out there is at least one modern apartment house in Shanghai where reception is almost impossible owing to a particularly savage combination of a busy main street and a plethora of neon signs, lifts and electric motors of various sorts. The short-wave set owner would do well to choose a home slightly off the beaten track, leaving the well-frequented roads to others.

On the other hand, it is surprising what a lot of noise and local interference can be "killed" by the modern short-wave receiver; my own is set up in the Editorial Office on the 5th floor of the "N.-C.D.N." building with—against all precepts and rules—a long lead-in running close to the wall up to the roof, past a whole array of linotype machines and with plenty of local interference in the shape of telephone bells and lifts; my only real trouble, however, is with warships in the harbour.

My aerial, incidentally, runs almost due NE and SW, which seems to be about the best direction as far as Shanghai is concerned for reception from Europe. America is out of the question as far as broadcast stations are concerned at the moment, and the amateurs come in just about as strong as one would desire, anyway.

As to the type of aerial to use, that is largely a matter for empirical study, for an aerial which works most satisfactorily for a listener in Seymour Road may not be at all the best one for someone else in, say, Avenue Petain. Some swear by doublet aerials, others at them; some favour L-type aerials, others go all out for any odd length of wire stretched between a couple of insulators (incidentally, it is well worth while getting the best there are in insulators, they can stop such a lot of leakage). For myself, I am using a doublet aerial which, officially, anyway, is 32 ft. 9¾ in. long, with the lead-in wire "breaking in" at a distance of 10 ft. 11¼ in. from the north end; direction NE/SW, as I said before.

But I have always hankered to have a try at a directional, tuneable aerial, complete with reflector. Only snags, as far as I can see, which militate against my trying out this aerial are lack of space on roof, and the difficulty of arranging some effective method of swinging the aerial from three floors below! One of these days, however, I hope to get around to trying something in this line; I'll probably go back to a doublet or L-type fixed aerial afterwards, but it'll be good fun while it lasts!

Incidentally and finally, if any of you listeners have anything special or out of the ordinary in the way of aerials which seem to be bringing in the signals, would appreciate a line or two about it—together with a rough diagram.

* * *

Buenos Aires

Our old friend Buenos Aires (station LRU, 19.62m., 15.290 mc/s) continues to come in here like a ton of bricks, and the tango music this station broadcasts certainly gets one's feet a-tapping—and it's a variety of tango which one does not get in Shanghai; some of the local band leaders might do worse than listen in to LRU some evening and pick up some tips. According to the various radio journals lying around my desk, station announcements are in "Spanish only." This is not quite correct. It is true that during the whole of the broadcast from 8 p.m. to 10 p.m. S'hai time the male announcer uses the Spanish language only (his "El-Air-Ru Raa-dio El Mun-do" is unmistakable), but when the station closes down, he also announces in English. After saying the station would appreciate reports—they verify promptly—and programme criticisms, he ends with "Good-day and we hope that you will be with us tomorrow morning at 8 a.m. Argentine time."

* * *

PCJ Reports

Since it inaugurated its new transmitter in Holland, says a report from Home, station PCJ is anxious to collect as much material regarding reception as possible, and welcomes reports from all parts of the world concerning the results obtained on the new transmitter. The station is particularly interested in listeners who are prepared to listen over extended periods so that complete data may be obtained, as distinct from odd periods of listening which might include "freak" conditions.

* * *

Vienna's Signal

Also from Home comes news that the German authorities have decreed that the Vienna medium and short-wave transmitters shall use, as an interval signal, the last notes of the National Anthem "Deutschland Ueber Alles," in order to demonstrate the complete incorporation of the Austrian broadcasting network in that of the Reich. The German studios have long since adopted the opening bars of the same anthem as a "stand-by" call, as local listeners know.

* * *

Heard on the Air

Lot of amateurs busy these evenings.....KA1HS, KA1ZL, KA1ME, KA1FH among the Manila boys.... W6PPK, W6NNR, W6NZP (?) among the West Coast American amateurs, PPK being somewhere in California, and NNR in Los Angeles himself.... VS1AI, of Singapore, also heard working, if I remember rightly, W6PPK....also "Funny-Man Reg," of our own XU8RB, busy as—or busier than —ever....while I won't guarantee it is at that hour always might mention that on Tuesday "News in English" was broadcast by OLR5A, Prague, Czechoslovakia (19.70m., 15.23 mc/s) promptly at 10.40 p.m. S'hai time.

SHORT WAVE RADIO

Today's Broadcasts

Daventry, England.—Trans, 1, from *13.00 to 15.15 o'clock*, 16.86 metres, 19.76m.; 19.82m.; 25.53m.; 31.55m. Trans. 2, *18.45 to 21.55*, 13.93m.; 13.97m.; 16.86m.; 19.82m.; Trans. 3, *22.00 to 1.00*, 13.93m.; 13.97m.; 16.86m.; 19.82m.; 25.53m.

Via Hongkong.—31.49m.

Berlin, Germany.—*13.05 to 24.00*, 31.28m.; 17.74m.; 16.89m.; 31.45m.; 19.63m.

Rome, Italy.—*19.00 to 21.30 and 23.00 to 00.20*, 25.4m.

Australia—Lyndhurst, Mon.-Sat. *10.35 to 21.30*, Sun., *16.00 to 20.30*, 31.34m. **Sydney**, Sun., *14.00 to 16.00*; *18.00 to 22.00*; Mon., *22.00 to 24.00*; 31.28m. **Melbourne**, Mon.-Sat., *17.00 to 22.00*, 31.50m. **Perth**, Mon.-Sat., *17.00 to 19.00*, 31.28m.

Paris, France.—*15.00 to 18.00*, 25.24m. *18.00 to 24.00*, 13.86m.; *00.15 to 7.00*, 25.34m.; *7.15 to 14.00*, 26.60m.

Hilversum, Holland.—Irreg., but generally; Daily, *08.00 to 10.00*, *21.25 to 23.30*; Sun., *20.25 to 23.30*, *03.00 to 04.00*, 16.88m.; 19.71m.; 31.28m.

Manila, P.I.—*6.30 to 9.00 and 19.00 to 23.00*, 25.38m.; 31.35m. Sunday, *18.00 to 24.00*.

Tokyo, Japan.—*13.00 to 14.30, 21.00 to 22.30*, 25.42m.; 19.79m.

Lisbon, Portugal.—*6.00 to 8.00*, 30.13m.

13.00 "Escape," 5 (D), Varied (B)
13.30 Varied (T), "Palace of Varieties" (D)
14.00 News in German (B)
14.30 "Why Greek?" (D)
14.45 Musical interlude (D)
14.50 News (D)
15.00 News (B)
15.30 Songs by German youth (B)
15.45 Folk songs/music (B)
16.30 Piano recital (B), "At Home and Abroad" 31.34m. (D)
17.00 Melbourne prog., 31.56m.; Perth prog., 31.28m. (A)
17.15 News, 31.34m. (A)
17.30 News in German (B)
17.40 "The Watchman," 31.34m. (A)
17.45 Light music (B)
18.00 National programme, 31.34m. (A). Light musical concert (B)
18.45 The Test Match (D)
19.00 Organ recital (D), News, (F). Concert (B), Varied (M), (R)
19.15 "Cheshire Cheese," talk (E)
19.45 Fred Hartley's Sextet (D)
20.00 News (B), Concert (P)
20.20 The Test Match (D)
20.30 News, 31.34m. (A), in French (P)
20.35 BBC Military Band (D)
21.00 News in German (B), Varied (T)
21.15 The Test Match (D), "Radio builds bridges" (B)
21.30 News (D), Play: "1933 Amphytrion" (P)
22.00 Rhythm Express" (D), News (B)
22.30 Violon concert (B)
22.45 Contralto/flautist recital (D)
23.00 Songs of love and wandering (B)
23.15 Noel Coward's "Ways and Means" (D)
23.45 Talk: "The Faltboat Shipyard" (B)
24.00 News (D), (R)
00.20 "Imitations" (D)
00.25 The Test Match (D)
00.40 North-American-Indian music (D)
01.00 Reginald Foort, BBC Theatre Organ (D)
01.00 Reginald Foort, BBC Theatre Organ (D)
00.25 The Test Match (D)
05.35 Test Match; eye-witness account (D)
05.50 Cello recital (D)
06.00 Special news, 31.48m. (USA), Varied (L)
06.10 "Rhythm Express" (D)
06.30 Varied (M)

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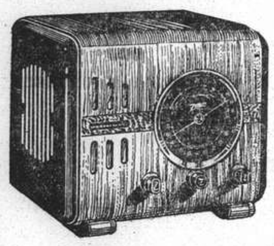

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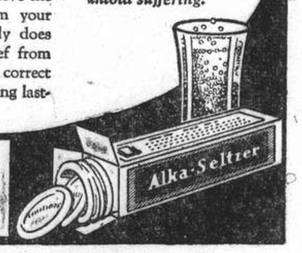

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BIRTH

CARTER.—On June 13, 1938, at the Country Hospital, Shanghai to EILEEN (née Hammond), wife of H. W. Carter, a daughter (Suzanne Mary.) 15299

DEATHS

DRÜEN.—On Monday, June 13, 1938, at the Shanghai General Hospital, Mr. FRIEDRICH DRUEN, aged 64 years, of Eschweiler, Germany, the dearly-beloved husband of Mrs. Nangio Drüen and father of Miss Minna Drüen. Removed to the parlours of the International Funeral Directors, 207 Kiaochow Road. Funeral arrangements will be announced later.

DUEBGEN.—At home by an accident, ROBERT DUEBGEN, aged 24 years, dearly-beloved son of Mr. and Mrs. A. Duebgen and brother o Irma Moeller, née Duebgen, and Gisela Duebgen. (By cable June 9.) -7620

MEMORIAL SERVICE

HOW.—A Memorial Service for the late Mrs. ZUE FONG How will be held Today, June 14, 1938, at the Moore Memorial Church, 316 Yu Ya Ching Road, at 3 p.m. (It was the expressed wish of the deceased that in lieu of flowers and other tokens of sympathy donations should be sent to the United Christian Charities, Moore Memorial Church, for the relief of war refugees.) 15289

CARDS OF THANKS

Mrs. CONSTANCE BREWER AND FAMILY wish to thank friends for their kind thoughts during their bereavement. -7609

Mrs. D. F. A. WALLACE AND FAMILY wish to acknowledge with grateful thanks their appreciation of the messages of sympathy and for the flowers sent during their recent bereavement. -7619

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

CZECHOSLOVAKIA'S POLL

It may still be some time before the figures relating to the plebiscite in Czechoslovakia are collated in their final form, though it is certain that, from the information which has already been divulged regarding the polling on Sunday, reasonably safe deductions can be drawn. Nothing very important has come out of the voting, and the various communities making up the Czechoslovakian nation are just about where they were before the crisis which necessitated the plebiscite which arose. The various minorities are still minorities and the settlement of the questions with regard to them must still remain the subject of the negotiations which are being too long drawn out. While that is generally true, there are certain developments revealed by the voting of which sight should not be lost. The German minority did not consist solely of Sudeten Germans: there were various other parties, and the claim of Dr. Henlein to speak for the whole of them was not originally to be easily conceded. The plebiscite has brought into the fold of the Sudeten Germans a large number of the same nationality but of different political beliefs, so that, when Dr. Henlein now claims to be the spokesman of the German minority, the majority of support given him by that community undoubtedly justifies him. But if that has happened with regard to the Sudeten Germans it is also claimed to have occurred with the Czechs and the Slovak People's Party. Dr. Milan Hodza, the Czech Premier, interprets the results of the plebiscite as an approval of his national unity programme, but Mgr. Andrej Hlinka, leader of the Slovaks, saw also victory for his group, and approval of his party's demands for Slovak cultural autonomy. It would not be true to state that the plebiscite has done nothing, for it has undoubtedly led to the strengthening of the positions of the three leaders so far as the opinions of their own people are concerned: apart from that the future of Czechoslovakia will have to be settled by other means, and the greatest hope is that adjustment will be brought about by negotiation.

Dr. Henlein's eight-point programme has already been accepted in principle as a basis for negotiation between himself and the Czech government. If, despite the increase in the support given him by his own nationals, he consents to follow the moderate policy of putting forward at this juncture no new demands, it is possible that some scheme satisfactory to all parties to the dispute may be arrived at. There are, however, reports that he contemplates making further demands, and it is suggested that he may require that armed occupation and intimidation of Sudeten areas shall cease. That intimidation, if it exists, should be stopped. Everyone who desires the peace of Europe will naturally expect it, though in the extended reports of what has been happening in Czechoslovakia, which have come to hand by mail, there is plenty of evidence that the conduct of individuals, or small parties of Sudetens has of itself been more than a little provocative. There are exceptions it is evident, but taking the matter by and large, the situation in this respect may be generally summed up by the homely phrase that it is "six to one and half-a-dozen to the other." The demand for the stoppage of the armed occupation of Sudeten areas by the Czechs raises an entirely different question. The heavily fortified frontier between Czechoslovakia and Germany, the former country's first line of defence is undoubtedly in Sudeten areas, and compliance with Dr. Henlein's demands in this respect would have the effect of unmanning Czechoslovakia's first line of defence. It is open to very considerable doubt whether, situated as it is, that fortified line is as strong as it should be, for, in the event of trouble, the Czech Government would not only have to fight an external enemy, but keep the Sudeten Germans in order, a dual task which might tax the capacities of a more powerfully placed government. This journal has all along pointed out that some such demand might eventually be made, and though Dr. Henlein has not yet put it forward, the obvious suggestion is that sooner or later it will be insisted on. That and the demand for a reorientation of Czechoslovakian foreign policy are still the two points which may yet imperil the peace of Europe, for it is not be to expected that Dr. Hodza will willingly accept either of them.

The most, therefore, that can be expected at the present time is but a temporary settlement of the minorities question. Dr. Henlein and Herr Hitler are not to be expected to rest content with any solution which leaves Czechoslovakia aligned with France and Russia, and it is in the interests of the broader lines of Der Fuehrer's general policy to bring about the downfall of that arrangement. A Czechoslovakia isolated from those who have promised to come to her aid in certain eventualities would render Herr Hitler's next step in his policy of *Drang nach Osten* much easier. It becomes increasingly clear that the German minorities problem, no matter how emphatic Herr Hitler may be about it, is merely the stalking horse for the attainment of economic advantages which such a policy is designed to secure. The autonomy of German minorities, and their embodiment in the Reich is subject to political considerations, as evidenced by the absence of uneasiness concerning the lot of those German minorities who have passed under Italian jurisdiction in the Tyrol. Consequently the Czechoslovakian issue can only be finally settled by the complete surrender of the Czech majority to the various minorities, and in the present temper of the Czechs that development is not probable. The plebiscite, therefore, has settled nothing. If it strengthens Dr. Henlein's hands, it also strengthens the hands of Dr. Hodza, and Mgr. Hlinka, and all that the results tell is that the opinions of the various nationalities have crystallized in support of their individual leaders. To come to some final settlement of the whole question which does not mean the dismemberment of the Czechoslovakian nation requires something almost in the nature of a miracle, and during the next few weeks there will continue to be grave anxiety lest even a temporary arrangement—and that seems to be all that can really be expected—should fail.

A Record Breaker

One of the most encouraging features of the Test match at present being played between England and Australia at Trent Bridge from the English point of view is the success with which the youngsters of the English side have come off. Centuries by Hutton and Compton, and some excellent bowling by Wright, argue well for the future. While not exactly one of the rising generation, Paynter has in this match earned undying fame. His 216 not out will take a lot of beating. Paynter was born in 1901, and before he was twenty-five received his first chance for Lancashire. He owes his prominence in first class cricket to sheer hard work, rather than innate genius, for while still young, he lost the tops of the first and second fingers of the right hand. This accident, it might be supposed, would have finished him as a fielder, to say nothing of a batsman; but in fact it had the opposite effect. Paynter is a left-hander, and hence the injury to his right hand was less serious than it might have been so far as his cricket career is concerned. After filling a very useful, but hardly brilliant, sphere in his county's eleven, Paynter accompanied D.R. Jardine's English team to Australia in 1932-33, and there, though not generally regarded as a regular member of the Test eleven, he made history in the last Test by rising from an attack of tonsilitis and playing a fine innings of 83, incidentally making the winning hit for England—a hit which brought the Ashes back home again. In the last two years he has definitely established himself as one of the best batsmen in England, making huge scores for Lancashire. He is small in stature, but in spite of this he gets plenty of power into his strokes, and when set, can be one of the most punishing batsmen now playing. He is equally good on both sides of the wicket. While no doubt he would deprecate being dubbed a record-breaker—since the tradition of cricket is all against "records" and what they have sometimes been made to stand for—Paynter's performance in the present game entitles him to be ranked with the greatest players the game has produced.

It Raineth Every Day

Shanghai has had a lot to complain about the weather in the last few weeks. Instead of bursting into the full heat of summer, with the exception of one brief spell of unusually high temperatures, there has been steady rainfall spoiling week-ends and interfering with the anticipated bright intervals which people must exploit within a limited area since outside places have been virtually closed. The past week-end has been one of the most dismal within memory although one compensating factor has been a drop in the night-time temperature which has enabled many hours of cool and comfortable sleep. Generally speaking, however, there should be little to complain about in spite of general rainy discomforts which have resulted in a marvellous adaptation of female raincoat fashions to style plus utility. That entertaining magazine the "New Yorker" recently revealed what has been happening in England. Reprinting in one of its features "That's Too Bad Department," the magazine quoted the weather report of leading health resorts published in "The Times." With the reference: "Weather for 24 hours up to 5 p.m. yesterday," but unfortunately omitting the date, records from 60 seaside resorts from Berwick to the Scilly Islands were quoted and the aggregate sunshine was 1.6 hours, with Berwick and Morecambe tying with 0.4 hours each on that particular, day. Remarks on the state of the weather at 51 places were covered by one brief statement: rain, or sometimes showers, with drizzle. The old joke about summer falling some day in June is justified, and pessimism in this part of the world should be fortified.

China's Sorrow

The various reports concerning what is happening with regard to the Yellow River are so conflicting that it is difficult to perceive any light on the subject. Chinese stories tell of a rapidly advancing flood of waters from China's Sorrow, while the Japanese, admitting that the river banks have been breached, deny that the consequent flooding has yet attained any imposing dimensions. The probabilities are that, this being the flood season, the rivers of north China have become gorged with additional waters and that sooner or later there will be flooding of some extent though whether it will reach the proportions of the more tragic years of flood remains to be seen. Should the Chinese reports prove to be correct and eventually the Hwai, Kwangchi and Man rivers overflow their banks, together with the Grand Canal, which is said to be in a like condition, vast areas may be flooded with consequent disadvantage to the Japanese in their march upon Hankow. It will not wholly prevent the Japanese movement towards Hankow, for it is apparent that their armies would still be able to progress along the north bank of the Yangtze, under the protection of the artillery of the naval vessels. That would not be so large scale a movement as would be contemplated in the absence of flooding, and might give the Chinese some advantage in the event of their deciding to make a desperate stand before the provisional capital. It would, nevertheless, be a piece of poetic justice if the Yellow River, which has been responsible for so much suffering to China in the past, by one of those strange twists of fortune, suddenly proved to be the country's helper in time of distress, though even then it might be at the cost of an enormous amount of eventual suffering. The flooding of the area threatened would undoubtedly mean the lives of a large section of the Chinese who have not fled before the onward march of the Japanese, for floods in China mean famine, and if this indeed proves to be the case this year, the Yellow River may make the Chinese pay very dearly for whatever assistance it may now be giving.

IN PARENTHESIS

Heaps Better

"If you suffer from indigestion what's better than a simple meal of boiled fish and plain water?" asks a writer. Indigestion.

* * *

Good Guess

FROST: "Where do the jelly fish get their jelly?"

Frost: "From the ocean currents, I guess."

* * *

Blow to Agriculture

"WERE the farmers out your way hard hit by the storm?"

"Were they! Filling station receipts fell off 50 per cent."

* * *

Alibi

"HEAVENS! Your mudguard is all smashed. Did you bump into something?"

"No, we were standing perfectly still and a fire hydrant skidded into us."

* * *

Partial Reform

WILLIE: "Has your father stopped whipping you since he joined the church?"

Tommy: "No, but he's stopped saying it hurts him worse than it hurts me."

* * *

Ermine Power

SUGAR Daddy: "Why should I buy you a coat. You're just an incident in my life."

Golddigger: "Is that so? Well just make up your mind that I'm going to be a clothed incident."

* * *

No Secret

"WHERE do nuts come from?"

"They grow on trees."

"What kind of a tree does a doughnut grow on?"

"On a pantry."

* * *

Scandalous

DOCTOR: What you need, my dear young lady, is a little sun and air."

Sweet Young Thing: "Why, doctor, how dare you! Why, I'm not even married!"

* * *

Absent Minded

BRIDE: "You did splendidly with the wall papering, darling. But what are those big lumps?"

Groom: "Good heavens! I forgot to take down the pictures."

* * *

Concentration

SHE (frowning): "If you would use a little more concentration, you would get better results in your work."

He (smiling): "I am using a little more concentrate and the working results do get better and better."

* * *

Putting in a Kind Word

WIFE (at desk): "I've been asked for a reference for our last maid. I've said she's lazy, unpunctual and impertinent. Now can I add anything in her favour?"

Husband: "You might say that she's got a good appetite and sleeps well."

* * *

He'll Learn

THE country doctor stopped to watch a performing dog in the street and said to its owner: "How do you train it? I can't teach my dog a single trick."

The owner, with an innocent face, replied: "All you have to do is know more than the dog, and...."

* * *

Marquis of Queensberry

"I DISAPPROVE of all brutal sports, prize fighting, angling...."

"Good Heavens! How can you name those two sports in the same breath?"

"Why not?" Isn't it the object of both pugilist and angler to land a hook in the jaw?"

* * *

Rather Late

SMITH (on the 'phone): "Hullo, Brown, would you like a day's fishing?"

Brown: "Yes."

Smith: "Then just hold the line."

After "holding the line" for ten minutes, Brown remembered it was the First of April.

* * *

Matter of Dress

I called to see a friend of mine, who is.... generally very smartly dressed, but on this occasion I saw a figure at the bottom of the garden hastily dressed in an old cap, jersey and heavy boots, who, after some thought, I decided was my friend. "I am making up for lost time," he said.—"Eastbourne Gazette."

He must have saved at least thirty seconds by not putting on his trousers.—"Daily Mirror."

THE WEATHER

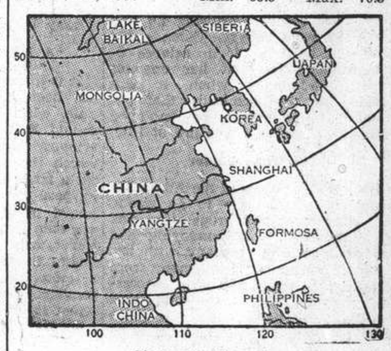
Temperature near Holy Trinity Cathedral Shanghai for 24 hours ending 7 p.m.

Yesterday	Min.	66.0	Max.	75.0
Same date, 1937	Min.	66.0	Max.	69.0

Rainfall 1.29

Temperature at Siccawei:—

Yesterday	Min.	64.6	Max.	77.0
Same date, 1937	Min.	65.5	Max.	70.8



Siccawei's Report

State on the morning of the 12th:—Depression crossing the Yellow Sea and Korea east-north-eastward. Low pressures over central and south-western China: normal along the southern Coast. Southerly to easterly winds along the China Coast. Fine to cloudy weather in the north and along the southern Coast; rainy over our regions.

State on the morning of the 13th:—Low and unsteady pressure. Moderate easterly wind. Rain.

Probabilities, 4.30 p.m. yesterday:—Fine to cloudy weather with moderate south-westerly to north-westerly winds around Shantung. Overcast with still rain or drizzle and southerly to westerly winds over our regions. Showers and local fogs over the Yellow and the Eastern Sea. Fine to cloudy with breezes from the southern quadrant around Formosa.—Siccawei Observatory.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

To the Refugee Water Supply Fund:—

A. Whitelaw, Weihaiwei	$10.00
A Friend	$ 5.00
Anonymous	$ 2.00

To the Chinese Refugee Babies' Nursery:—

A Portland, Oregon, Friend	G.$2.00

IN MEMORY OF CAPTAIN P. Y. ANGUS

To the Royal Society of St. George:—

W. J. Gande	$10.00

IN MEMORY OF MR. D. F. A. WALLACE

To St. Andrew's Society:—

W. J. Gande	

IN MEMORY OF MR. BURMAH LIU

To the Salvation Army:—

R. J. G.	$100.00

Anking Captured by Japanese Forces

Chinese Defence Collapses Under Combined Attack of Army, Navy and Aircraft; Convoy Materially Aided by Foggy Weather

With the Japanese Forces at Anking, June 13.

JAPANESE Army troops today were in complete control of Anking, capital of Anhwei province.

The occupation was carried out at 10 o'clock last night, as forces landed on the north bank of the river at dawn yesterday successfully closed in upon the city from the north and the east.

Chinese resistance collapsed as army units, effectively supported by naval surface craft and aeroplanes, as well as army aircraft, blasted the hastily reinforced defences on the northern bank of the Yangtze.

With swiftness and precision, Japanese troops landed in the pitch darkness of a moonless night to advance upon the Chinese who in many places were taken by surprise.

Yangtze River fog, rising in dense, damp clouds above the swollen current, shielded more effectively than artificial smoke screens the Japanese convoys which had to expose their bulky silhouettes to the Chinese positions on the shore.

Army transports and their naval escorts proceeded to their prearranged Yangtze rendezvous at 9 o'clock on Saturday. With mine-sweepers opening a channel through the danger-infested waters, the convoy steamed upriver.

By nightfall the convoy reached Tatung, 100 kilometres from Wuhu.

Artillery Silent

Chinese machine-gun and artillery positions in this area maintained a respectful silence as the Japanese warships and transports passed before them.

The lights of Chihchow, not even extinguished at the approach of a hostile fleet, were seen shining to port.

At 1 o'clock yesterday morning the first landing was effected at Tassuchi, 20 kilometres north-east of Anking, on the southern bank of the river.

Mild resistance was offered by about 500 Chinese who were quickly dispersed, the Japanese troops occupying, after a brief engagement, the Chenkiangkow forts.

Meantime, the remainder of the Japanese forces continued their progress up river to effect a landing near Tawangmiao and Sinkiaokou, approximately 15 kilometres east of Anking. The first troops landed here at 2 o'clock, the last at 7 o'clock.

As dawn broke, the Chinese opened desultory fire but were prevented from obtaining an accurate aim by the fog.

The landed forces immediately began to advance, one unit occupying the airdrome, four kilometres east of

Scene of the Hostilities

the city, at 5.30 o'clock in the afternoon. This force then seized the Agricultural Experimental Station and the park in rapid succession.

Another Japanese contingent marched to the north of the city to launch a simultaneous night attack on the city, which led to its capture by 10 o'clock.—Domei.

The Japanese Entry

Japanese army forces entered the walled city of Anking, the capital of Anhwei, 220 kilometres from Nanking up the Yangtze, at 9 o'clock on Sunday night, a Japanese Army communiqué claimed at noon yesterday.

The communiqué stated a landing was effected on Sunday at a point east of Anking with the close assistance of the navy and the air force.

Following the landing Japanese troops advanced east and north-east, smashing Chinese defences around Anking, the communiqué said.

Continuing their attack after nightfall, the troops entered Anking at 9 o'clock. Tungcheng, 60 kilometres north of Anking, was occupied yesterday by Japanese troops proceeding southward from Hofei, the communiqué claimed.

Japanese forces occupied Shucheng on June 9 and blasted their way through several lines of Chinese defences in a hilly region before reaching Tungcheng yesterday, the communiqué stated.

Shore Occupied

"Japanese naval forces occupied shore line establishments at Anking at 1.30 o'clock on Sunday and now are extending their operations in the surrounding territory," a naval communiqué declared at noon yesterday.

"Japanese forces ascending the Yangtze yesterday occupied the shores at Anking," the communiqué said. "This was preceded by the advance on June 11 of Japanese naval forces in closest co-operation with advancing army units, which were carried out despite prevailing inclement weather.

"In their progress the naval forces silenced Chinese positions on the banks and removed hazards in the river successfully, carrying out the landing of the army at a point east of Anking on June 12.

Landings Not Repulsed

"Japanese operations are proceeding smoothly on the Yangtze and no hitch has occurred," a Japanese naval spokesman stated yesterday.

The officer ridiculed Chinese claims that Japanese landing had been repulsed. He pointed out that Chinese claims that 60 Japanese vessels were proceeding toward Anking were "highly exaggerated." He said "there isn't enough room on the river for 60 ships and the Chinese probably include sampans."

A Japanese army spokesman admitted that rain was holding up the Japanese advance on Chengchow, but denied that a Yellow River flood was swamping the Japanese. The river

(Continued on page 7)

Significance of Anking Fall

Great Japanese Progress Since Capture of Nanking; "Victory not of Chance"

The significance of the Japanese occupation of Anking, a naval spokesman pointed out, Lies in Anking's proximity to Hankow, the distance between the two points being 200 km. in a straight line.

Tatung, which lies midway between Anking and Wuhu, was occupied, according to the spokesman, on June 9, when Japanese vessels destroyed mines and mine-laying equipment concentrated there after the fall of Nanking.

"Fruit of Hardships"

"The successful occupation of Anking is not a victory achieved by chance, but the fruit of continued hardships endured in the course of persistent operations carried out by the Japanese naval forces on the Yangtze, with the effective and close co-operation of the naval air force," the spokesman said yesterday afternoon describing the preparatory work of the river patrol.

Following the occupation of Nanking in the middle of December last year, the Yangtze patrol continued its progress up river, reaching Wuhu after repeated engagements with Chinese remnants on both banks of the river.

On Jan. 10 of this year, Japanese war vessels already had proceeded as far as Tihong, 40 kms. up river from Wuhu, while on Jan. 16 they were already within 5 miles of Tatung, where the Chinese transferred their mine laying headquarters after the fall of Nanking.

Tatung was occupied by Japanese naval forces on June 8. On the following day, all mines and mine-laying equipment found in the harbour was destroyed.

"In fact," he said, "as early as Jan. 19, one vessel had proceeded to the immediate proximity of Anking."

Chinese aeroplanes based on Nanchang and Hankow had made frequent attacks, but such raids were invariably repulsed, often with heavy losses for the Chinese, he went on.

In the meantime, these vessels frequently bombarded Chinese positions on both banks, thereby lowering the Chinese morale, he declared.—Domei.

British Envoy Visits Gaimusho Twice

Subject of Long Parley's With Gen. Ugaki Secret

Tokyo, June 13.

Anglo-Japanese relations were discussed today at two interviews held between Sir Robert L. Craigie, British Ambassador, and Gen. Kazushige Ugaki, the Foreign Minister.

Following a half-hour conversation with the new Foreign Minister at 11.40 o'clock this morning, the British envoy returned to the Gaimusho for another conversation at 1.40 o'clock this afternoon.

The nature of the topics discussed during the two meetings was not disclosed by Gaimusho officials.

Gen. Ugaki had a "fireside chat" with elder statesmen of Japan's diplomatic corps at his residence this evening to clarify Japan's policies in China.

The talks with retired diplomats were the first of a series the new Foreign Minister is planning to discuss future diplomacy and seek the support of the nation and the elder statesmen for his policies.—Domei.

Japan's Last Genro Given Report

Party Feud and Latest On "Inner Cabinet"

Okitsu, June 13.

Attesting to his continued active interest in national affairs, Prince Kimmochi Saionji, the only surviving "Elder Statesman," this morning received a detailed report on the political situation in the Capital from his personal secretary, Baron Kumao Harada.

The report, it was learned, dealt with the agenda of the forthcoming important meeting of the "Inner Cabinet" and the feud in the governing committee of the Seiyukai Party, of which Prince Saionji was once President.

Baron Harada, who is stationed in Tokyo, was summoned here by the 87-year old statesman to submit the report.—Domei.

Election in Sanjak on July 15

Antioch, June 13.

The Electoral Commission in the Sanjak of Alexandretta received yesterday a telegram from the committee of five instructing it to proceed with the task of registering the electors in order that a general election in the Sanjak may take place as scheduled on July 15 regardless of the eventual outcome of the negotiations now going on between France and Turkey.—Trans-Ocean.

Yellow River Flood Affects Hostilities

Japanese Offensive Partly Frustrated

Tokyo, June 13.

Remnants of Chinese troops again destroyed banks of the Yellow River at three points about 20 kilometres west of Chungmow, midway between Chengchow and Kaifeng on the Lunghai Railway, on Saturday night, according to a message from Kaifeng today.

The Chinese were attempting to flood the Chengchow area, the message said, recalling that Chinese troops retreating from Kaifeng resorted to the same practice recently.—Domei.

Conflicting Reports

Hankow, June 13.

The extent of the Yellow River flood has given rise to many conflicting reports. One of these states that the water is already ten feet deep at Kaifeng, that it has crossed the Lunghai Railway, and is now heading southward. The floods are also reported to be forcing the Japanese east of Chengchow to retire eastwards.

Another report states that the flood waters are about three or four feet deep, and that they have not yet reached the Lunghai Railway. Chinese reports state that the Wei River, the Kwangchi River, and the Man River, in North Honan, have also burst their dykes.

Sinyang, on the north bank of the Yellow River opposite Kunghsien, is said to be under four feet of water.

The Chinese Government has appropriated $200,000 for the relief of Honan refugees.—Reuter.

Chengchow in Balance

Hankow, June 13.

The struggle for Chengchow is still in the balance, judging by Chinese war report which claim that the Chinese positions in the vicinity of Chengchow have been consolidated.

It is also claimed that the Japanese pressure near Peishan has eased off in consequence of this powerful and unexpected Chinese resistance.

Other reports reaching here, but still awaiting confirmation, say that the Japanese have been compelled by the Yellow River floods which have inundated the entire low-lying districts of the Honan plain to withdraw to Kaifeng. This has had the effect of frustrating the Japanese offensive in this region, Chinese quarters assert.

According to further Chinese reports, the Chinese defence positions along the Lunghai railway between Chengchow and Tungkwan have been strengthened during the last few days with the object of preventing the Japanese from crossing the Yellow River along the borders of Shansi and Honan provinces. It is also claimed here that the Japanese thrust in the direction of the Peiping-Hankow railway has been halted near Chanko which, it is asserted, is still in Chinese hands.

Floods on Plain of Honan

The waters of the Yellow River are now pouring through the destroyed dykes between Chengchow and Kaifeng in a roaring cataract of ten miles width into the plain of Honan on the southern bank.

According to reports received here this morning, the town of Kaifeng is completely surrounded by water. All gates of the city have been shut and barricaded with sandbags in the hope of preventing an inundation of the city. The greater part of the Japanese troops have already evacuated Kaifeng while the civilian population is said to be fleeing in the direction of Chengchow, where over 50,000 fugitives have arrived already.

Mutual Accusations

The Chinese and Japanese accuse each other mutually of the responsibility for the destruction of the dykes. The Chinese assert that the Japanese desire by these means to decimate the defenceless population and there is no doubt that the sufferings of the inhabitants, which was already great as a consequence of the hostilities, has been immeasurably increased through the flood catastrophe. The Japanese on the other hand declare that the dykes had been destroyed by the Chinese with the object of discrediting the Japanese by ascribing the responsibility to the latter.

Whilst the 35,000,000 inhabitants of Honan Province will be exposed to terrible misery by the floods, there is no gainsaying the fact that the catastrophe is advantageous to China from a military viewpoint since the floods prevent the Japanese from advancing along the Feiping-Hankow railway line in a southerly direction on Hsuchang.—Trans-Ocean.

Soviet Leaders in Public Without Guards

In contrast to the public appearance of leaders of other dictatorial nations is this photograph of Soviet Russian leaders on their way to the May Day parade. In the foreground is Josef Stalin with members of his Government without any visible guard. In the background is the gateway to the Kremlin. In the group are M. Shkiryatov, A. Mikonyan, M. Kalinin, A. Andreev, V. Molotov, N. Yezhov and L. Kaganovich.

Sudeten Germans Gain, Slovak Autonomists Lose at Polls

Czech Government Coalition Consolidated by Final Municipal Election Returns

Prague, June 13.

TODAY'S election, held in nearly 60,000 communes, passed off without any serious incident. There were only one or two minor clashes between Sudeten Germans and Czechs. The partial results of the elections so far show big gains for the Sudeten German party, while the German Social Democrats and Communists seem to have lost heavily. Everywhere, the number of their supporters seems to be shrinking by from sixty to seventy per cent.

The results of the elections so far may be summed up as follows.

The Government bloc has greatly increased its majority while the Sudeten Germans have maintained the same ratio of success in the German areas as in the previous two elections.

In Slovakia, Mgr. Hinkla's "Autonomists" Party has failed to substantiate its boast that it represents the nation. The party is not appreciably stronger than before the elections. A significant fact is that the Slovak Nationalists voted with the Government bloc.

The Sudeten Germans claim that as a result of the three weekly elections, they secured a total of 91 per cent. of the votes of the German population in Czechoslovakia.—Reuter.

Berlin Claims on Results

Berlin, June 13.

In 904 out of 1,948 Sudeten German Districts in Czechoslovakia, the Sudeten German party obtained all the votes, reports a German news agency from Prague. In the remaining districts, the report adds, the Sudeten German Party obtained large majorities of votes, in most cases amounting to over 90 per cent.

Herr Konrad Henlein, Leader of the Sudeten German Party in Czechoslovakia, received 81 per cent. of the votes cast in Ascher, his home district.—Reuter.

President's Nephew Dies

Prague, June 13.

Dr. Kock, an engineer who is nephew of Dr. Eduard Benes, the Czech President, who headed the Czech list of the candidates at Iglau, dropped dead in the market square there yesterday. The death is reported to have been due to a heart stroke caused by excessive agitation over the election incidents.—Trans-Ocean.

Sudeten Protest Rejected

Prague, June 13.

In a statement issued by the Czech press agency last night, the Prague Government comments on the protests against the validity of the elections in Pressburg and Iglau lodged by the racial groups.

Regarding the Pressburg elections, the government declares that the Slovak complaints will be thoroughly investigated but that the result could be announced only after hearing the witnesses. The German protest regarding the elections at Iglau is rejected in an official announcement stating that investigation had revealed no abuse of the vote.—Trans-Ocean.

Herr Hitler's Deputy Attacks Czech State

German Love of Peace Not To Be Taken as Weakness

Berlin, June 13.

An attack on Czechoslovakia was made yesterday by Herr Rudolph Hess, Herr Hitler's Deputy, in an address to half a million people at Stettin.

Herr Hess said it was "apparent to all' that in the first place, Czechoslovakia was not in a position to maintain calm and order within her own frontiers, or to protect the lives of her citizens, and secondly that Czechoslovakia had become a source of danger to the peace of Europe.

Czechoslovakia, Herr Hess went on to say, became a threat to the peace of Europe when mobilization of her forces was ordered "without the slightest reasons."

"Europe and the world," Herr Hess declared, "owe it solely to the Fuhrer that this dangerous game did not result in a catastrophe. The last war is too recent in the minds of all nations to permit another contest to be started lightly.

"We warn the rest of the world not to mistake Germany's love of peace for weakness.

"Whoever thinks that he can presume for long on this love of peace does not know the German people. one day," Herr Hess concluded, "he will have a dreadful awakening, when he finds that his acts of provocation have their answer."—Reuter.

U.S. Peace Groups Urge Arms Ban

British Purchases of Planes Bring Protest

Washington, June 12.

The National Council for the Prevention of War and four other peace organizations today demanded that Congress adopt the Nye-Fish resolution calling for an embargo on the export of all munitions to "curb the bloody profiteers."

The request followed reports that Great Britain was negotiating for U.S.$25,000,000 worth of American aeroplanes.—United Press.

The organizations, reports Reuter, have issued a joint proclamation saying that new commerce in munitions, "like that which drew us into the World War," is growing. The statement demands that Congress immediately place an embargo on the exports of munitions everywhere.

Execution of 100 Amoy Formosans Alleged

Tokyo, June 13.

A Domei report alleges today, under an Amoy date-line, that approximately 100 of the 188 Formosans in Amoy were arrested by the Municipal Council there and were executed following the outbreak of the Sino-Japanese incident.

The Domei report proceeds to allege that the British Consul-General in Amoy, representing the local Consular Corps, "gave assistance to the Municipal Council in arresting the Formosans."

The report adds: "It is now understood that the Japanese Consulate-General at Amoy will shortly file a protest against the alleged assistance of the British Consul-General, who failed to make an investigation regarding the Formosans who enjoy extraterritoriality privileges as Japanese subjects."—Reuter.

Another Record Broken By R.A.F. Flying-boat

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Alexandria, June 13.

What is believed to be a second new record for Royal Air Force flying-boats was established yesterday by the machine which made a record non-stop flight from Pembroke Dock to Gibraltar on June 10, covering the distance in eight hours. The flying-boat arrived here from Malta, covering the distance of 950 miles in five hours and fifteen minutes.—Reuter.

Japanese War Minister Wants Full Exploitation of Occupied Areas

Prince Konoye and Lt.-Gen. Itagaki Review "China Incident"; Army to Take Control

Tokyo, June 13.

Prince Konoye, the Premier, and Lt.-Gen. S. Itagaki, Minister for War, frankly thrashed out their views on the China situation at the Premier's suburban residence at Ogikubo from 6.30 p.m. until after midnight last night.

In a statement to the press after his lengthy interview with the Premier, Lt.-Gen. Itagaki stated: "I fully acquainted the Premier with the actual situation as regards the Army. I think that as a result the relations between the Army and the Government will be further strengthened."

The "Asahi Shimbun" said the interview showed that the basic Japanese policy towards China has been unchanged.

Lt.-Gen. Itagaki, however, argued that concrete measures to be taken in the future should be "based on realities," aiming at the exploitation of the full force of Japanese victories in China. Diplomatic and economic measures, in particular, Lt.-Gen. Itagaki emphasized, should be taken parallel to such exploitation.

Lt.-Gen. Itagaki also frankly brought up various domestic issues, mentioning the measures which he wished to enforce at home aiming at a swifter disposal of the "China Incident."

Inclusive China Bureau

The "Asahi Shimbun," evidently inspired, declares that the Army desires that the proposed central organization for unifying and making more efficient Japan's national policies regarding China should embrace all matters, including economics, diplomacy and culture.

The journal suggests Prince Konoye as President of the proposed organization and Gen. Kagushige Ugaki as Vice-President.

In China, the paper declares, the supreme Commander-in-Chief of the Japanese forces should concurrently head the central organization as long as the maintenance of peace and order were a vital necessity.

After the restoration of peace, it is suggested that the Army should become responsible for military strategy alone, leaving economic, diplomatic and cultural matters to a civilian organ.—Reuter.

Anxiety on Fate of Miss Wilkinson

Hankow, June 13.

Acting upon the request of the New Zealand Government, the British Consulate-General in Hankow is endeavouring to trace the whereabouts of Miss Iris Wilkinson, the New Zealand writer, who has not been heard of for the past month.

The Acting Consul-General, Mr. C. E. Whitamore, is getting into contact with Dr. Donald Hankey, at Chengchow, and several mission stations for information regarding the missing woman.

No fresh news of Miss Wilkinson can be obtained in Hankow, where it is hoped that she found refuge with missionaries at Hsuchow, when that city was attacked by the Japanese.—Reuter.

Japan Answers U.S. Lingnam Protest

Sympathy Expressed, Advice Given; Replies For Britain, France

Hongkong, June 13.

The Japanese Consul-General, it is learned, has now replied to American protests against the bombing of the American-endowed Lingnam University at Canton on June 8.

The reply expresses sympathy at the killing of Chinese employees of the University and regrets for having jeopardized the safety of Americans.

It urges, however, that in future the most careful identification be given of buildings of the University by a prominent display of flags on the roof-tops.

At the same time, replies to French and British protests against Japanese raiders flying over Shameen to reach their objectives state that an investigation of the charges is now proceeding.

They declare that Japanese naval authorities have reiterated the strictest instructions to the airmen carefully to avoid Shameen and other foreign property in carrying out air-raids.—Reuter.

Tokyo Has No Trade Monopoly in China

Gaimusho Spokesman on Yangtze Difficulties

Tokyo, June 13.

Denying foreign accusations that Japan was monopolizing economic and commercial interests in China, the spokesman of the Foreign Office declared today that Japan had no intention of depriving Great Britain and other foreign countries of their markets in China.

He pointed out that an abnormal situation prevailed in China, especially along the Yangtze Valley where the Japanese forces were now pushing upstream towards Hankow. Consequently, he said, no vessel could engage in trade in that part of the Yangtze.

Difficulty, the spokesman added, was not only being experienced by foreign merchants but also by Japanese merchants.—Reuter.

Barriers Against British Trade

London, June 13.

The "Daily Telegraph" today features an article by Mr. E. M. Gull, formerly Secretary of the British Chamber of Commerce at Shanghai, on Japan's tightening grip on the control of Chinese trade, charging that the Japanese are continually using the pretext of war conditions to create barriers against British trade despite repeated assurances that the "Open Door" and British interests will be respected.

The article cites the exchange and trade control laws of Manchoukuo as favouring Japan against all other countries, and asserts that Japan's action in introducing a new currency in North China, establishing wool and hemp monopolies, and devising tariff alterations and other measures is manifestly designed to extend similar restrictions to China.

The article stresses Japanese attempts to dominate the Shanghai Municipal Council and vexatious restrictions on the resumption of business in Hongkew and Yangtsepoo as parts of a plan to undermine the historic British predominance in the Yangtze Valley trade.—Reuter.

Soviet Wreckers Accused

Moscow, June 12.

The "Red Star," official organ of the War Commissariat, today accused wreckers and spies of attempting to poison Army officers of the Ukraine command.—United Press.

European War "Impossible"

French Ex-Premier Denounces Hypocritical Furore over Bombing of "Pseudo Ships"

Paris, June 13.

IT was hypocritical to grow indignant over the bombing of "pseudo merchant ships" going to Spanish ports to deliver illicit cargoes, declared M. Paul-Etienne Flandin, former Premier, today, addressing the Congress of the Democratic Alliance Federation at Vienne. He was referring to the recent bombing of a French steamer. M. Flandin urged the abolition of the transit of war materials to Barcelona and Valencia, which, he declared, was allowed by successive Popular Front governments.

Fortunes were amassed and civilian war prolonged by the supply of war materials to Spain, M. Flandin stated.

Referring to the rumours of war in Europe, M. Flandin declared:

"War is impossible while France herself is not attacked, and while all attempts at conciliation have not been used up."—Reuter.

"Suicide Squads" Keep Castellon Stronghold

Nationalists Make Detour Trapping Republicans

With Nationalists, Castellon, June 12.

Determined Republican "suicide squads," sniping from roofs and windows and hurling grenades at advance parties, were today making desperate attempts to impede the complete occupation of Castellon de la Plana by Nationalist forces.

Nationalist troops fought their way into the outlying streets and were battling toward the centre of the town. The vanguard, the Nationalist headquarters reported, saw white flags fluttering from house-tops, although the furious sniping of the remaining Republicans was admittedly dangerous.

Heavy torrential rains were aiding the Republicans and the downpour might delay complete occupation of this important Republican stronghold.

Republicans Trapped

While the main body of Nationalist troops arrived at a point two miles from the city, a powerful column, eleven miles north, advanced 10½ miles and crossed the mountains, seizing the port of Oropesa, the Nationalist claimed. This manoeuvre, they asserted, resulted in the trapping of between 3,000 and 6,000 Republicans in the "desert of palms" along the coast because the closed triangle would prevent them from escaping. They explained that the Nationalist lines from Castellon de la Plana to Albocacer and to Torre Blanca form a triangle with the Republicans trapped in it, and thus even attempts to flee south would prove futile.

Thousands of Republicans were reported to be surrendering because the heavy rains had forced them to abandon their guns and ammunition.—United Press.

Sagunto Bombed

Barcelona, June 12.

Forty-one Nationalist planes today dropped 300 bombs on Sagunto beach causing only slight damage but resulting in the loss of two ships brought down by Republican anti-aircraft fire. The raid followed closely after the attack on Castellon de La Plana.—United Press.

Rome Urges Big Push

Rome, June 12.

Informed Fascist quarters indicated today that the Nationalist drive on Castellon province and Castellon de la Plana was a direct result of pressure exerted on Gen. Francisco Franco by the Italian Premier, Sig. Benito Mussolini, and the German Chancellor, Herr Adolf Hitler, for termination of the Spanish civil war by autumn.

They suggested that Gen. Franco had instructed his aviators to bomb "open cities" to break Republican morale.—United Press.

Japanese Culture for New York Citizens

Library to Be Opened In Rockefeller Centre

Tokyo, June 13.

A Japanese "cultural library" will be opened next month in the Rockefeller Centre in New York City by the Japanese Society for International Cultural Relations, to introduce Japanese culture to the American public through the mediums of literature, moving pictures and phonograph records.

Count Aisuke Kabayama, 73-year old managing director of the society, recently sailed for the United States to make preparations for establishing the new library. He will be the first director of the library.

Similar libraries will be established soon in Germany, France, Italy, Turkey and Siam.—Domei.

More Tremors Felt In Europe

London, N. France, Belgium, Holland Note Shocks

London, June 13.

Two further earth tremors, less severe than Saturday's, were felt here yesterday.

Shocks were also reported to have been felt at Deal, where they were described as more violent, although less prolonged, than Saturday's.

St. Paul's Cathedral is to be examined today to see if the tremors have had any effect upon its structure.—Reuter.

Felt in France, Belgium

Paris, June 13.

Another slight earth tremor was felt today in the north of France, and in Belgium. No damage was reported.—Reuter.

Registered in Holland

Amsterdam, June 13.

An earthquake shock was registered in Holland at 2.45 p.m. yesterday. It was accompanied by slight subterranean rumblings, lasting for five or six seconds.—Reuter.

England-Australia Flying Boat Route

Empire Air Mail Scheme To Be Completed Soon

London, June 13.

The Air Ministry announces that the last section of the new Empire flying-boat route from England to Australia is to be inaugurated on July 2, when the first Quantas Empire Airways flying-boat leaves Singapore for Sydney.

The machine is expected to arrive in Sydney on July 5. At first, only surcharge mail will be carried, but within a few weeks "all up" mail to Australia will be entrusted to this service, thus completing the Empire air mail scheme over the England-Australia air route.—Reuter.

U.S. Envoy in London Leaving for States

President to Be Informed Of European Events

London, June 13.

The United States Ambassador to Great Britain, Mr. Joseph Kennedy, will leave for a trip to America on Wednesday, June 15.

Mr. Kennedy's visit is partly private and partly for the purpose of acquainting President Roosevelt with the latest information on the European situation.—Reuter.

Honan Missionaries Stick to Posts

Hankow, June 13.

A letter from a British missionary at Yenchang, on the Peiping-Hankow Railway, states that the missionaries throughout Honan have decided to remain at their posts during the hostilities, since evacuation to Hongkong or Shanghai will mean too long an absence from their work.

The letter says further that Kikungshan, a popular holiday resort on the Hupeh-Honan border, is safe at present, but there is no certainty on how long it will remain outside the danger zone.

The morale of the countryfolk is excellent, the letter adds, and the Chinese soldiers who pass through Yancheng are orderly and well behaved.—Reuter.

Tokyo Will Celebrate Transfer of Capital

Tokyo, June 13.

The 70th anniversary of the transfer of the capital from Kyoto to Tokyo will be celebrated here on October.—Domei.

Deadlock Broken on U.S. Wages-Hours Legislation; Important Compromise

Flexible Measure for 40 cts. Per Hour, 40 Hour Week Agreed by House-Senate Joint Committee

Washington, June 12.

The House and Senate Conference Committee today ended a ten-day deadlock on the hotly disputed Wage-Hour Bill by agreeing on a flexible measure of 40-cents-per-hour wage and the forty-hour week to be effective within seven years.

The Bill will be reported to both Houses on Tuesday.

The final enactment of the Bill would be a signal victory for the Southerners who promised to co-operate in rushing the Bill to enactment.

Provisions of Bill

The Bill would provide:

1.—A wage of 25-cents-an-hour for the first year and 30 cents for the second year.

2.—A 44-hour week for the first year, 42 for the second and forty for the others.

3.—An Administrator under the Labour Department would appoint industrial boards similar to the N.R.A. to recommend exemptions.

4.—The boards would attempt to achieve the 40-cents-an-hour wage within seven years, but they would be empowered to exempt indefinitely as they saw fit.

5.—The Bill would outlaw child labour under fourteen years of age in industries engaged, in inter-state commerce.

6.—It would apply to all inter-state industries except specific exemptions.

7.—It would specifically exempt executives, professionals, local retail establishments, salesmen, seamen, aviation and fishing industries, agricultural workers, weekly and semi-weekly papers with circulation under 3,000, street cars, local buses and dairies. It would exempt children temporarily engaged in agricultural enterprises if they would legally not be required to attend school, and also child actors.

8.—It would require payment of time and one-half for overtime except in specific exemptions.

While the Conference Committee did not provide the boards with funds, Senator Elbert D. Thomas, Democrat of Utah and Chairman of the group, believed the sum for initial expenditures would be obtained from the Labour Department's Contingency Fund pending the passage of an appropriation bill.

Senator Thomas believed that the measure was the "most important change in the Federal system" since the Social Security Act.

He said he thought President Roosevelt would appoint a temporary administrator pending the next session of Congress because the appointment requires Senatorial confirmation.—United Press.

The Blessed Eucharist

"Focal Point of Catholic Life," Talk Broadcast By the Rev. Father W. McGoldrick on Sunday

IT was on Thursday in Holy Week that Our Lord instituted the Blessed Eucharist. The scene at the Last Supper is described in the various gospels almost in identical words. "And while they were at supper, Jesus took bread and blessed it and broke it and gave to the disciples saying: Take ye and eat, for this is My Body. In like manner also the chalice, saying: Take and drink ye all of this, for this is My Blood." Thus Our Lord celebrated the First Mass and the apostles received their First Holy Communion. But because He willed all men to have the same priceless privilege, He gave to the apostles, and through them to the priests of His Church right down to the end of time, the same power, saying: Do this in remembrance of Me. That is, do what I have done; change bread and wine into My Body and Blood,—Myself; and give Me in Holy Communion to My people. That is the power of the Mass, which is offered every morning upon our altars, when the priest consecrates the bread and wine, and they become the Body and Blood of Christ.

What is the Blessed Eucharist—the Sacred Host which the priest places on our tongue when we receive Holy Communion? It is the Sacrament—that is, the Mystery—of the Body and Blood, Soul and Divinity of Our Lord Jesus Christ, under the appearances of bread and wine. Outside the Catholic Church men do not believe it—simply cannot bring themselves to believe it. And maybe it is not difficult to understand their unwillingness. It looks so impossible—that this small, white host should be our Lord. Nor would we dare to believe it either, if He had not said it Himself. But He has said it, and now even though the whole world should doubt or deny it, we cannot doubt. We know it is He.

Fundamental Doctrine

This doctrine of the Real Presence is a fundamental doctrine of Christianity—Christ's richest gift to the world. It is the focal point of Catholic Life. Not only the Gospels, but St. Paul likewise taught it in unmistakable language. "I have received from the Lord, he wrote to the Corinthians," "that which I also delivered to you—that Jesus, the same night in which He was betrayed, took bread and giving thanks, broke and said: Take ye and eat; this is My Body.... In like manner also the chalice...." And ever watchful to guard his Christians against error, Paul warned them to hold fast to his teaching. Even if an angel from heaven, he wrote to the Galatians, should preach to you a gospel other than I have preached, let him be anathema.

But let us go back in spirit to that day in the synagogue at Capharnaum when Our Lord first announced this doctrine to the world, as we read in the sixth chapter of St. John. On the previous day, Christ had worked a great miracle in the desert on the other side of the lake; He had multiplied a few loaves and fishes till they were more than sufficient to feed a vast multitude. And now, as the enthusiastic multitude gathered around Him in the synagogue, it seemed just the moment, humanly speaking, to unfold His great secret to them. He began by stressing the necessity of implicit faith in His words. They must believe on His authority alone, for no other evidence would help them. Then He continued: Yesterday I gave you bread and you were filled. But I have another bread to give you—the living bread which came down from Heaven for the life of the world—Myself. I will give you My Flesh to eat and My Blood to drink.

They listened. They were startled. They looked at one another to make sure they had heard aright. What could He mean? But there was no mistaking His real meaning. Never before had He spoken more plainly. Never had He been so insistent. Over and over again in one short sermon—short because they left Him in the midst of it—He told them the same truth: I am the living bread which came down from Heaven....He that eateth My Flesh and drinketh My Blood hath life everlasting and I will raise him up on the last day. The bread which I will give is My Flesh for the life of the world....My Flesh is meat indeed and My Blood is drink indeed." And then, as if these words were not strong enough: "As I live by the Father, so he that eateth Me, the same shall live by Me."

More Emphatic Warning

There was no mistaking His meaning, but it was too much for them. "How can this Man give us His flesh to eat?" they asked in amazement, and unwilling to believe His words, they went away and walked no more with Him. Christ watched them go. He did not call them back and tell them that they had taken His words too literally—that He had not meant His actual Flesh and Blood, but only a figure or symbol, something to remind them of Him when He should no longer be with them. On the contrary, His only answer to their murmurings had been a more emphatic warning, "Unless you eat the Flesh of the Son of Man and drink His Blood, you shall not have life in you." So they left Him.

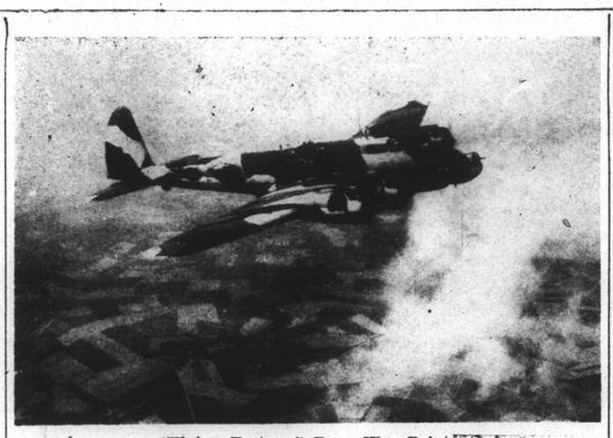
Christ then turned to His apostles: "Will you also go away?" He asked. And Peter, answering in a splendid profession of faith, said; "Lord, to whom shall we go? Thou hast the words of eternal life." Peter and the apostles little understood at that time how Christ could give them His Flesh to eat and His Blood to drink; it was enough for them that He had said it; it was unthinkable that they should either leave Him or doubt His words. That is our attitude today. We do not need to ask, as the Jews did, how can this Man give us His Flesh to eat. We know He can for He is God. It is not ours to ask how, but to stand amazed at the why? Why should God go to such incredible lengths for us? Surely it was enough that He should come to us at all, that He should hide His divinity under the poor appearance of our mortal humanity in order to be able to die for us. But why go further and hide both divinity and humanity under the still more lowly appearances of bread and wine.

The answer lies in the most unfathomable of all mysteries, the infinite love of God for the human race. He did not create us for this life; we are on this earth as pilgrims whose final destination is an eternal home in Heaven with God. And when we have reached that home we shall be in very truth the children of God, sharers in His radiantly glorious life, which participation will be made possible by that gift of God to us which we call grace. It is of this life of grace of which Our Lord spoke when He said: "As I live by the Father, so he that eateth Me the same also shall live by Me." It was for this that He gave us the Blessed Eucharist, the living bread which giveth life to the world, the focal point of Catholic life.

Holy Communion

And so we kneel at the altar rails to receive Holy Communion and to drink into our souls radiant streams of grace. We receive the Blessed Eucharist as bodily food, but it is the life of our souls, our real life which is nourished and developed. Think of all that bodily food does for the natural life; that, and a thousand times more than that, Holy Communion does for the life of our souls—with this difference. Bodily food is transformed into ourselves, but by Holy Communion we are gradually transformed into Christ, that is, the life of God which comes to us through Christ, becomes our life.

That is the real mystery of the Blessed Eucharist—not how Christ can give us His Flesh to eat, but why! Why this infinite love which we deserve so little, this divine unselfishness that will share everything with us—His riches, His Kingdom, His very Life—everything that is His as Man, and as much of what is His as God that we can receive. It is a mystery of faith, but a still greater mystery of love, the infinite love of God for mankind. Understand it, we cannot; believe it, we must and we do, for God has spoken.



"Flying Fortress" Dons War Paint Of Gray

One of the new giant American bombers, known as "Flying Fortresses," seen in flight over New York after being camouflaged in a manner which makes these machines almost invisible. This is an official photograph by the U.S. Army Air Corps.

"Mounties" Break Narcotic Ring

Hongkong Investigations Assist "Canadians" to "Get Their Men"

"The 'Mounties' always get their man", and whether the chase is in the frozen wastes of Canada or in the warmer and more densely populated areas in the south of the Dominion, the result is always the same—somebody will languish behind iron bars for a certain period. But it is a long cry from Canada to Hongkong. Distance to these men of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, however, is infinitesimal, and the length of time taken to make arrests does not matter as long as the ends of justice are carried out.

Investigations which lasted for eleven years, and brought detectives of this famous police force thrice to Hongkong will culminate this month in the taking of evidence on Commission before Mr. Justice Lindsell, according to the "Hongkong Telegraph."

Through the efforts of the "Mounties," a million dollar narcotic ring, with headquarters in Vancouver, which operated extensively between Hongkong and the west coast of Canada and the United States, has been broken.

Five former residents of Hongkong and Canton are now behind prison bars in Vancouver, sentenced to seven years' imprisonment for conspiracy to commit an indictable offence. The five men are:—Gordon Lim, alias Lim Fong-duck; Wong Yin, alias Kong Kit-sam; Lee Hoi; Chan Sing-jun, alias Chan Dong; and Lum How.

Hongkong Evidence

The Attorney-General of British Columbia is now seeking to indict the five men on a more serious charge of possessing narcotics, the penalty for which, in addition to a maximum of a further seven years' imprisonment, is deportation.

Detective Corporal G. J. Heywood, of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, is now in Hongkong for the third time working on the case.

Evidence will be taken on Commission in Hongkong on behalf of the five defendants, while rebuttal evidence will be given for the Attorney-General. Messrs. Deacons are stated to be acting on behalf of the Attorney-General and Messrs. Johnston, Stokes and Masters, on behalf of the five Chinese.

A remarkable story was unfolded in the Supreme Court in Vancouver when the five men were sentenced to imprisonment on conspiracy charges.

"Chinese Herbs"

They were all directors of one of the most powerful Chinese organizations on the Pacific coast, and operated through Wat Sang Company of Pender St., Vancouver. Ostensibly the company operated as importers of Chinese herbs, but, according to the evidence given at the trial, the company imported enormous quantities of opium from Hongkong, paying for the narcotic with arms destined for China.

The Import and Export Dept. in Hongkong materially aided in gathering evidence and data to aid the Canadian Police, and the first real headway was made when the U.S. Narcotic Bureau lent clever crypt experts to the Canadian authorities. These men succeeded in decoding cables sent to and from Hongkong by the directors and their agents.

Other narcotic agents, working under cover, completed the chain of evidence against the five men, and, after gaining the confidence of the Chinese, they were able to make a purchase of opium from them.

Search for Terrorists Continues Here

Three Japanese Released After Bombings

Police of the International Settlement and French Concession continued their search for terrorists yesterday, following the throwing of five bombs in various parts of the Settlement on Sunday evening. Up to a late hour yesterday the attacks apparently remained a mystery and no trace of the car from which it was said most of the bombs were thrown had been found.

The three Japanese who were detained on Sunday evening after the fifth bombing were released at about midnight. They had been intercepted on Nanking Road, at Szechuen Road, as they were running away from the scene of the explosion. One of them was slightly wounded by the bomb, exploded in Szechuen Road, which damaged the China Travel Service office, the Intourist office, and two Chinese shops at about 9.40 p.m.

An armed patrol of the Japanese Military Police was seen in Nanking Road yesterday afternoon.

Private Who Became Major-General Dies

Sir George Richardson's Distinguished Career

Auckland, June 13.

Major-General Sir George Spafford Richardson, K.B.E., who had been on the retired list of the New Zealand military forces since 1932, died here yesterday. He began his career as a private, and was Instructor and Director of Artillery in New Zealand from 1891 to 1911.

Posted to the Staff College at Camberley in 1912, he was attached to the Imperial General Staff at the War Office in 1913. He was New Zealand Representative at the War Office in England in 1914, and served throughout the Great War, three times being mentioned in despatches and was awarded the C.M.G., C.B., and C.B.E., and the decorations of the Legion d'Honneur and the Croix de Guerre Belge.

Major-General Richardson was General Officer in charge of the Administration of the Defence Forces in New Zealand from 1919 to 1923, and Administrator of Western Samoa, under the mandate conferred on New Zealand by the League of Nations, from 1923 to 1928.

He represented New Zealand at the League of Nations Assembly at Geneva in 1928.—Reuter.

France Stands Neutral In Conflict

Munitions Sent to China By Private Merchants

Tokyo, June 13.

It is true that arms and ammunition are being exported from France to China but the supplies are not being sent by the French Government, which is taking a neutral attitude in the China hostilities, Lieut.-Col. G. Sabattie, Military Attache of the French Embassy in China, declared in a press interview at Shimonoseki this morning.

The arms supplies are being sent, he declared, by French merchants, "who have no other intention than to make a great profit from the exports."

Lieut.-Col. Sabattie arrived in Shimonoseki this morning from China by way of Korea en route to Tokyo, whence he is leaving for France on a furlough.

He said it is difficult to predict when the China hostilities will be ended. He stated that peace and order are being maintained in North China by Japanese forces.—Domei.

Fire Threatening Vast U.S. Timber Reserve

Fire-Fighters Rally to Save Olympic Forest

Port Townsend, Wash., June 12.

More than 1,000 determined volunteers, including the Civilian Conservation Corps, today battled a roaring inferno which was threatening to sweep the eastern portion of the Olympic National Forest, one of America's richest stands of timber.

Every piece of fire-fighting equipment in the neighbourhood was rushed to the scene of the huge fire and every known means of coping with forest fires was used. Two thousand acres were blazing along a 2½ mile front.

Thousands of birds and small wild animals were thrown into a panic by the flames and they ran wildly in search of safety.—United Press.

Jewellery Worth $150 Taken by Robbers

Three Chinese entered House 11, Lane 136, Burkill Road, by the rear door yesterday morning shortly after 11 o'clock and intimidated the occupants of the house at the point of a pistol. They stole three gold rings and a gold bracelet, to the total value of $150, and fled. No shots were fired.

Appeal to France to Assist China

Hankow Journal Stresses International Ties

Hankow, June 13.

An appeal to France to assist China in her struggle is made in this morning's leading article in the "Ta Kung Pao," on the occasion of the expected arrival here today of M. Paul Naggiar, French Ambassador to China, from Hongkong.

The Chinese daily recalls firstly the "French people's traditional spirit of chivalry, and also love of liberty," and secondly the "fundamental French policy of collective security to safeguard her interests against aggression."

The paper also emphasizes the similarity between the Chinese and French peoples in their passion for fine art and literature, to the extent of "neglecting realism."

The paper expresses the hope that the arrival of M. Naggiar in Hankow will strengthen Sino-French friendship and co-operation in the joint efforts of the two countries to uphold peace and democracy.—Reuter.

Hongkong Crowded with Refugees

Three Hundred Thousand In Colony

Hongkong, June 13.

The newly-formed Refugee Council here has established that there are now about 300,000 refugees in Hongkong of whom only a small section can be considered destitute, whilst the bulk belong to more or less propertied classes. All the same, even well-off refugees were found to be in a bad way, as many of them have to sleep in the open air owing to the entire lack of further accommodation in the city. Most of them apparently spend the better part of the day in the homes of their acquaintances as only about 800 destitute persons, most of them belonging to Hongkong, take advantage of the free meals provided by the Salvation Army.

With a view to exercising control over the health conditions of these refugees, the authorities are planning to erect numerous straw huts.—Trans-Ocean.

Yunnan-Burma Border Clash Has Sequel

Burmese Representation Made in Yunnanfu

Rangoon, June 13.

The Burma Government through the British Consul-General at Yunnanfu, has asked the authorities of the Chinese province of Yunnan what is to be done with regard to the fracas between a party of Kachin tribesmen and a group of about 70 Chinese soldiers on the China-Burma frontier on June 10.

The incident occurred when the tribesmen were visiting the weekly bazaar at the Yunnan town of Kyanhungla, and the Chinese soldiers took exception to the swords and guns the tribesmen were carrying.

It is now reported that four persons, including two Kachin women, were shot dead in the clash, and that two Shan women were wounded. A number of Chinese residents also were killed in the shooting.—Reuter.

O.S.K. to Build Four Freighters

Osaka, June 13.

Anticipating an increased demand for shipping facilities after the termination of hostilities in China, the Osaka Shosen Kaisha has decided to build four new 3,500-ton, 15-knot freighters for the China service. The vessels will be completed by the end of 1939. The company expects a shipping boom after the hostilities along with development projects in North and Central China.—Domei.

Refugee Basques Seek S. American Homes

Migration Scheme Awaits Outcome of Amnesty Talk

Paris, June 13.

No fewer than 20,000 Basques who fled into France just prior to the occupation of their country by the Spanish Nationalist forces have voted in favour of emigrating to South America in order to start life over again, reports the "Paris Soir."

The former Basque Government, according to the same source, has already acquired territorial concessions in Venezuela and Colombia. The money is derived largely from the sale of art treasures taken out of Spain by the former Basque Government.

Basques living in Latin America are reported to have supplied funds for the chartering of several transport ships but the first transport has been postponed until September as negotiations are in progress between the refugees and the Spanish Nationalist Government in the matter of a general amnesty and the possibility of their return to their native country.—Trans-Ocean.

General Executed

Hankow, June 13.

The National Military Council today announced the execution of General Tang Tze-sin, Commander of the Fourth Cavalry Army Corps and concurrently Commander of the Tenth Cavalry Division.

The charges against General Tang were of mutiny, defying the orders of his superior officers, and looting in West Honan.—Reuter.

C.P. Liner Due; Victoria Sails

Burdwan, Yalou, Triton Leave Today; Hopepeak Arrives From New York

Arriving from Vancouver via Japan, the C. P. liner Empress of Canada is expected at the Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Company's Hongkew Wharf, today at about 1 p.m., her passengers reaching the Customs Jetty at about 2.30 p.m. Stopping here for less than a day she will proceed to Hongkong and Manila sailing tomorrow at 5 a.m. Outgoing passengers are to be conveyed by tenders from the Customs Jetty today at 4, 6.30 and 11 p.m. Registered mail to catch this ship should be posted before 3.50 p.m. and ordinary by 4 p.m. today.

As previously announced, the Lloyd Triestino mv. Victoria sails homewards from the Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Company's Hongkew Wharf, today at 9 a.m. Passenger tender leaves the Customs Jetty at 7 a.m. and ordinary mail intended for this ship should be posted before 7.15 a.m. On her way to Genoa, the liner will touch at Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Aden, Port Said and Naples.

Another today's departure for Europe is the P. & O. freighter Burdwan which leaves buoys 13-14 at about 4 p.m. sailing for Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Aden, Suez, Port Said, Marseilles, Casablanca, Havre, London, Hull, Hamburg, Rotterdam and Antwerp. The Blue Funnel Line ss. Ajax leaves for Tsingtao and Japan today at daylight from Holt's Wharf.

Tai Yang Due Today

The Wilhelmsen Line mv. Tai Yang arrives from Oslo by the way of Gothenburg, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Lisbon, Marseilles, Port Said, Port Sudan, Colombo, Singapore and Hongkong, at the Hunt's Wharf, today at about 6 a.m. and sails for Dairen and Japan after a ten hours' stop in this port.

Leaving for Dunkirk by the way of Aden, Port Said, Oran, Casablanca, Havre and Antwerp, the M.M. freighter Yalou leaves buoys 14-15 this afternoon.

According to local offices of the Maersk Line, the mv. Hopepeak arrives from New York tomorrow at the Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Company's Hongkew Wharf. She is scheduled to stop in this port for about two days and then sail for Hongkong and Manila.

Sailing for Nagasaki and Kobe, the N.Y.K. Shanghai Maru leaves tomorrow at 9 a.m. Another tomorrow's sailing is the D.K.K. Hoten Maru which leaves at 11 a.m. for Tsingtao and Dairen.

Local offices of B. & S. announce that their ss. Shengking leaves the French Bund sailing for Tsingtao, Weihaiwei, Chefoo and Tientsin, tomorrow at 10 a.m. Ordinary mail to catch this ship should be posted before 7.30 a.m.

Another of the same company's ships sails from the same bund for Swatow and Hongkong, today at 11 a.m. Ordinary mail for this vessel should be posted before 8.30 a.m. and registered by 8 a.m. Leaving for Weihaiwei, Chefoo and Tientsin, the Jardine Matheson & Co. ss. Fausang sails from the Roosevelt Terminal Wharf, today at 1 p.m.

Passengers

Those who arrived on Sunday from Europe and Wayports in the ss. Scharnhorst included:

Mrs. G. Freitag, Mr. F. Sanger, Mr. R. Brill, Mr. and Mrs. W. Doerner and Master H. Doerner, Mr. and Mrs. P. Meyns, Mr. T. Meyer, Mr. O. Kinzel, Mr. and Mrs. H. von Guelpken, Mrs. M. S. Calhoun, Mr. G. A. Zehner, Mr. H. B. Gallop, Mr. K. Seinitz, Mr. D. J. Stanhart, Mr. W. Kearten, Mr. F. Dahlmann, Mr. J. G. Forbes, Mr. U. Jessen, Mr. Radruch, Mrs. A. Gordeef, Mrs. A. Kolotoff, Mr. K. Schaefer, Mr. B. Becht, Mrs. R. and Mstr. G. Arnold-Jones, Mrs. A. M. Ruck, Mrs. L. B. Kershaw, Mrs. E. M. Sawdon, Mrs. V. Bennett, Miss S. Thaeter, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Faber.

Leaving for Japan in the same liner, the following have sailed yesterday:

Mr. C. F. Cress, Mr. T. A. Duffey, Mr. and Mrs. L. Hudec and child, Mr. J. Komor, Mrs. Th. Mayer, Mrs. A. Pawlenka, Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Powell, Mr. H. Wissler, Mr. W. Bagier, Mrs. J. V. Everett, Mr. R. E. Hagnauer, Mr. H. A. Jost, and Mr. H. Mousley.

Among those who sailed for Vancouver and Japan yesterday in the ss. Empress of Asia, were:

Mr. and Mrs. O. Preusman, Mrs. C. R. and Miss K. Hargreaves, Mrs. E. A. and Miss E. Meyerink, Mr. E. Hedaya, Mrs. F. Bristow, Mrs. A. Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Shean, Mr. L. D. Patterson, Mr. I. S. Smith, Mr. G. A. Smith, Mr. G. Fukumori, Mr. W. H. Auden, Mr. C. Isherwood, Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Carson, Mr. and Mrs. P. Semion, Miss S. Reid, Miss G. Ross, Mr. J. N. Sipser, Mr. J. Glatzel, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. and Miss M. Doddridge, Mr. and Mrs. A. Bookless, Mr. Y. Chassery, Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Walker, Dr. and Mrs. R. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. J. and Miss Hart, Mr. and Mrs. N. McGeorgor, Mme. E. Greenehouse, Mme. A. Boissezon, Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Grubb, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Duff and four children, Miss F. Black, Miss R. Anderson, Rev. J. A. Williamson, Mr. D. J. and Master Martinet, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Wilbur, Mr. H. Ashford, Mr. H. T. Silcock, Mr. and Mrs. M. M. and Master Loutit, Mrs. S. L. and Miss G. Frost, Miss M. Manget, Mr. A. E. de Camp, Mr. E. S. Belknap, Rev. B. Boudrea, Mrs. E. Bartley, Miss V. Silcocks, Miss R. Satterfield, Miss L. Foster, Mr. and Mrs. Zigalnitsky, Dr. J. L. Hagman, Mrs. L. and Master A. T. Law, Mr. E. W. de Rose, Mr. E. Anderson, Mr. J. Tuck, Mr. Koy, Master Farafontoff, Mr. N. Goncharoff and Mr. H. Dorless.

The Kweichow War Aid Corps led by Mr. Chow Ta-shih arrived in Nanchang from Hankow on June 11, says a message to the "Life Daily News." The party, it is reported, will leave there today for Tunhsi, in South Anhwei, en route to the war front in Central China.

Chinese Employment Bureau

Scheme to Put Refugees in Local Jobs

The Shanghai International Red Cross has established an Employment Bureau in room No. 308, 113 Kiukiang Road, (telephone 16674) for the benefit of 130,000 refugees who have been idle and dependent on charity during the last nine months. The object of the employment office is an attempt to help the refugees to help themselves. Services of the Bureau are free: entire wages will go to the employees.

This Bureau has on its files thousands of experienced cotton mill operatives, various sorts of factory workers, carpenters, masons, painters, plumbers, mechanics, electricians, copper and brass-smiths, blacksmiths, tailors, shoemakers, tanners, shop workers, cooks, waiters and boys, transportation workers, chauffeurs, gardeners, general utility coolies and workers of scores of other trades. It makes no charges for inquiries and applications made by prospective employers to the Bureau for any class of skilled and/or unskilled labourers that it has on file.

Prospective employers would obtain for their requirements satisfactory services of the refugees, and at the same time be helping a worthy cause.

OBITUARIES

Prof. William A. Bone

London, June 13.

Professor William Arthur Bone, authority on ehenmical technology, died here yesterday at the age of 67.

He was a Professor of Chemical Technology at the Imperial College of Science and Technology, and in London University and was a Research Director of the Bone Research Association.

Professor Bone was appointed head of the Chemical Department at the Battersea Polytechnic, London, in 1896. He was Lecturer in Chemistry and Metallurgy at Owens College, Manchester, from 1898 to 1905, Professor of Applied Chemistry, and First Livesey Professor of Coal Gas and Fuel Industries, Leeds University, from 1905-1912.

Professor Bone held the position of Chief Professor and Head of the Department of Chemical Technology at the Imperial College of Science and Technology, London University, from 1912 to 1936.

He was created a Fellow of the Chemical Society in 1893, honorary member of the Institution of Gas Engineers, of the American Gas Institute, in 1912, of the Institute of Fuel (1936), and of the Iron and Steel Institute (1937).

He was awarded the Howard Potts Gold Medal by The Franklin Institute, Philadelphia, for his scientific discoveries, and inventions in Surface Combustion, in 1913.

Professor Bone was a medallist of the Royal Society of Arts for his work upon brown coals and lignites, Melchett Medallist of the Institute of Fuel, medallist of the Society of Chemical Industry and Davy Medallist of the Royal Society.—Reuter.

Sir Lewis Dibdin

London, June 13.

Sir Lewis Dibdin died yesterday at the age of 85. He had been an Ecclesiastical Commissioner since 1931. He was called to the bar at Lincoln's Inn in 1876.

Chancellor of the Diocese of Rochester from 1886-1903, Sir Lewis later held the positions of Chancellor of the Diocese of Exeter, and of Durham. He was counsel to the Attorney-General in charity matters from 1895-1903, and Dean of the Arches, Auditor of the Chancery Court of York, and Master of the Faculties from 1903 to 1934. Sir Lewis was Vicar-General of the Province of Canterbury from 1925-1934, First Church Estates Commissioner from 1905-1931, Member of the Royal Commission on Church Discipline from 1904 to 1906, and on Divorce from 1909-1912.—Reuter.

Hwai Ho Opened By Japanese

Waterway Can Now Be Used For Transport of Troops On Anhwei Front

After months of work by the Oda detachment of Japanese infantry, the Hwai River linking Pengpu on the Tientsin-Pukow Railway with Chengyangkwan in western Anhwei, a distance of 180 kilometres, has again become navigable, the "Nippo" said yesterday.

The reopening of this waterway will play an important part in the further operations of Japanese troops in the interior, the paper said.

Japanese troops can attack Sinyang on the Peiping-Hankow Railway north of Hankow by water via Sanhotsien, 105 kilometres northwest of Chengyangkwan, and Sihsien, 210 kilometres south-west of Sanhotsien, the "Nippo" declared.

The distance between Sihsien and Sinyang is 160 kilometres, while the total length of the river from Pengpu to Sinyang is 655 kilometres, the journal pointed out.

From Chengyangkwan, the daily continued, Japanese troops can advance by water to Yencheng on the Peiping-Hankow Railway south of Chengchow by way of Yingchow (Fowyang), 95 kilometres northwest of Chengyangkwan, and to Choukiakow, 260 kilometres northwest of Yingchow.

Distance between Chowkiakow and Yencheng is 80 kilometres, while the total distance from Chengyangkwan to Yencheng is 325 kilometres.

The Kiangsi Provincial Government has sent funds for the relief of workers of porcelain factories in the province whose business has been hard hit by current hostilities, states a dispatch to the "Morning Leader." The provincial authorities, it is also stated, will open a plant for the manufacture of insulators and other electrical appliances and supplies.

French Indo-China's Cholera Rule

The acting French Consul General, M. Pierre Auge, announced yesterday that, as the government of French Indo-China had declared Shanghai a port where cholera is epidemic, a cholera inoculation certificate will be required of all persons who wish to travel from here to French Indo-China. In applying for a visa for Indo-China, prospective travellers should produce an inoculation certificate at least six days old and not more than six months old.

The National Government has instructed the Ministry of Economics to draft measures for encouraging the exportation of silk, tea and tung oil, state advices to the "Morning Leader."

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SHANGHAI POWER COMPANY
Tls. 6
SILVER PREFERRED STOCK
DIVIDEND No. 33
The regular quarterly dividend of Tls. 1.50 per share on the Tls. 6. Silver Preferred Stock of Shanghai Power Company has been declared for payment July 5, 1938, to stockholders of record June 15, 1938, payable in Chinese dollar banknotes declared by decree of the National Government of China to be legal tender as from November 4, 1935, upon the basis of one Chinese dollar of face amount of such banknotes per 0.715 Shanghai Tael.
The transfer books will not be closed.
A. KENDAL WARD,
Secretary and Treasurer.
NOTE: Cheques for the above-mentioned dividend will not be mailed to addresses in the areas affected by the recent hostilities, but will be available, together with any unclaimed cheques for preceding dividends, on application being made to the Company's Offices, 181 Nanking Road (Room No. 200).

IS ALWAYS GOOD

ORDER DEPARTMENT 30087

U-56

FORM DAY TO DAY

Mr. H. E. Morriss is leaving for Europe today in the mv. Victoria.

H.M.S. Cricket left yesterday for Yangtze ports.

Mr. C. Polesello, former Lloyd Triestino General Agent in Shanghai, sails for Hongkong today in the mv. Victoria.

Mr. Norman C. Macgregor, director of Messrs Caldbeck, Macgregor & Co., Ltd., accompanied by his wife left yesterday for England in the ss. Empress of Asia.

THE daily report of refugee work for June 12 follows:—No. of Camps under inspection by Public Health Department 130; No. of refugees therein 76,124.

At the forthcoming meeting of The Keys, which will be held in the club rooms tomorrow, a debate—"Resolve that Ability will take you further than Good-looks" will take place. Tea will be served from 5 o'clock.

SHORT air trips are becoming so popular in Germany that a new company to cope with traffic has been formed called the Hansa Air Service Company, a subsidiary of the Deutsche Lufthansa.

The Chekiang Provincial Bank, on orders from the provincial administration, has issued 1-cent and 5-cent notes totalling $40,000 and $60,000 respectively, says a report to the "Hwa Mei Chen Pao."

FR. E. GHERZI S. J. (Weather Service Zikawei Observatory) will be leaving today to attend an International Meeting of Marine Meteorology in Utrecht. He expects to be back on duty in October, this year.

The Ministry of Finance, prompted by recent serious dusturbances in the local currency situation, has ordered the Shanghai offices of the Central Bank, the Bank of China and the Bank of Communications to take effective measures to stabilize the local money market, states a message to the "Sin Wan Pao."

Employees of the Chung Hwa Book Company here, who were released by the company at the end of last year as a result of its adoption of a retrenchment policy, held a meeting on Sunday during which they decided to approach the management with a request for reinstatement, says a message to the "Hwa Mei Chen Pao."

The ferry service between the Shanghai Bund and the Tamatou (Great Wharf) in Nantao, which has been suspended for some time, was resumed on Sunday, says a report to the "Standard." Meanwhile, Chowkadoo, Tungkadoo and Liulichiao crossing in Pootung have also been reopened to shipping services.

A VETERAN Shanghai philatelist reports that several stamps of the 1915 Chinese issue, with the "Heng-Yang" (Hunan) neutrality surcharge, which were in circulation that lately, two of these surcharged stamps (the 1 cent and 3 cents) were disposed of for a considerable price by a local collector to a well-known British firm of stamp dealers.

The President of the Executive Yuan, Dr. H. H. Kung, has instructed the National Relief Commission to remit $200,000 for the relief of refugees who have evacuated the war zones in North and East Honan, states a message to the "Hwa Mei Chen Pao." The funds will be placed at the disposal of the Honan Provincial Government for distribution among the war victims, says the message.

MR. C. J. Chancellor, General Manager for Reuters in the Far East, left Shanghai yesterday for Tokyo. He is accompanied by Mr. S. S. Moosa, who will act as Reuter's Chief Correspondent in Japan during the absence on home leave of Mr. M. J. Cox, who is leaving with his wife for England early in July. During Mr. Chancellor's absence from Shanghai, Reuter's office will be in the charge of Mr. K. Selby-Walker.

USING rifles, machine-guns and mountain guns, bluejackets of the Japanese Naval Special Landing Party will engage in manœuvres north of the creek beginning at 6 o'clock this morning the headquarters of the Landing Party announced yesterday. The manœuvres will take place in an area bounded by Changkiapan and Yangchingkang Creeks in Pootung and Hongkew and Yangtszepoo districts. The manœuvres will continue until 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

THE "Clinic of Oriental Medecine" which operated in Leningrad under the direction of M. Badmaev, has been closed by the Health Commissariat of the Russian Federal Republic on the grounds that the "Tibetan doctors" working in the clinic were charlatans. Four of the doctors admitted that they had studied medecine in Mongolian monasteries. The Committee of investigation into the operation of the clinic however considered advisable the study of the medical remedies popular in the Orient mentioned in Tibetan documents.

THE Shanghai Municipal Council health report for the week ending midnight, June 11, shows that the total number of deaths from all causes amongst the foreign and Chinese population in the Settlement were—Foreign 11, and Chinese 899. Deaths from notifiable diseases were—Foreigners, Scarlet Fever, Tuberculosis, Measles and Typhus Fever 1 each, and Chinese, Typhoid Fever 53; Tuberculosis 32; Cholera 14; Tyhus Fever 12; Measles 7; Dysentery 4; Cerebrospinal Fever 3; Influenza 3; Scarlet Fever 2; Paratyhoid Fever 2; Malaria 2 and Smallpox, Diphtheria, Beni-beri and Choleraic Diarrhoea 1 each.

MR. A. Curtis Brown, president of Curtis Brown, Ltd., accompanied by Mrs. Curtis Brown and Miss Beatrice Curtis Brown, are sailing from London for New York on Wednesday. Miss Brown's marriage to Mr. John Adey Horton, of Chelsea, London, will take place on July 2 at the Little Congregation Church, New York. A reception will be held afterwards at Peck Farm, the Brown's summer home. Miss Brown's wedding gown will be of white and silver brocade, with a long train, and long tulle veil. Her bridesmaids have not yet been chosen. Mr. Robert Franklin Jacson will be best man at the wedding.

U.S. Postmasters To Go by Merit

Plum in Political Job Awards to Vanish Soon If Bill Passes Senate

Washington, June 12.

The long struggle to remove postmasterships from the spoils system appeared to have been won today after more than 100 years when the bill providing open competition for promotion—blessed by the President and passed by the House on Saturday—went to the Senate where it will be voted on next week.

Passage of the bill will prevent the disposition of post office jobs as rewards for loyal party workers. Since the Administration of President Andrew Jackson in the 1830's the Presidents campaign manager has ususally become Postmaster General and has doled out the postmastership plums to active supporters of the party in the last election. The bill would drastically reduce any political party's store of possible dispensable positions and would be a serious threat to the Republican party's attempt to oust the present Administration in the next election, it was indicated here.

Congress Ready to Adjourn

After convening on a high note of business recovery, Congress will likely adjourn before the week-end after approving the Wage and Hour Bill, the Railroad Assistance Bill and the multi-billion dollar recovery-relief programme to meet the ravages caused by the new depression.

After Monday's conference Congressional leaders will advise President Roosevelt that their work is about finished.

The House and Senate Conference Committee members have agreed on the Wage and Hour Bill and will possibly agree tomorrow on the recovery-relief programme. It is likely that the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee will act tomorrow to aid the railroads through the granting of Reconstruction Finance Corporation loans to speed the financial reorganization of the railroads and to provide unemployment compansation for railroad workers.

President Roosevelt, it was understood, will seek to win the approval of the Railroad Workers Brotherhood which opposed the R.F.C. loans after railroad operators announced a fifteen per cent. wage cut would become effective on July 1.

The revelation that the 75th Congress had appropriated a peace-time record sum of U.S.$12,000,000 brought charges from Mr. Hamilton Fish, Republican Representative from New York, that the New Deal Administration was the "most dismal failure in American History."

"Neither President Roosevelt nor Congress," he said, "is able to revive industry and employment. They have no financial policy except to pile debt upon debt."—United Press.

No Special Session of British Cabinet Due

Commons to Debate Spain Bombing of Ships Today

London, June 13.

No meeting of the British Cabinet is expected before the regular session next Wednesday when the question of British merchant vessels being bombed in Spanish ports will be examined.

Lord Halifax, the Foreign Secretary, will probably confer with the Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, this evening, on the eve of tomorrow's debate on the Government's policy towards Spain in the House of Commons.—Havas.

International Red Cross

The Shanghai International Red Cross wishes to acknowledge with thanks the receipt of the following donations June 5 to 11 inclusive:

Previously acknowledged	$2,069,888.11
China Emergency Medical Relief Commitee, Honolulu	30,000.00
Shanghai Municipal Council	10,000.00
Foreign Staff, Directorate General Salt Administration	4,000.00
British Fund for Relief in China (19th donation)	3,000.00
Through Mrs. J. B. Hipps	222.91
Mrs. Mary E. Williams	200.00
Auto Palace Co., Ltd.	160.00
Women's Auxiliary of Community Church	100.00
Staff of Wing On No. 3 Weaving Factory	50.00
Miss Bessie A. Hollows	50.00
K. Ashdowne	50.00
C. J. Kung	50.00
Chen San Zai	50.00
Messrs. T. F. and T. H. Wei	44.00
China International Famine Relief Commission	39.00
Yue I Ping	30.00
Anonymous	29.00
P. A. Timafeeff	28.00
Kung Chin Iron Works	25.00
I. N. Kousnetzoff	20.30
Asia Transportation Co.	20.00
Chang Woo Zon	20.00
"E. M. H."	20.00
Pacific-Ocean Dispensary	20.00
Wei Waung Chui Dye Co.	15.00
L. H. Barnes	14.90
Mr. J. and Mrs. Podushka	10.00
Loh Yung Ting	10.00
Designated for Water Supply:—	
Foreign and Chinese Staff, China Realty Co., Fed. U.S.A.	136.00
Staff, Lowe, Bingham & Matthews	108.00
Young Women's Service Group, Memorial Church	100.00
Staff, Standard Vacuum Co.	46.90
Danish members, Great Northern Telegraph Co.	23.50
Mrs. Mary E. Williams	22.72
A. G. A. R.	20.00
From I B Cathedral Girls' School	15.00
W. P. H.	10.00
Mr. and Mrs. T. R. H. Churton	10.00
Mr. and Mrs. James Hay	10.00
Ex Refugee	10.00
Mrs. Edna Franklin Kramer, New York	10.00
Dr. and Mrs. E. Kann	10.00
S. M. Joseph	10.00
E. M. H.	10.00
F. C. A.	10.00
S. J. S. B.	10.00
Bane and Patrick	10.00
Gladys B. Whyte	10.00
and a number of smaller donations.	
Save A Life A Month Club (23rd remittance)	87.00
Total as of June 11	$2,118,856.85

All donations should be sent to the Director's Office, 505 Honan Road.

Swedish Floods Doing Much Damage

Stockholm June 12.

Troops were standing by in several northern areas because timber stocks, loosened by last week's floods, broke loose at the junction of the Umeaa and Vender Rivers and rushed downstream shattering bridges in their path. Damage was estimated at 1,000,000 kroner.—United Press.

Hankow Britons to Meet Today

Hankow, June 13.

The Acting Consul-General, Mr. C. E. Whitamore, has called a meeting of all Britons in Hankow for tomorrow afternoon to discuss matters of "great importance" relating to the general situation.

It is also understood that several "international" trains are being organized for the end of this month to evacuate such foreigners as wish to leave.—Reuter.

Anking Captured by Japanese Forces

(Continued from page 5)

has risen only 15 or 16 feet, he said, whereas in flood time it reaches a stage of 30 or more feet.

River banks have been destroyed, he said, for a distance of eight kilometres in the vicinity of Kaifeng by thousands of Chinese farmers press-ganged by one division of Chinese troops who are supervising the destructive operations.

Assisting operations of Japanese warships and Army forces in the occupation of Anking on Sunday, naval planes bombed Chinese military positions on both sides of the Yangtze upstream from Tatung, according to a naval communique issued yesterday afternoon.

Raids were carried out also in Fukien and Kwangtung Provinces. In Fukien the Foochow arsenal, dockyards at Mawei and a "naval base" there were demolished by the raiders' bombs, the communiqué said.

In Kwangtung bombs were dropped on the Tsunghua airdrome, where hangars, barracks and ammunition dumps were damaged, the statement continued. Military barracks at the Bocca Tigris airdrome were set on fire.

Major Battle Expected

Tokyo, June 13.

The surprisingly rapid advance of the Japanese army, navy and airforce on Anking and the large Chinese troops concentrations in the sector between Anking and Sinyang on the Peiping-Hankow railway give every indication that a major battle will soon be fought near Hankow, according to a spokesman of the Japanese Foreign Office today.—Trans-Ocean.

On the South Bank

Hankow, June 13.

Japanese troops were landed this morning at Wushahsia and Chienchiangkou, on the south bank of the Yangtze opposite Anking, and also at Chinyangho, on the north bank under cover of a terrific bombardment from Japanese warships, according to an urgent telephone message from Anking to General Chiang Kai-shek's headquarters this afternoon.

The Japanese at Chienchiangkou, the message adds, are being driven back to their ships, while those at Wushahsia are being forced to retreat towards the Yangtze river bank.

Fighting is said to be still in progress on the north bank at Chinyangho.

Fighting is also stated to be going on near Sincheng station on the Peiping-Hankow Railway, south of Chengchow, where a detachment of Japanese troops appeared yesterday.

The Japanese forces in the Yushih region are reported to be attacking Yuchwan, northeast of Hsuchang, on the Peiping-Hankow Railway, while another Japanese column from the Luyi area are said to be attacking Hwaiyang, east of Chowchiakou, near Yencheng, on the railway.

Severe Fighting at Kweichih

Before the receipt of the urgent telephone message from the front, a Chinese military spokesman said that severe fighting was in progress at Kweichih, west of Wuhu, on the south bank of the Yangtze, where the Japanese, he declared, were landing troops from transports under cover of a bombardment from their warships.

Following their failure to effect a landing yesterday, the spokesman asserted, the Japanese managed to land troops this morning on the south bank near Kweichih.

He believed that the fighting near Kweichih would assume serious proportions shortly, since the Japanese landing operations there were not in the nature of a test but indicated an attempt to launch a drive along the Yangtse river.

Referring to the military situation in northwest Anhwei, the spokesman stated that Chinese forces were at present holding the hills at Taohsicheng, north of Shuchen, and also those at Luchiang, south of Shuchen.

The Chinese and Japanese, he said, had been facing each other since June 8 across the river west of Chengyangkwan.

In Shansi, the spokesman asserted, the Chinese forces were attacking Yunchen (Anyi). No progress, he said, had been made in the Chinese attack on Houma and Linfeng.

On the Shansi-Suiyuan border, the Japanese forces captured Pienkwan on June 5, but the Chinese, under Generals Fu Tso-yi and Ma Chan-shan, the spokesman claimed, counter-attacked on June 7 and recaptured Pienkwan.

The Japanese are alleged to have suffered between 1,000 and 1,500 casualties in the battle.

The Japanese area said to be retreating northeasteward towards Chingshuiho.

The spokesman added that the Chinese in Shantung were active in the vicinity of Mengyin, Taian and Poshan.

A large number of Chinese bombers hopped off today, for an undisclosed destination, probably to bomb Japanese warships near Kweichih.

The Japanese advance towards Chengchow along the Lunghai Railway had been halted by the Yellow River flood, and Japanese troops had commenced a general withdrawal eastward towards Kaifeng, declared a Chinese military spokesman today.

Breaks of 40 to 50 metres wide in the dykes of the Yellow River near Huayuankou on June 9, the spokesman added, resulted in a flood, which spread to the Lunghai Railway yesterday.

The Chinese and Japanese positions at Paisha, he asserted, were under water.—Reuter.

Nationalist Government to Move

Tokyo, June 13.

The administration is transferring its Government offices, including the Foreign Office, to Yunnanfu, capital of Yunnan Province, from Hankow on June 15, according to reliable information reaching here this afternoon.

The Chiang administration will station representatives in Hankow and Chungking, the reports said.

Commenting on the reports, a spokesman for the Foreign Office said "the next big news will be about a battle near Hankow."

The spokesman said that if the Nationalist Government offices are moved to Yunnanfu it will find it "almost impossible to maintain its Government machinery and armies."

He pointed out that income from Yunnan Province was "hardly enough to finance the present Chinese Government and armies."—Domei.

Japanese Press West

Having Captured Anking, Japanese naval and military forces yesterday evening were continuing their advance up the Yangtze, towards Hankow.

The occupied town was reported to be completely quiet, with Japanese sentries guarding the streets and Japanese warships standing guard on the river.

The town's population, dispatches received here said, began an exodus in the direction of Hankow a week ago. Since then, Anking has been denuded of its inhabitants.

Japanese warships strung along the Yangtze, meanwhile, continued to shell isolated Chinese units being driven within their range by a Japanese detachment which landed on the southern bank of the Yangtze on Saturday.—Domei.

Canton's Third Alarm in One Day

Canton, June 13.

For the first time in many months, Japanese aeroplanes in a second raid today invaded Kwangtung from a new base somewhere on the Fukien coast, probably at Amoy.

At 10.30 this morning, three Japanese planes were signalled to have come to the Kwangtung border from Fukien, via Swatow, according to Chinese despatches.

The alarm was sounded throughout Canton and, although no aircraft appeared, the "all clear" was not given until noon.

It was officially learned that the raiders reconnoitred over a large area in east Kwangtung, and scattered thousands of leaflets as well as dropping eight bombs on Kweichow.

No details were available on the damage done on the contents of the leaflets.

In the morning's raid on Kwangtung, ten bombs were dropped near Kiangsun, resulting in a number of casualties among the peasants. Many farm huts were also stated to have been demolished.

Tonight at 8 o'clock the alarm was sounded for the third time in Canton, but by 9 p.m. no planes had appeared.—Reuter.

Imperial Airways Flying Boat Forced Down

Simla, June 13.

The Imperial Airways flying boat Ceres, en route for Singapore, which left Karachi for Gwalior State yesterday morning, was forced down by bad weather and is now aground in shallow water in Lake Dingari, Tonk State. The plane is undamaged. The number of passengers aboard is not yet known.—Reuter.

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Sino-Japanese Clash At Geneva Meeting

China Accused of Drug Trafficking

Geneva, June 13.

Acute controversy developed this morning between the Chinese and Japanese delegates during the meeting of the Opium Committee.

The Japanese representative, Mr. Amau, accused China of carrying on opium traffic and asserted that Japan's policy aimed at suppressing such traffic.

He let it be understood that Japan would leave the technical organization of the League of Nations if the Committee "did not examine with impartiality the question of opium traffic in the Far East."

The Chinese delegate, Dr. Victor Hoo, retorted that the Japanese military authorities and some Japanese consulates favoured drug traffic in China. The Japanese intention to maintain the present policy, he said, was equivalent to an attempt at systematically poisoning the Chinese people with drugs.

Manchoukuo, he asserted, had become a vast arsenal for distributing opium. In conclusion, Dr. Hoo requested the Committee to examine the situation most carefully.—Havas.

Chinese Exodus from Kiukiang Continues

Foreigners Not Moved; City Believed Safe as Yet

Hankow, June 13.

The exodus of Chinese from Kiukiang to Hankow and from Hankow to Ichang, which has been in progress during the past few days, has been intensified as a result of the Japanese announcement that a drive on Hankow along the Yangtze is commencing.

According to a foreign shipping firm, all their ships from Kiukiang to Hankow and from here to places upriver are fully booked up.

Contrary to certain rumours in circulation here, Reuter is informed that Britons in Kiukiang and Kuling have not been requested to evacuate, and it is generally felt that many weeks must elapse before Kiukiang is seriously threatened.

The British gunboat Cockchafer continues to stand by at Kiukiang, while the Americans also have a gunboat there.—Reuter.

French Deny Secret Pact With China

Paris, June 13.

Reports apparently spread in Tokyo regarding a secret agreement reached in Paris, under which France would help China financially and supply her with war material and military and technical aid, were denied in authoritative French circles today.—Reuter.

Manchoukuo's Trade Envoy to Peiping

Changchun, June 13.

The Government invalled tomorrow promulgate an Imperial Ordinance authorizing it to despatch commercial representatives accredited to the Provisional Chinese and the Autonomous Inner Mongolian Governments.

The promulgation of the decree will culminate the successful conclusion of negotiations among the three Governments.—Domei.

FUNERALS

Mr. Jon Oestboe

In the presence of friends the funeral service was held yesterday afternoon at the Hungjao Road Cemetery for the late Mr. Jon Oestboe. The Rev. John W. Minter, of the Community Church, conducted the last rites. The deceased, a former seafaring man, has been in Shanghai the past three years and he died after a short illness at the Country Hospital last Saturday at the age of 33 years. He has no relatives in Shanghai but it is believed that he has a mother and other near relatives in Norway.

Most of those present at the service were sea captains and friends of the deceased and Mr. F. Orvin, Vice-Consul of the Norwegian Consulate-General, was present, representing deceased's Consulate. Among those sending flowers were:—

Victor and Martin; captain and officers, ss. Prominent; captain and officers, ss. Unifa; Shepherd's Hostel; Ragnar Broch-Berbom; Mr. and Mrs. Halleland Signy Eriksen; Mr. and Mrs. R. O. Engelsen; Capt. J. H. Jahnsen; Mr. and Mrs. Proitz Kristofersen; Capt. F. Rodseth; T. Thowsen; and others.

Funeral arrangements were under the direction of the International Funeral Directors.

Mr. Maxim Karpovich Karpoff

In the presence of a large attendance of mourners funeral services were held yesterday afternoon at the Russian Orthodox Mission Church on Rue Paul Henry for the late Mr. Maxim Karpovich Karpoff. The deceased was employed as bodyguard for Mr. Cho-Sung, prominent Shanghai factory owner, and he was killed by gunshot wounds on Friday morning near the Cathay Hotal when assassins attempted to take the life of his employer.

The deceased was a single man 36 years of age and has no family in Shanghai. His employer, Mr. Yue, is still in the Paulun Hospital receiving medical treatment for wounds sustained in the attempted assassination and was unable to be present at the services but other members of his family were in attendance.

Fathers Pahony, Modest, Alesey and Deacon Bortzevich officiated, assisted by the Russian Choir. The casket was carried to the grave by Messrs. F. Lesnin, F. Lushnikoff, A. Nicolaevsky and V. Sheveleff.

Funeral arrangements were under the direction of the International Funeral Directors.

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CATHAY - COMING SOON!

THE SPORTS PAGE

Australia Has to Follow-on

Side Dismissed for 411 Runs; Heroic 232 by Stan McCabe in Test Match

Nottingham, June 13.

A HEROIC and desperate innings by Stan McCabe, the Australian all-rounder, who scored 232 in a glorious knock lasting 235 minutes, failed to save Australia from a follow-on in the First Test match at Trent Bridge today. In face of an inspired English attack, which was brilliantly handled by Hammond, the Australians were dismissed for 411 runs, or 247 behind England.

No tea interval was taken, but at 5 p.m. the Australians had made 26 without losing a wicket, with Fingleton 14 and Brown 9.

McCabe, whose contribution today was his highest in a Test against England, beating his 187 not out at Sydney in 1932-33, made many invaluable stands with the tail.

McCabe Steals Bowling

In his last partnership with Fleetwood-Smith, he cleverly stole the bowling and attempted to make every scoring stroke a boundary. After reaching his 150 he took two fours in succession off Wright, and another two fours later. Subsequently he scored 14 runs off Wright to complete his double century. After the luncheon interval he scored 105 runs in 65 minutes.

The last partnership produced 77 runs in 30 minutes.

Farnes and Wright were the most successful English bowlers, each claiming four wickets for 106 and 153 respectively.

Morning's Play

In glorious and cloudless weather McCabe (19) and Ward (0) resumed their innings this morning, but England's bowlers met with quick successes. Farnes, Sinfield, Wright Verity and Hammond all were at their best, and they were backed up by splendid fielding.

Farnes was the first to claim a victim, when he clean bowled Ward with the second ball of his second over after the batsman had made only two (144/4).

Hassett filled the breach and almost played on with the second ball delivered to him. In the next over, however, he was caught by Hammond at first slip off Wright for only one (151/5).

McCabe Brilliant

Badcock joined McCabe, who was batting brilliantly, driving and pulling. He sent Farnes clean over the tapes for a six to reach his half century in 85 minutes, and completed his 100 after 135 minutes.

Hammond then had an inspiration and put on Wright at the pavilion end, and this move immediately bore fruit for a delivery from the new bowler caught Badcock in two minds and in attempting a chop stroke had his off stump uprooted.

Badcock's contribution was only nine (194/6).

Barnett and McCabe now became associated and they had brought the score to 261 when the luncheon adjournment was announced, with McCabe at 105 and his colleague 20.

Afternoon's Play

Upon resumption Farnes made two deliveries with the old ball, and then called for a new one, with which he met immediate success.

With his first delivery he caused Barnett to lift to Wright at cover. The wicket-keeper made 22, and his partnership with McCabe produced 69 in 53 minutes (263 for 7).

O'Reilly stayed long enough to see the 300 hoisted, but shortly afterwards he was caught by Paynter at midon off Farnes for nine. His stand with McCabe yielded 56 runs in 25 minutes (316/8).

Hammond at this stage was varying his length, but Farnes later lost his accuracy and direction and was punished by McCabe, who took three fours off him in one over.

McCabe gave a chance at 123, but Edrich, fielding at square leg, failed to hold the ball.

McCormick, the next to go, was clean bowled by Wright for two (334 for 9).

After collaring the bowling and putting the score up to 422 McCabe was caught by Compton at cover off Verity for 232, which included one sixer and 34 fours.

Fleetwood-Smith was 5 not out. Details:

Enland—658 for eight, declared.

AUSTRALIA—1ST INNING

Fingleton, b. Wright	9
Brown, c. Ames, b. Farnes	46
Bradman, c. Ames, b. Sinfield	51
McCabe, c. Compton, b. Verity	232
Ward, b. Farnes	2
Hassett, c. Hammond, b. Wright	1
Badcock, b. Wright	9
Barnett, c. Wright, b. Farnes	22
O'Reilly, c. Paynter, b. Farnes	9
McCormick, b. Wright	2
Fleetwood-Smith, not out	5
Extras	21
Total	411

Fall of wickets:—34-1 (Fingleton); 111-2 (Bradman); 134-3 (Brown); 144-4 (Ward); 151-5 (Hassett); 194-6 (Badcock); 263-7 (Barnett); 316-8 (O'Reilly); 324-9 (McCormick); 411-10 (McCabe).

BOWLING

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Farnes	37	11	106	4
Hammond	19	7	44	0
Sinfield	23	8	51	1
Wright	39	6	153	4
Verity	7.3	0	36	1

—Reuter.

Close of Play Score

Australia 2nd Innings

*Fingleton, c. Hammond, b. Edrich	40
Brown not out	51
Bradman not out	3
Extras	8
Total (for 1 wicket)	102

*89 for 1

Clergyman Defends Racing

London, June 13.

Racing, which has for so long endured the condemnation of various bodies in this country because of the betting connected with it, has found an advocate in a Melbourne clergyman, Brother Rasmussen.

At a church conference held here Mr. Rasmussen stoutly defended the turf. He said that he much enjoyed listening in to the accounts of races and he would regret anything that would interfere with the growth of the racing game.—Reuter.

65,000 Watch Italy Conquer France

Tired Swiss Side Succumb To Hungary in Football World Championship

Paris, June 13.

Three nations, Hungary, Sweden and Italy, have entered the semi-finals of the world football cup as a result of yesterday's matches. The game between Czechoslovakia and Brazil ended in a 1-1 draw and will have to be replayed at Bordeaux tomorrow.

One of the outstanding surprises of the day was the defeat of Switzerland by Hungary at Lille. The Swiss plainly revealed themselves as a tired team following their two hard games with Germany and allowed themselves to be eliminated by two goals to nothing.

France put up a good show against Italy until half time when the score stood one all. In the second half, however, the Italians got the upper hand and won the fiercely contested game by three goals to one. This match which was played at the Prince's Park in Paris was witnessed by 65,000 spectators.

Sweden made a shooting festival of their game with Cuba, winning by eight goals to nothing. In the semi-final on June 16 Hungary will oppose Sweden whilst Italy will meet the victor of the replay of Brazil and Czechoslovakia.—Trans-Ocean.

American Co. Shoot Held Despite Rain

Marksmanship Displayed By New Recruits

The American Company, S.V.C., turned out 43 strong at the Rifle Range on Sunday for its annual shoot. Despite the downpour some excellent marksmanship was shown in firing the Browning Automatic Course. The long range events however were postponed because of the health risks involved in exposure to inclement weather.

The company returned to the S.V.C. drill hall at 10 a.m. All members were Capt. Farnham's guests over steaming cups of coffee and crisp doughnuts.

Due to the courtesy of the officers of the Transport Company the American Company were able to use the minature range in the S.V.C. drill hall from 11 a.m. The committee hastily gathered and produced a new schedule of events.

Recruits Do Well

Competition was extremely keen and made necessary shooting off tie scores in several instances. The new recruits showed up very well and indications are that the old standbys of the company will soon have able assistance in upholding the American Company's enviable record with the rifle.

Lt. Hutchinson has succeeded in inculcating a fine spirit into the men and they put on an excellent demonstration for Capt. Farnham who shortly proceeds on long leave.

Following are the results of the various competitions.

Browning Automatic Competition:—Sgt. C. Langley 1st; H. Low 2nd.

Browning Automatic Recruit's Prize:—D. Kim.

Grand Aggregate (Rifle):—J. Maher 1st; J. Ewart 2nd.

Bullseye Competition:—A. Morrison 1st; M. Kuhn 2nd.

Application Event:—J. Schultz 1st; J. Ross 2nd.

Rapid Fire Event:—R. Hutchinson 1st; W. Kabbert 2nd.

Seals Climb Rapidly In Coast Baseball

Win Doubleheader While Sacramento Falter

San Francisco, June 12.

Although the Sacramento Senators dropped both ends of their doubleheader to the Hollywood Missions, they maintained their lead in the Pacific Coast league today. Even a double victory by the San Francisco Seals over the Portland Beavers failed to budge the Nats from the top spot.

Openers

	R.	H.	E.
Hollywood	2	8	1
Sacramento	1	3	0
Oakland	3	9	0
San Diego	1	9	0
Portland	2	8	0
San Francisco	7	13	1
Seattle	4	10	0
Los Angeles	5	9	0

Night Caps

Hollywood	5	12	0
Sacramento	3	7	1
Oakland	2	8	1
San Diego	6	7	0
Portland	1	7	1
San Francisco	2	6	1
Seattle	0	2	0
Los Angeles	1	5	0

Team Standings

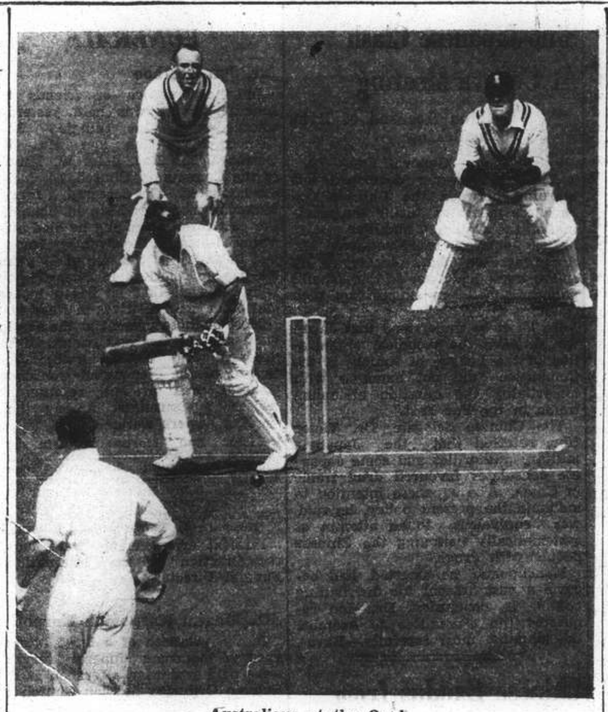
	Won	Lost	Pct.
Sacramento	44	23	.603
San Francisco	42	32	.568
San Diego	39	28	.520
Los Angeles	33	36	.514
Portland	37	37	.500
Hollywood	35	39	.473
Seattle	25	40	.467
Oakland	26	50	.342

—United Press.

French Swimmers Win

Amsterdam, June 13.

Holland was defeated by France in an international swimming contest held at Bergen op Zoom yesterday. In waterpolo, France won by 4-3 goals. The 800 metre relay race was won by France in 9 min. 27.7 seconds.—Trans-Ocean.



Australians at the Oval

Australia's Test cricketers are seen playing at the Oval against Surrey with Fingleton batting at Watts. In the Test on Saturday, great things were expected of Fingleton, Australia's opening bat who had been knocking up big scores since arriving in England, but he was bowled by Wright for only nine runs when he pulled a hop into his wicket.

Pirates Clamber To 3rd Place

Whip Phillies as Giants Split Bill; Sensational Batting by Johnson

New York, June 2.

None of the National League baseball teams failed to win both ends of their double bills today but several changes were made in the standing.

The Pittsburgh Pirates, who trounced the Philadelphia Phillies, 11-5, in the opener and who were forced to halt in the second inning of the night cap because of the Pennsylvania law forbidding play after 6 p.m. on Sundays, climbed into third place.

Although the Boston Bees and the Cincinnati Reds split their doubleheader, the Beantowners dropped to fifth berth from the third position, the Reds remaining in fourth place.

Scoring four runs in the sixth frame, the New York Giants triumphed over the St. Louis Cardinals, 8-5, in the curtain-raiser, but the Cards came through with two markers in the fifth session of the night-cap to share honours, 4-1.

Van Mungo to the Showers

After scoring all their nine runs in the eighth stanza when they chased Van Mungo to the showers and beat the Brooklyn Dodgers, 9-3, the Chicago Cubs fell before the Flatbush Fusiliers in the second game, 6-0. The Flatbushers hung up five markers in the third canto.

Elburt Fletcher singled in the 10th inning to score Tony Cuccinello and thus helped the Boston Bees beat the Cincinnati Reds, 6-5. The Redlegs, however, had their revenge and took the concluding tussel, 7-4, scoring six runs on Hal Warstler's three costly errors. Ival Goodman homered for the Reds.

By notching up six runs in the fifth canto, the Bucs downed the Phils, 11-5. It was Rizzo's homer with three on bases which sent the Buccaneers ahead.

Joe Gordon's homer with one aboard in the eighth gave the New York Yankees a 7-6 win over the Cleveland Indians, although Charlie Ruffing also played a prominent role in the victory. He not only hurled fine ball but he lashed out a homer which helped to chase in three men.

Great Batting Feat

In tallying two runs in the ninth frame, the Boston Red Sox trimmed the Chicago White Sox, 3-2 despite Gee Walker's homer. However, in the night cap, Walker again banged out a four-ply blow in the ninth and helped the Chisox triumph, 4-3.

Bob Johnson won the curtain-raiser for the Philadelphia Athletics against the St. Louis Browns, 8-3, when he drove in all the runs. He scored a homer in the first inning with three men on bases, singled in the third and crashed out another circuit blow in the seventh when there were two aboard. The Mackmen also took the second tilt, 1-0, when the game was called in the fifth frame.

The Detroit Tigers took the Washington Senators for an 18-12 ride in the day's wildest hitting encounter. The Bengals scored ten runs in the fourth and seven in the ninth. Rick Ferrell and Gehringer homered.

National League

OPENERS

	R.	H.	E.
Boston	6	9	1
Cincinnati	5	10	5*

Batteries: Shoffner, Lanning and Mueller; Weaver, Schott, Cascarella and Lombadri, V. Davis.

Brooklyn	3	7	0
Chicago	9	12	3

Batteries: Munro, Tamulis, Butcher and Phelps; Lee, Bryant and Hartnett.

Philadelphia	5	14	2
Pittsburgh	11	13	0

Batteries: Mulcahy, Jorgens and Atwood, Wilson; Klinger, Brown and Todd.

New York	8	10	0
St. Louis	5	9	1

Batteries: Gumbert, Coffman and Danning; Warneke, Macon, Shoun and Owen.

*Ten innings.

NIGHT CAPS

Boston	4	14	3
Cincinnati	7	10	1

Batteries: Turner, Hutchinson and Riddle; Vandermeer, Grisson and Lombardi, Moore.

Brooklyn	6	12	0
Chicago	0	4	2

Batteries: Fitzsimmons and Phelps French, Root, Russell and Garbark.

New York	1	6	0
St. Louis	4	8	0

Batteries: Hubbell, Brown and Mancuso; Weiland and Bremer.

Philadelphia v. Pittsburgh called in second in compliance with Pennsylvania law forbidding play after 6 p.m.

American League

OPENERS

Chicago	2	5	0
Boston	3	8	0

Batteries: Lyons and Sewell; Wilson, Bagby and Desautels.

St. Louis	3	7	0
Philadelphia	8	11	1

Batteries: Walkup, Bonetti and Sullivan; Ross and Hayes.

Cleveland	6	10	1
New York	7	8	0

Batteries: Allen, Feller and Pytlak, Ruffing and Dickey.

Detroit	18	20	1
Washington	12	15	2

Batteries: Poffenderger, Wade, Coffman, Bridges and York; W. Ferrell, Kelley, Appleton, Krakauskas and R. Ferrell.

NIGHT CAPS

Chicago	4	7	0
Boston	5	5	1

Batteries: Dietrich, Rigney and Rensa; Marcum and Peacock.

St. Louis	0	1	0
Philadelphia	1	5	0*

Batteries: Mills and Heath; Thomas and Brucker.

*Called in fifth due to rain.

Team Standings

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	Pct.
New York	31	17	.646
Chicago	30	20	.600
Pittsburgh	24	21	.533
Cincinnati	25	22	.532
Boston	22	21	.512
St. Louis	20	26	.435
Brooklyn	21	28	.429
Philadelphia	12	30	.286

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Cleveland	29	18	.617
New York	27	19	.587
Boston	23	21	.553
Washington	27	25	.519
Detroit	25	24	.510
Philadelphia	21	26	.447
Chicago	16	25	.419
St. Louis	15	30	.333

—United Press.

"Dizzy" Dean's Bad Arm Traced to Broken Toe

U.S.$250,000 Limb Placed Under Expert Attention

Chicago, June 12.

While the Chicago Cubs today were playing at Boston, a corps of medical specialists were preparing to conduct a thorough examination of "Dizzy" Dean, whose U.S.$250,000 arm has failed him again.

Charles Drake, assistant to Phil K. Wrigley, owner of the Bruins, tracked down Dean's injury to a broken toe sustained last year.

"Dean's trouble," he said, "started with a toe broken by a batted ball last summer in the All-Star game. He changed his style in order to take pressure off his hurt toe but the new style brought about the present arm injury.

"We have arranged for a special examination from toe to arm."

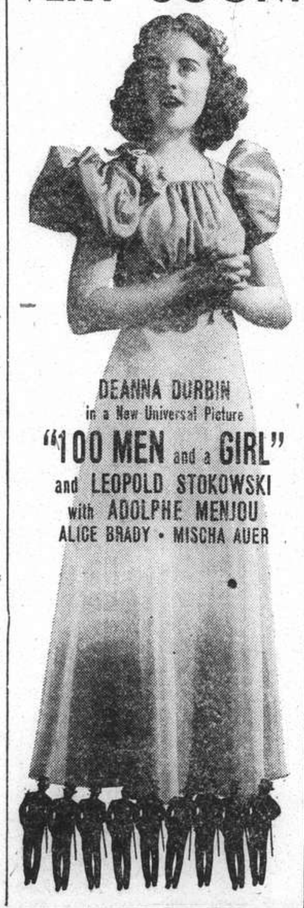
Dean's Chatter Stopped

Charlie Grimm, manager of the Cubs, denied that he was sending Dean into retirement.

He indicated, however, that if Dean fails in his next comeback attempt he would probably be unsued until 1939.

The revelation of the seriousness of his injury caused Dean to halt his enthusiastic chatter as to how he would gather at least twenty victories and also caused him to quit pestering Manager Grimm for a chance to walk up to the mound again and start twirling.—United Press.

RETURNING VERY SOON!



DEANNA DURBIN in a New Universal Picture "100 MEN and a GIRL" and LEOPOLD STOKOWSKI with ADOLPHE MENJOU ALICE BRADY • MISCHA AUER

Million-Dollar Gate Assured For Louis-Schmeling Battle

Respect Increases for Beetle-browed German Menace; Most Discussed Bout Since Dempsey-Tunney

New York, June 12.

WITH both Joe Louis, heavyweight champion of the world, and Max Schmeling, beetle-browed German menace to the throne, entering the final laps of their training prior to the widely-heralded battle for the world championship on June 22, increasing public confidence in the ability of Der Schlager to repeat his victory of two years ago has battered the odds on the fight close to even money.

Odds now are quoted as 7-5 in favour of Louis, as compared with the 9-5 and 2-1 quotations cited by bookmakers and Broadway betting commissioners last week.

Poor form in training shown by Louis plus excellent form shown by the German resulted in the sudden shift in odds.

The Brown Bomber, however, always a slow starter in his training grinds, showed marked improvement in ringcraft in his drills yesterday and today.

Tickets Selling Fast

Another important factor to be taken into consideration is the prediction by Jimmy Braddock, former heavyweight titleholder, that Louis would defeat the German, which may lengthen the odds during the week provided that Louis continues to improve.

In that event, the negro champion may even be a 12-5 shot on the night of the fight.

Mike Jacobs, matchmaker for the Twentieth Century Sporting Club and Madison Square Garden Corporation, joint sponsors of the fight, stated today that that ticket sales are approaching the US$600,000 mark, thus virtually assuring the first million dollar fight gate since the second Dempsey-Tunney fight in Chicago in 1937.

Since the forthcoming battle is one of the most discussed matches in the history of the ring there is an almost incredible and widespread hysteria surrounding it. Huge amounts of money will certainly change hands after the battle in view of the stupendous total of private betting incidental to the fight.

Tremendous Interest

Crowds are swarming to the training camps at Pompton Lakes and Speculator to see the fighters work out. Yesterday 6,000 jammed Louis' camp at Pompton Lakes, overflowing out into the street when the camp could no longer accommodate them, while 7,500 witnesses were at Speculator to watch Schmeling work out.

Jacobs is elated over the storm of interest surrounding the battle and true to his reputation for far-sightedness, has contracted both Louis and Schmeling for a third meeting next September in the event the result is close enough to justify another battle.

In the event that the bout is one-sided or either fighter wins by a knockout, the victor will fight Max Baer, Jacobs said.

Polo Players Asked to Warn Their Mafoos

Danger of Ignoring Rule Again Emphasized

BY "THE CHASER"

With summer comes polo and with polo comes the age old notice and request to playing members to warn their mafoos not to walk the ponies along the inner rails of the training track in the Race Course, but, apparently, to many players this notice appears to be just a matter of form; nothing is done about it and their mafoos gaily carry on walking wherever they please, not giving a thought to the safety of others.

Perhaps it is that they do not realize the danger involved, especially in the mornings when there are so many riders on the track and any shying or interference may lead to a serious accident. The Riding Schools should also warn their mafoos against this practice as it appears that mafoos from these institutions are the chief offenders.

Tyro Cup Changes

The conditions of the Tyro Cup, which was presented by Mr. J. A. Hayes in 1931 for the improvement of novice players, have been revised this year and several excellent changes have been made.

In the old rule any player whose handicap did not exceed one goal was eligible. This year the rules have been altered so that a team may choose a senior player to act as their Field Captain and Coach, and the other members of the team are not to have a handicap of more than one, but the total handicap of the team may not exceed two, plus the handicap of the Captain.

By this new rule the novices will have the benefit of the experience of the more seasoned players, who can coach during the game and explain the various fouls, which seem to be the misery of beginners. Entries for the Tyro Cup are not yet opened as the handicaps for the season have not yet been determined, but are expected to be published shortly.

French Derby Won By Cillas

Paris, June 13.

M. Boussac's colt, Cillas, ridden by Elliott, won the French Derby at Chantilly yesterday, beating Canet by 1½ lengths. Antonym was third. The favourite, Castel Fusano, came in fifth.—Trans-Ocean.

French Davis Cup Team

Paris, June 13.

After Petra-Destremau succeeded in defeating the strong American combination of Budge-Mako in the French tennis championships yesterday, the Selection Committee of the French Tennis Association met in order to discuss the choice of the French Davis Cup team to play against Germany in Berlin from July 22 to 24.

Although no official announcement has been made, it is practically certain that Petra and Destremau will play in the singles and that Petra and Lesueur will contest the doubles if after the first day it is thought advisable not to let Petra and Destremau play.—Trans-Ocean.

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Screen Play by James Mulhauser, Robert T. Shannon & Albert R. Perkins

Directed by S. SYLVAN SIMON — Associate Producer EDMUND GRAINGER

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"ALL ABOARD" (Musical Comedy)
"The MYSTERIOUS JUG" (Cartoon)

Budge, Mako Lose In Paris Final

Sharp Volleys of Petra, Destremau Win Doubles; Mme. Mathieu's Success

Paris, June 13.

In the final of the Men's Doubles Championship played here yesterday, Yvon Petra and Bernard Destremau defeated Donald Budge and Gene Mako to win the championship by 3-6, 6-3, 9-7, and 6-1

Budge was not up to his usual brilliant form, playing an erratic game.

The French pair slammed volleys over the net which proved irresistible to the American pair.

In the final of the Women's Doubles, Miss Adeline Yorke and Mme. Rene Mathieu defeated Mlle. Halff and Mme. Landry 6-3, 6-3.

Mme. Rene Mathieu and her partner Mitio defeated Miss Nancy Wynne and Christian Boussus by 2-6, 6-3 and 6-4 to win the Mixed Doubles Championship here yesterday.—Reuter.

Queen Elizabeth to Attend Ascot Races

London, June 12.

It was officially announced here today that Queen Elizabeth has completely recovered from her slight cold and will accompany the King this week to the Ascot race meeting. —Havas.

Kent Cup Call-over

London, June 13.

The following is the call-over for the Kent Cup:

7-1 Azam Pasha offered, 15-2 taken
9-1 Artist Prince offered, 10-1 taken
100-8 Couvert offered, 100-7 taken
100-8 Full Sail
100-7 Phakos, Moody and Terror offered
100-6 Burdock offered, 18-1 taken
100-6 Lady of Shalott and Galsonia offered, 20-1 taken
100-6 Reward and Noble King
20-1 Puzzler offered
20-1 Alarm Bell offered, 25-1 taken
20-1 Le Ksar, Overcoat, Blandstar, and Dan Buler offered
25-1 Carlisle offered, 20-1 taken
25-1 Edgehill
33-1 Canteener, taken and offered.

—Reuter.

Canada to Play Japan

Montreal, June 12.

The first round Davis Cup tie in the North American Zone between Canada and Japan will be played off on the Mount Royal courts on July 28 and 30, it was announced today.—United Press.

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Church Growth in Haichow

Inculcating Self-Support Principles Great Boon To Christian Progress; War Hinders Work

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

THE period 1928/38, immediately following the disturbed revolutionary interlude of 1926-1927, was marked in the Haichow District by progress in practically all lines. From being a sort of eddy, cut off from the main stream of commercial, social and political life, this district steadily pushed out into the main current, and was making rapid strides toward a commanding position in this section of China.

With a greatly improved Governmental system which had very largely put down banditry; with good railway, steamship and airway connections, and in possession of one of the best motor road networks to be found in China, away from the immediate environs of such cities as Shanghai, Tientsin and the like, and this system of roads being improved steadily up to the beginning of hostilities this summer the Haichow Territory was ready for a general advance in material things. Of course, the present campaign of fighting has checked the material progress in this district.

Along spiritual lines progress has been greater than along any material line. The Christian Church in the Haichow District made phenominal advances in ten years, and the forward march continues in spite of the handicaps of war conditions.

Self-Supporting Practices

In 1927 there was not a single self-supporting church in the Haichow field, and many of the groups were giving almost nothing to the support of their preachers. Out of the refining fires of the 1927-1928 persecution came a new type of Christian. Right then many old methods were changed and tremendous emphasis was placed on the development of self-support, and the standards of church membership were raised higher and higher to prevent the necessity of repeating former purges.

Since 1928, the progress of the church has been steadily increasing. Whereas in 1927 there were self-supporting Churches in this field, now there are 50. Some of these are in groups under one preacher or pastor, and some have a preacher or pastor for just one place. All outstations also are self-supporting.

The West Gate Church had only 48 members when it began to support itself, and the Sinpu Church, which came next in line, had only 22 members. This church had more than 70 members before the purge, and all but one had to be excommunicated—the reaction from this had to be overcome, before any real progress could be made. When 21 new members had been added, this church had a real foundation and has steadily grown since then.

The Haichow City Church was next in line, which joined the ranks of self-supporting churches when it had about 20 members. Then came the problem of the strictly country churches and groups of churches. Many said the country people were "Just too poor to do it," but it turned out to be the same problem, the old, old problem of separating a man from his money, for something else besides his own personal material benefit. By this time, of course, the movement had gained some momentum, and better still, the generous givers in the self-supporting churches had begun to enjoy their giving and were telling others about their joy. More than this, tithing, more and more gained favour as its value was seen.

The first strictly country church to become self-supporting was the one at Yangchiachi, where Mr. John W. Vinson was captured by bandits something over a year before. This church made tremendous strides after Mr. Vinson was captured and killed. Though there are only about 47 baptized members in the group of country churches, between five and 600 people gather in the church at Yangchiachi on Sundays to worship.

Control Given to Chinese

The authority and control has been passed over to the Chinese leaders just as fast as the support has been taken over by the Chinese constituency. Funds from foreign sources have not been administered by the Chinese leaders, for this would have greatly handicapped the advance of the self-support movement. Such funds are now being used in promoting a wide evangelism, reaching out for the unreached multitudes. The emphasis in the life of the already independent churches is now on self-propagation, the establishing of new groups of believers and the building up of new churches through the efforts and the gifts of the already established churches, and also the development of the missionary spirit which will take their interest and their gifts far out beyond their own borders.

Since 1927, the problem of "Rice-Christians" has largely vanished. The former persecution after 1927, the rise of self-support and the raised standard of membership have about eliminated this class. They do not try to get into the Church for what they can get out it in material gain, for there is no such gain to be gotten.

Depression over Haichow Area

After hostilities began, this section probably suffered more than most other parts of China, in which actual fighting between the two contending forces has not occurred. This section is largely dependent on import and export business and on the many and varied activities of the Salt Gabelle and the salt-making and salt-merchandising connected with it. The blockade of the ports has largely paralyzed imports and exports and the inactivity of the Salt Administration has thrown many out of employment.

For a long time, airraids with accompanying bombing and machine-gunning demoralized other types of business, but the people soon got accustomed to the raids and went about their work as usual.

The depression and economic stagnation have radically tested the structure of self-support in this whole territory. Instead of failure or retrogression, there has been real progress. In a few places, where the situation was so bad, many of the supporters of the work had to leave, churches which were better off when helped out, so the work went ahead without interruption.

The story of how the Haichow West Gate Church met its problem, caused by the situation and the depression, is a most interesting one. In October, for financial reasons, the work in the mission hospital had to be greatly curtailed. This entailed the loss of a large number of the very best church leaders, for they had to go elsewhere to get employment. Right at this time, bombing was at its height, and many other members left for what they thought would be safer places.

These consisted of about three-fourths of the financial support of the church. This group had not only supported its own work, but had been helping the work in a city nearby. The first reaction was to cut off the help to the neighbouring place and see what could be done about their own expenses. Instead of doing this, however, the decision was to continue aiding the neighbouring place, and trust the Lord for their own needs. Very shortly an evangelist meeting was started which lasted for seven weeks. This resulted in adding enough new believers and stimulating the old members to such an extent, that together they raised far more monthly contributions for the work of the church than they had before the exodus.

Many businessmen as well as missionaries are interested in the development of church work in this district, specially along the line of self-support, because the work has not followed conventional lines.

Anglo-German Dispute Over Austrian Loans

Britain May Institute Clearances for Service

London, June 13.

According to well-informed circles here, the British Government is worrying more about the German attitude in the matter of Austrian loans than the Spanish problem.

Certain circles see in this a confirmation of Mr. Chamberlain's idea that the real danger may come from Berlin and not Rome. The German thesis with regard to the Austrian loans is considered as unacceptable here.

It is stated that negotiations will continue, but last Saturday Sir Nevile Henderson, British Ambassador to the Reich, is said to have warned Herr Joachim von Ribbentrop, the German Foreign Minister, that if the negotiations did not end successfully by the end of June, clearing restrictions would be put into force by Great Britain in order to recover the necessary sums to the service of the loans.—Havas.

Rickshaws Barred from Garden Bridge

Effective at 5 o'clock morning, no rickshaws will be allowed to pass over Garden Bridge, according to a proclamation issued yesterday afternoon by the detachment of Japanese bluejackets of the Special Naval Landing Party commanded by Lieut.-Commander Sashichiro Tadano.

Movement of rickshaws over the Chapoo Road Bridge will be permitted during designated hours, the proclamation said. No change will take place in regulations governing the movement of rickshaws over the Szechuen Road Bridge.—Domei.

C.I.O. Leader Fails to Settle Dispute

Two U.A.W. Union Heads At Loggerheads

Washington, June 12.

Efforts of Mr. John L. Lewis, chairman of the Committee for industrial Organization, to mediate in the United Automobile Workers dispute between Mr. Homer Martin, president of the union, and Mr. R. T. Frankensteen, union organizer, failed today after a six hour conference in the United Mine Workers of America office. The principals in the dispute said they had "nothing to say" when they left the office of their union in the C.I.O.—United Press.

General Strike in Mexico

Pueblo, Mexico, June 12.

Business, Government and labour groups held emergency meetings today in an effort to settle the general strike which is spreading from the textile factory here to power plants and shops.—United Press.

Acid Falls From Truck

As the result of a carboy of acid falling from a truck in the western mill area an alarm was raised at about 5.15 p.m. yesterday, and one fire engine was despatched to the scene. After 23 minutes work the engine returned to the station.

Ex-Kaiser Enjoys His Former Glory

For one brief day, the Ex-Kaiser Wilhelm of Germany enjoyed the glittering days of the past when he attended the wedding at Doorn, Holland, of his grandson, Prince Louis Ferdinand, and the Grand Duchess Kyra of Russia. Three ceremonies were held to solemnize the marriage, the last being held at the sanctuary in Holland of the Ex-Kaiser.

The National Gallery

Celebrates Centenary of Present Building; Queen Victoria Saw Premises 100 Years Ago

THE National Gallery seems so established an institution that it is difficult to visualise a London in which it had no part. Yet a hundred years ago, when the President of the Royal Academy conducted Queen Victoria over the new building in Trafalgar Square, museums were a comparatively new invention. As an institution the public museum and gallery has grown with the growth of democracy.

It owes its existence largely to the French Revolution, when the State became the people and Monarchy ceased to be the State. What had been privileged with the change of order became public, and by a simple justice palaces were turned into museums of art for the people. Indeed, it was difficult to know what else to do with them. So during the golden years of the nineteenth century, while democracy flourished in a world which seems strangely free today, the museum as a cultural institution was regarded in every country, in every large city, as a necessity. It is hard to realise that it was an innovation, an experiment, in the lifetime of our greatgrand-fathers, states the "Manchester Guardian."

Two days after the Queen's visit the new rooms were thrown open to the public, and on April 8 the trustees celebrated the centenary of the present building with a reception to mark the opening of a new gallery. The foundation of the collection antedates the centenary by fourteen years. In 1824, during Lord Liverpool's Administration, the Government purchased 38 pictures from the executors of Mr. J. J. Angerstein for £57,000. These were exhibited for 10 years in Mr. Angerstein's old house, No. 100, Pall Mall, but were transferred in 1834 to No. 105, next door to the Travellers" Club.

These fourteen years had not been uneventful. Mr. William Seguier, the first kepeer, found his post no sinecure. A freer press, at least one freer with abuse, attacked his knowledge, integrity, and even his personal appearance. The arrangement of pictures was criticised and the direction voted incompetent. The curious will find a wealth of invective quoted in Mr. Whitley's "Art in England, 1821-1837." Art, or the love of art, seems then, as to-day, to have evoked the bitterest passions of humanity.

The Building

Public opinion, however, took the infant gallery to its heart and demanded a permanent home. The collection was growing by gift and bequest, and finally the Government was spurred to action. The site of the King's Mews in Trafalgar Square was approved, and William Wilkins, R.A., was commissioned to design a building which was to serve the double purpose of a national gallery and a home for the Royal Academy, then boarded out in Somerset House. Wilkins was described by Waagen, Director of the Berlin Royal Gallery, to the Duke of Sutherland as "a man of fine person, distinguished from most architects by a solid, learned education."

Press comments, vitriolic enough on the occasion of the completion of the eastern half in 1837—that devoted to the Royal Academy,—were no less caustic when the western wing was finished. The "Times" in fine style damned the lot, while the "Spectator" with acid contempt remarked: "The best that can be said of this paltry place is that there is plenty of light, though it requires better management." The colour of the walls, dull green, came in for adverse comment. Red was considered the proper background, a curious example of the change of taste. The green, however, remained unchanged until 1853, when the trustees decided on embossed flock paper "of maroon colour."

Nevertheless the new gallery proved popular enough. Indeed, the response of the humbler classes afforded much satisfaction. The public, however, maintained an air of informality which would appear improper to-day. One can hardly imagine a keeper of recent years being offered a glass of of gin by the ladies of a convivial picnic luncheon party in the gallery.

From such humble beginnings, by gift, bequest, and purchase the collection grew. Mistakes were made, but some native caution preserved the National Gallery. In 1855 the establishment was reconstituted by Treasury minute, and a board of management was appointed consisting of a limited number of trustees and a director. This board controlled the subsidy annually voted by Parliament for the purchase of pictures. On frequent occasions, as in the case of the Peel Collection and the Madonna degli Ansidei, additional sums were voted. Gradually the National Gallery took its place beside the great public collections of the Continent. Great bequests of money, as well as of pictures, were made, and degree by degree the gallery became a reality instead of a name.

What of the future? Every thoughtful person must wonder so much centralisation is wholly desirable or, indeed, possible to maintain. Any museum carries within it the seeds of its own destruction if it is to exist as more than treasure-house. So much riches, such great perfection, are dangerous, for apathy and perfection can exist side by side. Benefactions and bequests are not ended, and it is well to bear in mind that the Kaiser Friedrich Museum was forced to eliminate 700 of the 1,200 pictures with which it was endowed.

To-day the director of any museum devoted to the fine arts is faced with a public that tends to decrease. The greater the collection the greater is the danger of indifference. Intelligent direction is something more than experience and taste: it is a flair. Of recent years the National Gallery has been fortunate. In a world of increasing counter-attractions the public is appreciative, even enthusiastic. Attendance figures are on the increase. In 1937 on free days 559,988 people visited the gallery. Public interest has been stimulated enormously by the exhibition of superb loans, such as the Gulbenkian Collection, and the admission of French Impressionism. There has been much controversy, but controversy shows that interest is awake. A gallery, to fulfil its intention, must remain alive. Without life the finest masterpieces, the best surroundings, every adventitious aid of lighting, decoration, and of popular lectures can only postpone degeneration. Art history is important, but to the public it is not of primary importance, nor, indeed, is the representation of every school. What we call art is life, a fragment of life which has survived time. All that can matter is that it is always in the present for us, and our awareness of it is the measure of its intenseness and so of its greatness. We are apt to take what we possess for granted, but it is the genius of direction which compels hundreds of thousands of people to look again with new eyes at familiar pictures painted by dead men who can be no more than names to the majority. And when they look what can art, through the accident of a museum, give them? Knowledge, perhaps, culture which civilizes life, but principally joy and freedom.

Mr. Hirao Recovers From Illness

Kobe, June 13.

Mr. Hatsusaburo Hirao, Chairman of the board of directors of the Japan Iron Manufacturing Company and Economic Adviser to the Japanese Garrison in North China, has recovered from an illness of several days' duration and will return to Peiping tomorrow.—Domei.

General Tan Tzu-hsin, former commander of a cavalry battalion and concurrently commander of the 10th division, who was arrested and convicted recently of charges of military insubordination, was executed in Hankow on June 10 by orders from the Chairman of the Military Affairs Commission, General Chiang Kai-shek, says a dispatch to the "Hwa Mei Chen Pao."

Foxx Blazes Trail Towards Record

Homers Outnumber Those Of Babe Ruth in His Best Years; Baseball Marks

New York, June 12.

Earl Averill of the Cleveland Indians climbed into the lead of the batting averages with a percentage of .371 through last Friday, it was officially announced here today.

Young Bob Grove topped the hurlers with ten wins and only one loss. The Boston Red Sox twirler's record included games up to last Friday.

Jimmy Foxx, chunky Red Sox first baseman, showed the greatest improvement during the past week, leading the home run parade with 18 four-baggers, which was even better than the record blazing trail featured by Babe Ruth in the year he compiled 60 circuit clouts for a world record.

Foxx Most Valuable

Third in the batting averages, Foxx also headed the runs batted in with 67 and was second in the total number of runs with 43. Mel Ott, trusty member of the New York Giants, topped Foxx in the number of runs chalked up with a total of 46.

Joe Moore, another stalwart of the Terrymen, was a narrow leader in the number of hits with 68, just one more than Frank McCormick, of the Cincinnati Reds and former leader.

While Grove and Vernon Kennedy, who has scored nine triumphs and one loss, headed the American League pitchers, Dan MacFayden was the headman among the National loop hurlers with five wins and one loss.

Statistics follow:

Batting Averages*

Earl Averill, Cleveland Indians	.371
Hal Trosky, Cleveland Indians	.366
Jimmy Foxx, Boston Red Sox	.359
Ernie Lombardi, Cincinnati Reds	.359
Cookie Lavagetto, Brooklyn Dodgers	.356

Home Runs*

Jimmy Foxx, Boston Red Sox	18
Ival Goodman, Cincinnati Reds	13
Hank Greenberg, Detroit Tigers	13
Rudolph York, Detroit Tigers	13
Mel Ott, New York Giants	12

Runs Batted In"

Jimmy Foxx, Boston Red Sox	67
Mel Ott, New York Giants	49
Earl Averill, Cleveland Indians	48
Rudolph York, Detroit Tigers	47

Runs*

Mel Ott, New York Giants	46
Jimmy Foxx, Boston Red Sox	41
John Lewis, Washington Senators	41

Hits*

Joe Moore, New York Giants	68
Frank McCormick, Cincinnati Reds	67
Cecil Travis, Washington Senators	66

Pitching Records**

	Won	Lost
AMERICAN LEAGUE		
Bob Grove, Boston	10	1
Vernon Kennedy, Detroit	9	1
Johnny Allen, Cleveland	7	1
NATIONAL LEAGUE		
Dan MacFayden	5	1
Mace Brown, Pittsburgh	7	2
Billy Lee, Chicago	7	2
Carl Hubbell, New York	7	2

*Through Friday.
**Through Thursday.
—United Press.

World's Largest Plane For U.S. Army

Wing-Spread of 250 Feet To Air Leviathan

Santa Monica, June 12.

In closely guarded Douglas aircraft factory here the largest aeroplane in the world is being constructed for the United States Army, it was reported today.

The air leviathan will have a wingspread of 250 feet—100 feet greater than the newest giant trans-ocean clipper launched recently at Seattle—and will weigh eighty tons which is more than any land or sea plane ever constructed, the reports asserted. The ship will be powered by six 2,000-horse-power engines which will enable it to fly 300 miles an hour.

It was said that a modified plane of the same type will be prepared for Pan-American airways' trans-ocean service. A passenger plane the size of the alleged bomber could carry 100 passengers.—United Press.

Fraudulent U.S. Silver Sellers Seized

Colorado Firm Passes Off "Newly Mined" Ore

Denver, June 12.

Secret service agents of the Treasury Department today seized the records of the Colorado Smelting and Refining Company and arrested four officials in connection with the fraudulent U.S.$60,000 sale of recalled silver to the Denver mint under the pretext that it was newly mined metal which carries a premium of U.S.$.30 an ounce.

Held under arrest were Mr. Theodore Swisher, general manager, Mr. Hyman Freed and two employes, Mr. Holland Seymour and Mr. Clarence Gibson.—United Press.

German Economic Stand Told British Mission

Berlin, June 13.

The German Commission, which is conducting negotiations with the British Commission on economic relations between Great Britain and Germany, has forwarded a memorandum to the British Commission giving details of the German attitude towards all points raised by the Austrian anschluss, including the debt service on the Austrian International Loan.—Reuter.

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The Brat of 'These Three' storming her way to new stardom!
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MONDAY, JUNE 13, 1938

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U.S. $100 @ 17¼ $578.71
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4 months' sight credits 8 7/16
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6 months' sight credits 8 7/16
6 months' sight docts 8 7/16
New York—demand ..... U.S. $17¼
4 months' sight credits 17¼
4 months' sight docts 17⅜
Paris—4 months' sight docts Fcs. nom.

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Netherlands Guilders ..... Buying 31
Java Guilders ..... " 31
Netherlands Guilders ..... Selling 29¾
Java Guilders ..... " 29¾

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It. Lire 3.05 = $1 Swiss Frs. 0.73 = $1
Tourist Lire 3.37 ..... = $1

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Belgas 0.98 = $1 Belgas 29.16 = £1

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

	Highest	Lowest
£	8 3/16	8 1/16
U.S. G.$	17 3/8	16 15/16
Yen	—	—

MERCHANTS CLOSING RATES

Cash	SELLING		BUYING June
£ T.T.	8 1/16	4 m/s. l.c.	8¼
G.$ T.T.	16 15/16	4 m/s. l.c.	17 1/16
Fcs. T.T.	600	4 m/s.	623
Rs. T.T.	45¼	7 d/s.	46¼

BAR SILVER

	READY	FOR'D
London pence per std. oz.	19	18 11/16
N.Y. cents per oz. troy	—	—
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	49.15	—
Bombay offtake 25 bars.		

London silver was unchanged both ready and forward, being 19.– for ready and 18 11/16 forward. New York was unquoted and Bombay was 3 annas up at 49.15.

It was reported India bought. Speculators sold. Business was small. Market ruled steady.

The local exchange market opened with sellers to merchants at 8.– sterling and 16½ U.S.$.

The Inter-bank market opened with nominal rates of 8 7/16 sterling and 17½ U.S.$ for cash, but soon after the opening there were good buyers and rates declined rapidly, at one time best sellers being 8d. sterling and 16 15/16 U.S.$, but from this basis there was some reaction to sellers at 8⅛ sterling and 16 13/16 U.S.$, and for the rest of the day the market was steadier at the lower basis. At the close there were sellers:—

8 3/32 sterling 16¾ U.S.$ Cash/June
7/8 " 16 15/16 " July

Berlin Bourse, Weekly Report

Berlin, June 12.

The money market is at the present moment not exceptionally fluid but in general business on the bourse shows a friendly tone. For months past the share market has been under the influence of great movements of Jewish capital, share holdings being exchanged for fixed interest securities as a consequence of the issue of a decree requiring the registration of all Jewish capital by the end of June.

Pressure was moreover kept on the share market by the sale of shares of those desiring to emigrate. This discouraged the purchase of shares, because investors always had to reckon with the possibility of further offers causing still further price declines, thereby making every purchase a speculation with the odds against the buyer. This pressure on the share market was removed to a considerable extent during this week by a decree prohibiting the further change of ownership of securities held by Jews.

The decline in the price level that had already taken place under the influence of Jewish selling had in many cases made shares bought at ruling prices a better investment from a point of view of returns than fixed interest securities. As a result of such considerations the sharemarket attracted many more real investors than fixed interest securities without the latter however being neglected. Gold mortgage bonds were further in demand but continued to be scarce. Industrial bonds did not show any uniform tendency. After the annual lot drawing of the Reichs old liquidation loan tended to be firmer but weakened again somewhat yesterday.

The following are the quotations of some leading German stocks on June 6 and 11 respectively:

Reichsbank	197.00	195.625
German Dye Trust	161.625	160.625
Salzdetfurth Potash	161.75	—.—
United Steel Works	110.00	108.125
Mannesmann Pipes	114.50	113.75
Harpener Mining	173.75	—.—
German Mineral Oils	139.75	137.875
Siemens & Halske	207.00	—.—
General Electrics AEG	120.875	120.25
Rhenish-Westph. Elec.	123.125	122.125
Hamburg America Line	75.75	76.00
North German Lloyd	78.00	78.00
Bemberg Rayon	141.50	139.25
Deutsche Bank	120.25	120.25
Deutsch-Asiatische Bank	500.00	—.—
Young Loan	104.00	104.125

—Trans-Ocean.

Manila Gold Shares

(Closing Bids in Pesos)

	June 11	June 13
Antamok	.43	.43
Atok	.23	.28
Benguet Consolidated	9.80	9.90
Consolidated Mines	.063	.063
Demonstration	.51	.51*
Mine Operations	.10	.10
San Mauricio	.48	.49
United Paracale	.30	.32

*—Ex Dividend.
Turnover: 230,000 Pesos.
Shares Index: (closing prices) 78.22.
—Reuter.

Silver Quotations

London, June 13.

Slightly lower prices for silver were fixed in London today, with quotations being:—

	June 11	June 13
London spot	19d.	18 13/16d.
" forward	18 13/16d.	18 5/8d.
London/New York:		
One pound U.S.	$4.96⅜	$4.96 1/16
One U.S. dollar	48.314d.	48.320d.
Gold	140/7d.	140/6½d.

—Reuter.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

The market continues to rule very firm following a further face in the value of the dollar. There appears to be a considerable sum of National dollars available for investment in good equities the demand for which is particularly good. Rubbers were very active at advancing rates. The debenture market however is neglected with the turnover at a Minimum.

Morning Session

OFFICIAL

11/6/38	CASH
2,000 Java Consolidated	1.90
1,000 Tanah Merah	1.75
2,000 Rubber Trust	$ 2.85
25 S'hai Power (Pref)	$111.00
13/6/38	
30 S'hai Power (Pref)	$111.50
1,000 Batu Anam	$ 0.87
1,000 Tebong	$ 0.79
2,000 Rubber Trust	$ 3.00
2,000 Senawang	$ 0.82
2,000 Cheng	$ 0.49
1,000 Consolidated	$ 4.20
2,000 Batu Anam	$ 0.52
250 S. W. W. 7% (Pref)	$ 13.20
1,000 Rubber Trust	$ 3.10
5,000 Kelantan	$ 0.40
2,000 Senawang	$ 0.85
400 Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 15.20
7,000 Cheng	$ 0.51
500 Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 15.10
5 S'hai Power (Pref)	$111.50
50 Tram (Bearer) £1	$ 38.00

UNOFFICIAL

2,000 Kroewoek	$0.98
2,000 Senawang	$ 0.80
500 Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 14.70
500 Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 15.00
500 Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 15.10
500 Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 15.00
5,000 Seremban	$ 1.50
500 Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 15.20

Afternoon Session

OFFICIAL

1,000 Kroewoek	$ 1.03
5 S. W. W. "A" £20	$555.50
5 S'hai Power (Pref)	$111.50
200 Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 15.20
5,000 Seremban	$ 1.60
100 Tram (Bearer) £1	$ 38.25
70 S'hai Land	$ 8.00
3,000 Cheng	$ 0.52
2,000 Kroewoek	$ 1.05
1,000 Tebong	$ 0.85
2,000 Cheng	$ 0.52
4,000 Chemor	$ 1.30
2,000 Java Consolidated	$ 2.00
900 Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 15.50
100 Langkat	$ 6.00
10 Ewo Mills (Pref)	$137.50
2,000 Kelantan	$ 0.41
1,000 Rubber Trust	$ 3.20
1,000 Senawang	$ 0.90
1,000 Tanah Merah	$ 1.95
300 Shanghai Land	$ 8.25
1,000 Senawang	$ 0.90
100 Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 15.50
4,000 Sua Manggis	$ 1.75
2,000 Kelantan	$ 0.41
6,000 Tebong	$ 0.87
1,000 Kedah	$ 6.25
10,000 Kelantan	$ 0.41
150 Kapayang	$ 20.00
2,000 Cheng	$ 0.53
1,000 Java Consolidated	$ 2.20
7,000 Tebong	$ 0.88
700 Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 15.50
1,000 Kroewoek	$ 1.06
1,000 Batu Anam	$ 1.00
1,000 Tebong	$ 0.89
100 S'hai Power (Pref)	$112.00
5,000 Tebong	$ 0.85

UNOFFICIAL

6,000 Kroewoek	$ 1.03
200 Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 15.50
500 Tanah Merah	$ 1.80
300 Shanghai Land	$ 8.50
5,000 Senawang	$ 0.90
1,000 Sua Manggis	$ 1.70
1,000 Cheng	$ 0.53
2,000 Senawang	$ 0.90
75 Shanghai Malay (Pref)	$ 22.00
300 Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 15.50
5,000 Tebong	$ 0.88
1,000 Rubber Trust	$ 3.10

	Shares
Morning Session	43,760
Afternoon Session	92,115
Total	135,875

Official Averages

1938

High	Low			
122.64	95.55	Rubbers	122.04	+7.26
131.67	103.44	General	122.76	+1.02

S'hai-Sumatra Rubber Estates, Ltd.

Offer to Compound Oil Royalties is Accepted

An extraordinary general meeting of the Shanghai-Sumatra Rubber Estates Ltd. was held at the offices of the general agents, Messrs. George McBain, 1 the Bund, yesterday, when an offer from Bataafsche Petroleum Maatschappij to compound the present oil royalties was accepted. Mr. W. R. McBain presided and he was supported by Mr. A. J. Welch, and Mr. H. Kadoorie. The total shares represented totalled 39,172.

In his speech the chairman said:—This meeting of the shareholders has been convened to consider, and if approved, to accept an offer received from the Bataafsche Petroleum Maatschappij in connection with the oil royalties on your Tandjong Bringin concession. Before proposing the resolution, I will take the opportunity of giving you briefly a history of the negotiations connected with this area. In the year 1925 an agreement was concluded with the B.P.M. whereby the concession was transferred to them on the same terms as their agreement relative to the concessions held by the Langkat Company.

I wish here to draw your attention to the fact that the Tandjong Bringin concession has been examined by the geologists of the B.P.M. and a number of test borings have been made at various times, and from the results obtained they have reported unfavourably with regard to the prospects of finding petroleum.

In the negotiations between the B.P.M. and the Langkat Company, the B.P.M. have insisted that our Tandjong Bringin concession be included, therefore by arrangement with the board of the Langkat Company, subject to the shareholders of both companies passing a resolution giving their directors authority to accept the terms offered by the B.P.M., it has been so treated.

The directors of the two companies have now agreed to the following arrangement regarding the royalty:—On any royalty received for crude oil produced on the Langkat Company's areas, i.e., Boeloe Telang, Boekit Toewa, Lepan, Tandjong Slamat, covering an area of 37,205.85 acres. 10 per cent. will be paid to the Shanghai-Sumatra Co. On the other hand, the Shanghai-Sumatra Company will pay to the Langkat Company 10 per cent. of any royalty received in respect of crude oil produced on the Tandjong Bringin concession, covering an area of 18,308.95 acres.

The Resolution

The terms of the offer are clearly set out in the resolution which I will now put to the meeting:—

"That the offer received from Bataafsche Petroleum Maatschappij to compound the present oil royalties in consideration of a cash payment of Guilders 12,500 and a further payment of Guilders 12,500 (subject to the claims of Mr. Hatt's successors in title or assigns) and of a royalty of one guilder per ton of crude oil produced from the Tandjong Bringin concession provided the total production from the Boeloe Telang Boekit Toea Lepan and Tandjong Slamat as well as the Tandjong Bringin concessions exceeds 15,000 tons a year be accepted and that the directors be empowered to execute on behalf of the company an agreement to give effect to the offer and acceptance subject to such modification as they may deem advisable."

This was seconded by Mr. Welch, and carried unanimously.

February's Trade In Britain

New Failed Business to Expand but Activity is Generally High

The seasonal expansion in new business which is usually noticeable at this time of the year has so far failed to materialize. In many directions, particularly in the export trade, the volume of fresh orders has been restricted if it has not actually declined and, consequently, stocks have tended to accumulate. At the same time, the genearl level of activity remains high.

Compared with the corresponding period twelve months earlier, the Board of Trade returns for February reveal a further increase in the turnover of United Kingdom overseas trade. They show, however, an accentuation of the less satisfactory trend which had become apparent in the two preceding months, when there was a slackening in the rate of increase, especially in exports. Imports in February, although they were again higher, recorded only a moderate expansion over February, 1937, the rise being smaller than in any other month since September, 1935, while, for the first time since November, 1936, the upward movement in imports was accompanied by a decline in the value of British exports. Re-exports were lower and there was also a contraction in transhipments under bond.

	Imports	British Exports	Re-Exports
	(In £'s millions)		
February, 1938	75.7	37.5	5.5
January, 1938	85.0	41.2	4.8
February, 1937	71.7	38.6	6.9
Jan.-Feb., 1938	160.7	78.7	10.3
Jan.-Feb., 1937	147.3	77.7	12.0

On the whole, the coal mining industry did well last month and production was large. Demand for industrial fuel has again been strong, but the warm weather has reacted unfavourably upon trade in household coal.

The quantity of saleable coal raised from the mines in Great Britain during February amounted to 20,098,900 tons, against 20,832,200 tons in January, 1938, and 19,796,800 tons in February, 1937.

Iron and Steel Quiet

Markets for iron and steel products continued quiet, although producers generally have been very active and there has been little evidence of any falling-off in deliveries. Many consumers have covered their requirements for some time ahead and appear to be reluctant to enter into further contracts. In anticipation of the reversion of the British import duties on certain iron and steel products to their former levels after March 31, foreign suppliers accelerated their deliveries of these materials and, as a result, there has been congestion in several directions.

At the end of February, there were 124 furnaces in blast, compared with 130 at the close of Jnauary, and the output of pig iron during the month amounted to 693,300 tons, against 761,100 tons in January, 1938, and 603,700 tons in February, 1937. Although the latest figure shows a reduction compared with the preceding month, the average daily rate of output was greater. The production of steel ingots and castings during February was also very large, totalling 1,057,600 tons, the highest figure ever recorded in February throughout the history of the industry compared with 1,081,400 tons in January and 995,900 tons in the corresponding month last year. Exports of iron and steel and manufactures thereof during February were smaller than in January, but, compared with February, 1937, while their volume was less, their value was higher.

The cotton industry was very quiet last month and sales of both yarn and piece goods were small. Delivery instructions under existing contracts have also been limited and substantial stocks are held by both producers and distributors. While export trade has been dull, there have recently been signs of a slight improvement in the home market.

Wool Prices Firmer

Raw wool prices have been firmer, and, while an appreciable amount of machinery is still either stopped or working short time, the situation in the woollen industry has improved.

The jute industry has continued to be affected by competition from India.

While fresh buying in the rayon trade has been quiet, a slight improvement has recently taken place in the volume of inquiry.

EXPORTS OF CERTAIN BRITISH PRODUCTS

	Feb., 1938	Jan., Feb., 1938	Feb., 1937
	In £'s thousands)		
Coal	2,710.2	3,019.2	2,257.4
Iron and Steel and Manufactures thereof	3,474.6	4,127.7	3,279.6
Non-ferrous Metals and Manufactures thereof	893.9	1,136.2	1,005.4
Machinery	4,561.3	4,784.1	3,463.4
Cotton Yarns and Manufactures	4,311.5	4,608.9	5,325.0
Woollen and Worsted Yarns and Manufactures	2,649.1	2,629.1	3,101.4
Manufactures of Silk and other Textile Materials	1,370.0	1,527.2	1,630.8
Apparel and Footwear	993.9	971.5	1,101.9
Chemicals, Drugs, Dyes and Colours	1,669.5	1,936.8	2,015.5
Vehicles (including Locomotives, Ships and Aircraft)	3,163.4	3,278.4	2,834.8

In accordance with the usual seasonal trend, the Ministry of Labour estimate shows that the number of insured persons aged 16 to 64 in employment in Great Britain on February 14, excluding those within the agricultural scheme, had risen to approximately 11,324,000, against about 11,309,000 on January 17. The increase between the January and February figures in 1938 was less marked than has been the case in recent years and on a comparable basis the latest total was some 20,000 higher than on February 22, 1937. The number of persons registered as unemployed on February 14 fell to 1,810,421, against 1,827,607 on January 17, but, on a comparable basis, showed an increase of about 238,000 compared with February 22, 1937.

Japanese Govt. Bonds

Osaka, June 13.

Kogo 5% ..... Y 103.50
—Reuter

Weekly Bullion Letter

The Bank of England gold reserve against notes amounted to £326,407,524 on May 4 as compared with £326,407,160 on the previous Wednesday.

The decision with regard to the further devaluation of the franc was made known on May 5. The French Finance Minister declared that there was no question of immediate stabilisation, but stated that the Government was seeking stability and had decided that the Franc would not be allowed to fall below 179 to the pound sterling.

In the House of Commons, the Chancellor of the Exchequer stated in reply to a question that a wild rumour that there might be some lowering of the value of the Dollar had been officially and vigorously denied in Washington and that we, of course, were not contemplating any adjustment of the Sterling exchange. Sir John Simon said further that the French Government had given assurances that it was their intention to achieve, as the eventual result of their policy, a rate corresponding to the economic position that would give France no unfair trade advantage and that the present downward movement would be the last. In these circumstances, we had agreed with the American Government that the action taken by the French Government should be regarded as not inconsistant with the Tripartite Agreement, which in the view of all three Governments continued with full force and effect.

The Franc development made for active conditions in the open gold market and during the week about £4,600,000 changed hands at the daily fixing. There was a good Continental demand for holding purposes but sales of de-hoarded gold were also in evidence. The price tended to harden in sympathy with the firmer tendency of the Dollar.

Quotations:—

	Per fine ounce
May 5	139s/7d.
" 6	139s/8d.
" 7	139s/8 1/2d.
" 9	139s/10d.
" 10	139s/9 1/2d.
" 11	139s/11d.
Average:—	139s/9.0d.

The following were the United Kingdom Imports and Exports of gold, registered from midday on the 2nd instant to midday on the 9th instant:—

IMPORTS

British South Africa	£2,665,330
British West Africa	158,326
British East Africa	17,245
British India	311,400
Venezuela	3,625
Peru	20,134
Soviet Union	1,125,525
Germany	10,940
Netherlands	42,020
Belgium	2,343,594
France	21,533
Switzerland	146,253
Other countries	7,001
	£6,284,849

EXPORTS

Hongkong	£117,435
Germany	5,435
Netherlands	326,051
Belgium	1,667
France	84,694
Italy	17,247
Other countries	5,183
	£557,712

The s.s. "Strathaird" which sailed from Bombay on May 7 carries gold to the value of about £112,500.

Silver

The market has been very steady and during the past week the two months' quotation remained unchanged at 18 7/16d. whilst that for cash varied only between 18 5/8d. and 18 11/16d.

The Indian Bazaars have bought and there has also been some American trade buying, demand being met mainly by speculative sales and re-sales.

The tone is quiet and factors at the moment afford little indication as to tendency.

The following were the United Kingdom Imports and Exports of silver, registered from midday on the 2 instant to midday on the 9 instant:—

IMPORTS

Australia	£13,754
Czechoslovakia	13,805
France	10,469
Norway	3,180
Eire	6,030
Belgium	15,433
Other countries	3,611
	£66,277

EXPORTS

British India	£137,125
United States of America	42,673
France	3,509
Italy	1,129
Norway	1,092
Egypt	4,597
Aden and Dependencies	31,180
Palestine	3,886
Arabia	7,223
Cyprus	8,326
Other countries	7,438
	£249,243

*—Coin of legal tender in the United Kingdom.
†—Including £13,333 in Coin not of legal tender in the United Kingdom.
‡—Coin not of legal tender in the United Kingdom.

Quotations during the week:—

IN LONDON

(Bar silver per ounce standard)

	Cash delivery	Two months' delivery
May 5	18.5/8d.	18.7/16d.
" 6	18.5/8d.	18.7/16d.
" 7	18.11/16d.	18.7/16d.
" 9	18.11/16d.	18.7/16d.
" 10	18.11/16d.	18.7/16d.
" 11	18.11/16d.	18.7/16d.
Average:	18.666d.	18.437d.

IN NEW YORK

(per ounce .999 fine)

May 4—10 inclusive—43 cents.
The highest rate of exchange on New York recorded during the period from the May 5 to the May 11 was $5.00½ and the lowest $4.97.

Mr. Kenjie Kodama to Head Charter Firm

Presidency of Central China Co. Accepted

Tokyo, June 13.

Mr. Kenji Kodama, former President of the Yokohama Specie Bank and Japan's economic goodwill envoy to China early in 1937, today informally accepted the presidency of the projected Central China Development Company.

Baron Seinosuke Goh, who heads the committees organizing the projected semi-official development companies in Central and North China, offered the post.

Baron Goh and the Finance Minister, Mr. Seihin Ikeda, were reported to be continuing their search for a leading industrialist to fill the presidency of the North China firm.

Mr. Takashi Izaka, President of the Tokyo Gas Company and the Yokohama Life and Marine Insurance Company, was regarded by the press as the leading candidate for the vacant place.—Domei.

Torso Mystery Unsolved

Open Verdict as to Cause of Death and Identity; Mrs. Sullivan's Evidence

Mrs. Sullivan, mother of Brian Sullivan (27), a London hotel dancer, who was found gassed at Tower Lodge, Leckhampton Hill, Cheltenham, was the principal witness, at the resumed inquest at Cheltenham on the torso recovered from the River Severn at Haw Bridge, Gloucestershire, which police inquiries have tended to associate with Captain William Bernard Butt, Mrs. Sullivan's employer. Captain Eutt, a retired Army officer, who has been missing since January 4, was 55, states the "Manchester Guardian."

His sister, Mrs. Mary Agnes Hobson, of Wolvercote, near Oxford, said that Captain and Mrs. Butt stayed with her at Wolvercote from Christmas Eve until January 3, and when they left to return to Cheltenham he said nothing about going away. She had only heard her brother speak of Brian Sullivan as the son of the nurse to his wife.

A suitcase bearing the initials "F. F. H." was shown to Mrs. Hobson, who said she believed it had belonged to her late husband, with whom Captain Butt used occasionally to go cruising. Captain Butt did not have it with him on January 3. She did not recognize any of the garments or articles inside it.

Mrs. Sullivan

Mrs. Sullivan gave her name as Sarah Elizabeth Emma Sullivan, but said that she was known as Irene Sullivan. She was a widow and a nurse by profession. She was engaged in February, 1935, to look after Mrs. Butt, who suffered from mental illness, at £1 a week with board. She became tenant of Tower Lodge about four years ago at a rent of £30 a year exclusive of rates.

In November, 1935, she spoke to Captain Butt about the irregularity of payment and the insufficiency of her wages, and he agreed to pay the rent and give her £1 a week as well. He gave her a cheque for the rates on January 4, but she had not had one for the December quarter's rent. He owed "over £50 or more" for wages.

During the past three years Captain Butt left home at frequent intervals, but she had never known him go away without taking his car. He would frequently leave home late at night and return in the early hours of the morning. He did not say where he had been.

At Tower Lodge

At intervals Brian came down from London to see her and stayed at Tower Lodge. Occasionally she and Mrs. Butt stayed the night there when Mrs. Butt's mental troubles became a nuisance to the neighbours at Old Bath Road. She never knew Captain Butt to sleep there. He frequently went there in the daytime.

Mrs. Sullivan said that when Captain and Mrs. Butt returned from Wolvercote on January 3 she wanted to unpack Mrs. Butt's luggage, but Captain Butt said, "Leave the things alone." During the evening Brian came to the house for about half an hour. He saw Captain Butt then. He returned at about a quarter to ten to wish her good-night and left to go home.

Gone Out Again

On their return, when they alighted from the bus in the Old Bath Road, about ten o'clock, her son came along in his car. He slowed down and they slowly walked to the house. When they arrived there Mrs. Butt said, "Look, that man has gone out again," meaning her husband.

"The house was in darkness," Mrs. Sullivan added. "I never like going into that house in the dark and Brain came in with us. He stayed until about midnight. Mrs. Butt was there all the time. We took no notice of Captain Butt's absence."

The Coroner: When your son left did you know where he was going?—He was going to Tower Lodge.

From the time when you and Mrs. Butt left 248 Old Bath Road, to go to the pictures have you seen or heard of Captain Butt?—No.

Between January 5 and 9 she saw her son two or three times each day. On January 10 her son told her he was going to London next day and that he would 'phone her. He left with his dog about 9 p.m. That was the last time she saw him alive. On January 12, not having heard from him, she walked to Tower Lodge to see if there were any letters.

To her astonishment she found the dog in the car there. The key was not under the stone where it was usually kept. She found the front door was locked and she could not get round to the back door as the wicket gate had a padlock on it. She took the dog back to Old Bath Road. On the evening of the Friday or the Saturday the car was still in the drive. She was not worried, as he had behaved in this way several times before when he went to London.

Brian Sullivan's Death

She was last inside Tower Lodge on January 4, when she cleared up. She did not see any hole or rubble in the bathroom. A rat had bored a hole under the stairs and her son got a bag of cement and said that he was going to stop up the hole.

Mrs. Sullivan then described how on January 24 she eventually got into the house and found her son dead in his room. The back door was not locked and the key of the front door was in the lock on the inside. She noticed nothing unusual in the house.

Shown the suitcase bearing the initials F. F. H., Mrs. Sullivan said that is was usually kept under Mrs. Butt's bed. She identified some of the contents as Captain Butt's, but said that two scarves were her son's. A fragment of cloth in a glass jar was handed to her and she said that Captain Butt had a suit of similar pattern. "It was the suit he was wearing when I last saw him," she added.

The Coroner: Have you ever heard your son complain in any way about Captain Butt?—No.

The Foreman: Did Captain Butt ever use violence on Mrs. Butt or you?—No.

Had Captain Butt a violent temper?—I have seen him quite livid with rage.

Was your son of a temperamental nature?—Not to the extent that I think Captain Butt was. He was certainly not given to getting into a passion.

Mr. J. Eric Greene (Mrs. Sullivan's solicitor): On each and every occasion when you saw Brian after January 4 did he show any sign of disturbance or excitement or agitation?—None whatever.

Do you know if Captain Butt was in the habit of having parties at Tower Lodge?—I never heard of them.

Captain Butt's Car

A Cheltenham garage attendant said that at 10.40 p.m. a man he did not know garaged Captain Butt's car and said it would be for three nights. The car had not been collected. The man was fifty or sixty years of age.

The Coroner said: "Much of what you may have heard or read concerning this mysterious affair is nothing more than speculation." The jury would be drawn to the irresistible conclusion that death was due to violence because no one would go to the enormous amount of trouble and risk taken in the disposal of the body unless the violence were of an unlawful nature—that was to say, that it amounted either to murder or manslaughter.

Warning to Jury

"I don't think that the impossibility of finding the cause of death in itself precludes you from considering a verdict of murder or manslaughter, but I think you will feel it would be dangerous to bring in any such verdicts in the circumstances. If you are satisfied that the house Tower Lodge played an important part in this matter, you will also consider that the deceased man, Brian Sullivan, played some part in it." It would be for the jury to consider what significance, if any, could be attached to Brian Sullivan's suicide. Apart from Brian Sullivan no particular person had been implicated by the evidence as being concerned in the death of this person.

"We have heard no direct evidence to identify the body as Captain Butt's. Are you satisfied that Tower Lodge is connected with this matter? The only direct evidence seems to be that the bricks, twine, and cord found upon the various members of the body are similar to the bricks, twine, and cord which have been found by the police at Tower Lodge.

"Captain Butt was acquainted with Brian Sullivan, and was accustomed to go to Tower Lodge. Since January 4 he has been missing. Presumably he has not left this country because he had no passport. If he is still in this country he must have seen his name coupled with this matter in the press."

After an absence of twenty minutes the foreman of the jury announced: "The jury are unanimous in returning an open verdict on the question of identity and the cause of death." He added that they were satisfied that the various portions formed part of the same body.

Air service for mail and passengers between America and Europe might be inaugurated as early as September 1 this year, declared Mr. Monroe Johnson, Under-Secretary of Commerce at a press conference in Washington on Wednesday. A new type of giant air-clipper was being tested now in Seattle, he announced, and the results achieved so far have been entirely satisfactory.

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RESERVE £3,000,000

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Calcutta	Kuching (Sarawak)	Sourabaya
Canton	Madras	Taipin
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(Incorporated in England)

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Authorised $50,000,000
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Hongkong Currency
Reserve Fund $10,000,000
Sterling Reserve Fund £ 6,500,000
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Shanghai Branch: 12 THE BUND
Sub-Agency: 65 BROADWAY

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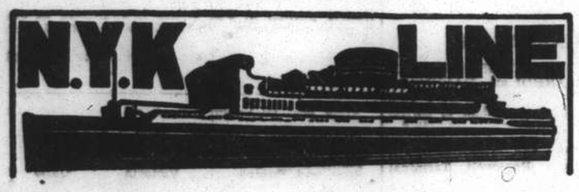

To Honolulu, San Francisco and Los Angeles, via Yokohama

	From Kobe
TATSUTA MARU	June 21
CHICHIBU MARU	July 13
TATSUTA MARU	Aug. 9

To Manila P. I.

ASUKA MARU	June 24

To Vancouver and Seattle

	From Kobe
HEIAN MARU	June 27

To Australian Ports via Manila

	From Hongkong
ATSUTA MARU	June 25

To Aden, Naples, Marseilles, London, Antwerp and Rotterdam via Straits and Colombo

	From Shanghai
HAKONE MARU	June 14
FUSHIMI MARU	June 28
HAKOZAKI MARU	July 12
SUWA MARU	July 26

To Kobe, Yokohama

SUWA MARU	June 22
TERUKUNI MARU	July 2

To Nagasaki (Rapid Express Service)

*SHANGHAI MARU	June 15
NAGASAKI MARU	June 17
NAGASAKI MARU	June 21
NAGASAKI MARU	June 25

*Calls at Nagasaki and Kobe.

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Tel. 12842 After Office Hours 18885

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Class	Single	Return
A	£88	£154
B	£68	£119
C	£64	£112

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REGULAR AND FAST FREIGHT AND PASSENGER SERVICES

Sailings to EUROPE and UNITED KINGDOM Ports

A	† ANTENOR	June 26	M'lles, London, R'dam, Glasgow
B *	† AJAX	July 10	M'lles, London, R'dam, H'burg and Gl'gow
	ø ANTILOCHUS	July 18	Havre, Liverpool and Bromborough
A	† HECTOR	July 24	Marseilles, London, R'dam and Glasgow
B	MENESTHEUS	Aug. 7	M'lles, London, R'dam and Glasgow

* calls at Casablanca † via Aden ø via Saigon

A monthly service is also maintained from Hongkong and Japan to Pacific Coast

Arrivals from United Kingdom and Sailings to Japan etc.

		From	Sails	For
A	HECTOR	Liverpool	June 24	June 26 Taku, Tsingtao, and Japan Ports.
C	HELENUS	Gdynia	June 24	June 25 Taku Bar and Japan Ports
C	TEIRESIAS	Liverpool	July 2	July 6 Japan Ports
B	MENESTHEUS	Liverpool	July 6	July 7 Tsingtao and Japan Ports
A	AENEAS	Liverpool	July 23	July 25 Taku Bar, Tsingtao, and Japan Ports.

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"CHANGTE"	June 17	June 20	July 6
"TAIPING"	July 15	July 18	Aug. 3
"CHANGTE"	Aug. 16	Aug. 19	Sept. 4
"TAIPING"	Sept. 13	Sept. 16	Oct. 2

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mv. KULMERLAND July 5 Genoa, A'werp, R'dam, Hamburg.
ss. HINDENBURG July 13 Marseilles, Rotterdam, Hamburg.

OUTWARD VESSELS LATEST MOVEMENTS:

			Due S'hai
ss. NORDMARK	Left Singapore	June 7	June 21
mv. DUISBURG	Passed Suez	June 4	July 8
mv. SAUERLAND	Left Rotterdam	June 3	July 22

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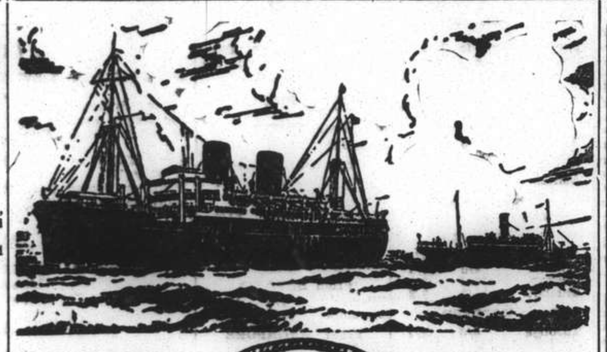

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	21	RAJPUTANA	17,000
July	5	RANCHI	17,000
	12	*SOMALI	7,000
	19	RANPURA	17,000

	From Shanghai		Tonnage
Aug.	2	RAWALPINDI	17,000
	9	*BANGALORE	6,100
	16	NALDERA	16,000
	30	CORFU	15,000

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BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
To CALCUTTA via PORTS

	Leave Shanghai For Japan	Leave Hongkong
SHIRALA		June 18
TILAWA		July 2

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NANKIN	T. J. Mills	June 9	July 2	July 21
NELLORE	T. H. Scott-White	July 11	Aug. 5	Aug. 24
TANDA	E. Pilcher	Aug. 8	Sept. 2	Sept. 21

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HOMEWARDS: Due to sail from Shanghai
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D. K. K.

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	Arrival.	Departure.
SS. HOTEN MARU	June 14	June 15 at 11 a.m.
SS. DAIREN MARU	June 16	June 18 at 11 a.m.
SS. TSINGTAO MARU	June 19	June 20 at 11 a.m.
SS. HOTEN MARU	June 21	June 23 at 11 a.m.
SS. DAIREN MARU	June 24	June 25 at 11 a.m.
SS. TSINGTAO MARU	June 26	June 28 at 11 a.m.

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Tenders conveying outgoing passengers on board will leave the Customs Jetty at
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HONGKONG MARU	June 26

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RIO DE JANEIRO MARU	June 23
ARABIA MARU	July 5

For Bombay

For Calcutta

*HAVANA MARU	July 3

KOBE SAILING

For New York via Panama Canal

*HOKKAI MARU	June 21
*KYUSYU MARU	July 6

For European Ports via New York

*TOKAI MARU	July 15
*KINAI MARU	Aug. 8
*NANKAI MARU	Sept. 3

For Australia

*CANBERRA MARU	June 30
*SYDNEY MARU	Aug. 1

For New Zealand

*BRISBANE MARU	June 30
*MELBOURNE MARU	Aug. 12

For West Africa

*ALASKA MARU	Aug. 16

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MS. CHILE loading at Hongkong . . . . July 15

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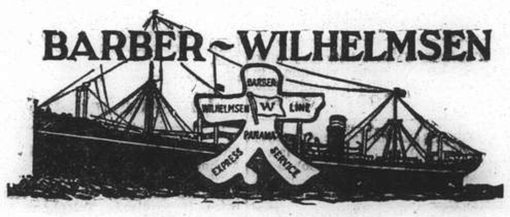

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EMPRESS of CANADA
Sails for
HONGKONG AND MANILA
From Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf, Shanghai Side
5 a.m. Wednesday, June 15

TENDER SERVICE

From Custom's Jetty		From Ship
4.00 p.m.	Tuesday, June 14	5.00 p.m.
6.30 p.m.	Tuesday, June 14	7.30 p.m.
11.00 p.m. (Despatching)	Tuesday, June 14	11.30 p.m.

Due to limited tender facilities passengers only will be permitted on board the tenders

Steamer	S'hai Leave	N'saki Leave	Kobe Leave	Y'hama Leave	H'lulu Leave	Victoria Vancouver Arrive
Empress of Canada	June 26	—	June 29	July 1	July 8	July 13
Empress of Russia	July 10	July 12	July 14	July 16	—	July 25
Empress of Japan	July 24	—	July 27	July 29	Aug. 4	Aug. 9
Empress of Asia	Aug. 7	Aug. 9	Aug. 11	Aug. 13	—	Aug. 22

Direct Connections for Canadian and U.S. Overland Points
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SOUTHBOUND SAILINGS

	Leave Shanghai	Arrive Hongkong	Arrive Manila
Empress of Russia	June 28	June 30	July 2
Empress of Japan	July 13	July 15	July 17

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MS. "COBURG" for Port Sudan, Marseilles, Casablanca, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Bremen July 8
SS. "POTSDAM" for Genoa, Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen, Hamburg . . . . July 22
SS. "DONAU" for Marseilles, Oran, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Bremen . . . . July 31

Outwards:

			Due Shanghai
ss. DONAU	Left Port Said	June 9	July 8
ss. POTSDAM	Left Antwerp	June 9	July 9
ss. NECKAR	Leaves Hamburg	June 18	July 31
ss. GNEISENAU	Leaves Hamburg	July 9	Aug. 12

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A sound opportunity exists for any firm or individual to invest on a partnership basis a sum of from £500 to £1,000 in a large business university scheme already well-established. Amount is required for expansion in Hongkong and Singapore. Box 3492, N.C.D.N. -7625

PARTNER, active/sleeping, wanted with $5,000-$10,000. Buying and selling. No trade expenses. $100% safe. Income $500-$1,000 monthly. Box 3476, N.C.D.N. -7592

FOR SALE restaurant and bar with living quarters on premises, including personal furniture and stock. Very good name. Only 800 pounds sterling. Owner leaving Shanghai. Only serious parties need reply. 975 Avenue Joffre. -7546

Lost

NOTICE is hereby given that the Deposit Receipt for $5,000 in favour of Woe Ho Ching issued by Messrs. Butterfield & Swire has been lost. Application has been made to the said firm for a new receipt, while the lost one is henceforth declared null and void. Woe Ho Ching. -7624

Wanted to Purchase

BOOKS wanted to buy. Aldrich's, Practical Chinese. Must be good condition. Prices to Box 3506, N.C.D.N. -7645

ONE cooling plant in good condition. Capacity 3-5 tons. Apply to Mr. Lee, 470 Nanking Road. -7616

WANTED immediately, dental gold crown machine. State particulars to Box 3474, N.C.D.N. 15301

WE buy any kind of second-hand refrigerators. Address Box 3411, N.C.D.N. -7460

WANTED to buy second-hand Acme code. Please apply to Box 3459, N.C.D.N. -7549

WE purchase all kinds of high-class furniture. Carpets, piano, typewriter, radio and useful household effects at a fair price. For further particulars apply to the Chesterfield Art Second-hand Goods Store, 1469 Bubbling Well Road, Telephone 36334. -7415

For Sale—Miscellaneous

FOR SALE, in perfect condition, Zeiss Tropica F4.5 Tessar, telephoto, distar, proxar lens, filters, all other accessories. Cost £45, sacrifice £16. Sept 35 mm. hand movie-camera (takes stills), $3. Rowing machine £1. Address Box 3493, N.C.D.N. -7626

JAMES: The Naval History of Great Britain, 6 volumes 1878. Ewald: The Earl of Beaconsfield and his Times, 5 volumes. Bart: History of Europe 1815-52, 8 volumes 1854. Moleville: Annals of the French Revolution, 9 volumes 1800. Gibbon: The Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire. The Book Mart, 286 Yu Yuen Road. -7643

SHIRTS, made to measure, cellular, $4.50; best quality poplin, $7.50; striped silk, $8. Razon's, Central Road. -7078

WOOLLEN bathing suits from $3, caps from 50 cents. Sport shirts from $4.50. Razon's, 12 Central Road. -7062

FOR SALE. 20 h.p. marine engine (semi-Diesel) at bargain price. Apply Box 3477, N.C.D.N. 15279

FOR SALE. One cooling plant of half-ton capacity at bargain price. Apply Box 3478, N.C.D.N. 15279

PRIVATE sale. Two big, new, exceptionally well matched silver foxes. Reasonable price. Address Box 3472, N.C.D.N. -7582

X-STITCH tea sets, 90 cents; guest towels, 18 cents; 17 pcs. luncheon sets, $3.20; lace gloves, 40 cents; Tuscany table covers, $1; lace curtains, $2.50 pair. Lace & Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road (first floor). 15269

NEWSPRINT in reels for sale. Size 64 in., 48 in. and 32 in. Weight 50 grammes square metre. Price reasonable. Address Box 3429, N.C.D.N. -7499

PORTLAND cement. Large stock available at competitive prices. Also sand, stone chips and other building supplies. F. Madsen & Co., 169 Yuen Ming Yuen Road, Telephone Nos. 17936 and 19802. -7239

Motor Cars and Cycles

WANTED car in good mechanical condition. Full particulars, year, make, cylinders, lowest price. Box 3490, N.C.D.N. -7617

WANTED touring model Morris 1923/1930, in good condition. Reply with full particulars. Box 3482, N.C.D.N. -7606

$425, four-door sedan Whippet 1930, good condition, new tyres, 20 m.p.g. Mr. Chen, Telephone 71261, 9-5 p.m. -7613

MORRIS 1927 Square Bonnet, two seater, excellent condition new battery, first offer over £15 secures. Box 3500, N.C.D.N. 15303

WANTED, Balilla Fiat, model 508, or Austin 7, 1932, sedan. Maximum $1,000 each. Address Box 3508. N.C.D.N. -7646

FOR SALE, 1932 Ford, 4-cylinder, 4-door sedan, good condition. Price $550. Address Box 35050, N.C.D.N. -7641

ADVERTISER wants to buy a sedan car of any description after 1934 make. Please drive to 26/215 Medhurst Road between 2 to 4 p.m. for trial. 15309

WANTED, 1933-36 economical four-door sedan, Maximum price $1,500 cash. Address Box 3396, N.C.D.N. No brokers. -7452

WANTED a small sedan car in good condition, if possible with four doors. Box 3403, N.C.D.N. -7441

ECONOMICAL 1931 Essex, excellent condition, for sale, $650. Address Box 3401, N.C.D.N. -7438

WANTED, for cash, small, economical car in good condition. Telephone 21933 after 6 p.m. or address Box 3451, N.C.D.N. -7536

WE offer cash for used cars and trucks. Apply Jenny's Motors, 177 Amiral Courbet, Telephone 73165. -9011

Office Cars

GENTLEMAN desires lift from King Albert Apartment, three times daily, to the Bund. Please telephone 70822. -7634

LIFT wanted, thrice daily, Bourgeat/Roi Albert to Foochow Road, summer hours. Box 3454, N.C.D.N. -7542

Boats

WANTED to buy, houseboat, with or without motor. Must be in good condition. Address Box 3504, N.C.D.N. 15312

Miscellaneous

WANTED to hire, 4 cubic feet refrigerator. Please communicate Box 3509, N.C.D.N. 15315

FOR $2.60 per month you can read 14 magazines such as Esquire, Cosmopolitan, Good Housekeeping, Vogue, Harper's Bazaar, Readers Digest, Strand, Windsor, Time, Life, Movie and Detective Magazines, etc. Telephone 83288 for list of 100 magazines. The Home Magazine Library. 15099

Radios

FOR skilled workmanship call 32392 American Radio Repair, 1549 Bubbling Well Road. 15037

RADIOS promptly repaired. Telephone 13750. Ask for Mr. Stewart. American Radio Equipment Company. Our method can save you 50%. 15057

PURCHASE second-hand radios, also repair at client's home. Modern Radio Service, 356 Avenue Foch, Telephone 38147. -7159

FOR radio repair call International Radio Service, 9 Cardinal Mercier, Telephone 75897. -6979

Animals

WANTED the services of a thoroughbred male spitz. Address Box 3499, N.C.D.N. -7635

THOROUGHBRED Alsatian pups for sale. Pedigree. Beautifully marked. Parents imported. Telephone 51584, from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m. -7374

FOR SALE, beautiful springer spaniel puppies, two months old. Parents first-prize winners, 153 Edinburgh Road. Telephone 22827. -7473

LOST on June 10 near Hart and Sinza Roads, white springer spaniel puppy, black head and ears, dog, about 4-5 months old. Please telephone 36849. -7565

Summer Resorts

TSINGTAO, Pine Grove Villa, near German Beach, private pine forest. Four-roomed fully-furnished flats or rooms separately, board optional. Apply Mr. Guter, King May Co., 36 Siking Road, Telephone 13712. -7621

TSINGTAO, Iltis-Huk, former "Bel-Air." Rooms with board in modern furnished house, with large roof-garden. Excellent cuisine. Reasonable prices. Apply Baranovsky 850 Avenue Joffre. -7610

TSINGTAO. Boarding House at No. 39, 1st Kinkow Road. 5 minutes from Beach, with large roof-garden, facing sea, nicely furnished and airy rooms. Excellent German cuisine. Moderate prices. Apply to L. Nauert, cable address: Woolhair. -7456

GOLDAU Hotel, Peitaiho opened June 1. For reservation please apply to Mrs. P. Behrendt, Goldau Hotel, Peitaiho Beach. -7485

TSINGTAO, Pension Hentschel (German Guest House), 44 First Kinkow Road. Beautiful view to the sea, five minutes to the beach. First-class board, moderate prices. Address Box 3449, N.C.D.N. -7517

PROSPECTIVE. German ladies contemplate going Tsingtao. Any wishing to send children there to be looked after, provided with carefully prepared food, healthful surroundings, tutoring, music (if desired), telephone 75794. -7463

PEI-TAI-HO, Kurhaus Hotel open from June 15. On parle français. Exquisite cuisine. Large airy rooms. Apply F. W. Schmitz, Poppe Road 56A. Tientsin. -7471

TSINGTAO, Villa Dold. Situated amidst pines, overlooking sea, 1 minute to either Strand or German Beach, excellent cuisine, all modern conveniences. Mrs. B. Dold, Post Office Box 217, Tsingtao. -7261

LAOSHAN (Waterfall District). To let, comfortable rooms, with board. Refrigerator, modern plumbing, sanitation. Private swimming pool, sandy beach, on premises. Apply Mrs. Porter, Post Office Box 3, Laoshan, Tsingtao. 14320

KINGS Hotel, Weihaiwei. The ideal place for a summer holiday. Situated in enclosed grounds with private beach and landing place. All rooms face the sea and have individual bathrooms. Excellent food, reasonable rates. Under foreign supervision. For further particulars apply the Management. -7162

TSINGTAO, three-roomed flat, furnished, modern conveniences. Midway beach and town. Season $700. Address Box 3261, N.C.D.N. -7112

TSINGTAO "Whitehouse," 20 Hwei Chuan Road, very close to German and Strand Beaches, ideal location. Terms moderate. Good food and service. Mrs. C. M. Marks, Proprietress. 14487

STRAND Hotel, Peitaiho Beach. Opens June. For accommodation. apply Mrs. M. Lisske, 10 Canal Road, Tientsin. 15194

Offices, Shops, Godowns

$40. Show-room, double-fronted lock-up shop, 20 foot frontage, good windows; lofty; tiled floor. No living quarters. On Yuyuen Road near Park, desirable position. Telephone 20835 mealtimes. -7459

HONGKONG & Shanghai Bank Building and Wayfoong House; Office space to let. Apply Engineers' office Room 110, 12 The Bund. 15053

TO LET, large and small modern office space in the Chartered Bank Building. 18 The Bund. Space arranged to suit tenants' requirements. Apply Eric Davies, Room 214, Chartered Bank Building. Telephone 15874. 15012

To Advertisers

The following replies are being held at this office, and the owners of the undermentioned Box numbers are requested to call for same before June 20 after which date they will be destroyed. Nos. 2670, 2673, 2712, 2741, 2768, 2769, 2808, 2919, 2927, 2995, 3005, 3051, 3082, 3094, 3101, 3108, 3164, 3237, 3262,

Chinese Servants

THOROUGHLY recommended cook boy. Available 16 June. Pratt 740/3 Hart Road, 'phone 51596 Tuesday. 15292

ADVERTISER recommends capable Nanking car-boy in possession of Shanghai driving licence. Previously employed Nanking Consular Customs personnel. All advantages of chauffeur at low cost. Address Box 3390, N.C.D.N. 15061

EXCELLENT cook-boy or number one and wash amah (wife), last employed 11 years, personally known to advertiser 8 years, free now. Telephone 73808 afternoons. -7232

72782 TELEPHONE. Reliable cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, etc. Foreign management. General Employment Agency, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -7322

RELIABLE cook-boy wants position. Clean, honest, good reference, hard-working. Address Box 3445, N.C.D.N. -7523

EXPERIENCED Chinese houseboy (also capable cook), seeks position in American home. Excellent testimonials. Address Box 3462, N.C.D.N. -7533

73148 CENTRAL Employment Agency (British). 2,000 satisfied international customers. Picked cook-boys, baby-amahs, cook-amahs, house-amahs, wash-amahs, chauffeurs, watchmen, stenographers. -7125

Dancing

PROFESSOR Waldemar, famous teacher in ballroom, ballet, tap dances, gives private-class lessons. 1272 Avenue Joffre. -7349

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

LADY gives general massage, manicure, 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road. Apartment 30, Second Floor. 15063

MISS Dardari, from Australia, qualified reducing body massage. Natural way to health. Ladies from 9—1, gentlemen from 2—8. 409 Burlington Hotel, Telephone 34200. -7290

Rooms Without Board

ONE well-furnished south room in private family, with bath and verandah. Apply 1809 Avenue Joffre. -7607

WELL-furnished room. Board optional. 1173/1 Bubbling Well Road, Garden Apartment 15. -7605

ONE big, cool, furnished room in Washington Apartments let by a lady to a lady. Apply 305 Avenue Petain, Apartment 21, from 10 a.m. to 6 p.m. -7639

ROOM to let in private house, with private bath and verandah. 317 Rue Bourgeat, Telephone 75819. View from 1-2 p.m. -7648

$40, large room, verandah, $25 small room. Furnished. Each inclusive light, water. Route Grouchy, Telephone 75794. -7631

LARGE or small comfortably furnished room in cool modern apartment. 133/7 Route Say Zoong. -7636

NICELY furnished room, with all modern conveniences. Flat 215 Embankment Building. -7599

WELL-furnished, bright rooms, facing south, with balconies. $25, $35. Bachelors only. 114 Route de Grouchy. -7526

FURNISHED south room, near Jessfield Park. Cool in summer. Apartment house, 1412/2D Yuyuen Road. -7529

IN private family, nicely furnished large airy room. 7th floor, Savoy Apartments, Route Say-Zoong. Board optional. Telephone 71468. -7557

COMFORTABLY furnished rooms for men. Club facilities. Navy Y.M.C.A. 15056

ONE south-facing room, nice verandah, private bath, nicely furnished. With or without breakfast. 236 Rue Maresca. -7087

TWO single furnished rooms in detached house. Telephone 71115. -7269

Rooms with Board

BEVERLEY House, 30 Route Boissezon, south rooms with verandahs, private bathrooms. Excellent food. English management. Telephone 70787. -7399

WANTED, small unfurnished room, preferably with private toilet, near No. 9 bus line. Reply Box 3502, N.C.D.N' -7639

ROOMS, including library, swimming and other club facilities. Foreign supervised food service. (Optional.) Foreign Y.M.C.A. Telephone 92250. 15011

KINGSCLERE, 30 Wei-hai-wei Road, next Race Course. Two well-furnished, double rooms vacant. Also attic. -7540

HENLEY House, 1094 Avenue Road. Cool, comfortable. double/single rooms. Large garden, tennis, excellent food. Telephone 37133. -7474

THE Towers, 1182 Avenue Road. Comfortable single/double rooms, private bathrooms, garden, tennis court, excellent food. Telephone 35534. -7510

BERKELEY, 20/12 Seymour Road, one south room with private modern bathroom. Reasonable rates. Telephone 36251. -7305

RIVERINA, 31 Rue Massenet. One large double room with verandah facing south, private bathroom. Large garden. Moderate rates. Mrs. Anderson, Telephone 73015. -7369

THE Villas, 969 Avenue Foch, suitable 9, 1, 14 buses; double/single rooms available. Pleasant surroundings. Tennis garage. Mrs. Fisher, Telephone 75433. -7172

355 AVENUE Haig, corner Tifeng Road. Clean, comfortable, small/large rooms. Special attention to food. Bus stops. Telephone. Mrs. Hedden 71163. -7173

427 Yu Yuen Road (opposite Public School), well-furnished double/single rooms, all facing south. Excellent food. Telephone 20567, Mrs. Thacher. -7528

THE Gardens, 90 Route des Soeurs. Well-appointed rooms, excellent cuisine. Attractive garden. Foreign owned and managed. -7390

Houses and Land

TO LET, three mows vacant land with fence around, located on Kinnear Road, near Edinburgh Road, Address Box 3285, N.C.D.N. -7178

Wanted to Rent

TWO/three-roomed apartment, from July 1, first-class, western district, for bachelor. Reply stating price, location, etc. to Box 3489, N.C.D.N. 15297

ONE-roomed modern apartment, with/without kitchen. Furniture might be taken over. State particulars and rent. Box 3485, N.C.D.N. -7612

WANTED, two/three-roomed, furnished flat, all conveniences. Central district. Write, stating rental, Box 3484, N.C.D.N. -7611

WANTED unfurnished four/five-roomed flat or house, near Yuyuen or Bubbling Well Road, from August 1. Address Box 3501, N.C.D.N. -7637

WANTED to rent, six months or longer, from July first, four-roomed furnished apartment, two bathrooms, reasonable rental, western district. Full particulars requested. Box 3497, N.C.D.N. -7629

Unfurnished Houses

TO LET, 760 Hart Road, five-roomed house, two bathrooms, with nice garden. Fixtures to be taken over, furniture for sale at very reasonable price, if required. Telephone 34711. -7361

Other Classified Advertisements will be found on the Front Page

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS
Strictly Prepaid

One insertion	per word	6 cts.
Three insertions	,, ,,	5 cts.
Seven or more	,, ,,	4 cts.
Positions wanted, any number of insertions	,,	3 cts.
Front Page	,, ,,	12 cts.

Minimum of 16 words

Replies to Box Numbers should be addressed care of "North-China Daily News." 17 The Bund (or P.O. Box 707), Shanghai, unless otherwise stated.

In applying for positions copies of references and not originals should be sent.

Vessels Arriving

The first date is that of the ship's departure from the Port under which she appears; the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From LIVERPOOL		
Hector	14/5	24/6
Teiresias	21/5	2/7
Menelaus	4/6	15/7
Aeneas	11/6	23/7
From LONDON		
Bangalore	28/6	11/7
From HAMBURG		
Afrika	13/5	29/6
Titan	4/6	20/7
Neckar	18/6	3/8
Talabot	30/6	8/8
From ROTTERDAM		
Taronga	4/6	12/7
Sauerland	3/6	22/7
From ANTWERP		
Potsdam	9/6	9/7
From GIBRALTAR		
Ranpura	7/6	10/7
From TRIESTE		
Fusijama	20/5	7/7
From PORT SAID		
Donau	9/6	8/7
From SUEZ		
Helenus	24/5	24/6
Duisburg	4/6	8/7
From ADEN		
Naldera	6/6	26/6
From BATAVIA		
Tjisaroea	1/6	15/6
Tjibadak	15/6	29/6
From SINGAPORE		
Nordmark	7/6	21/6
From SOERABAIA		
Tjinegara	18/6	4/7
From MANILA		
Myrmidon	10/6	19/6

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From NEW YORK		
Hopepeak	25/4	15/6
Niel Maersk	11/5	26/6
Foylebank	7/5	27/6
Malayan Pr.	—	30/6
Hopecastle	25/5	14/7
C. Singapore	17/5	15/7
Silveryew	23/6	8/8
C. Evansville	17/6	13/8
Clytoneus	27/6	16/8
From SAVANNAH		
Phemius	29/5	12/7
From VANCOUVER		
Talthybius	1/6	26/6
From LOS ANGELES		
Penrith C.	31/5	27/6
From KOBE		
Burdwan	9/6	14/6

AFRICA AND AUSTRALIA

From L. MARQUES		
Erica	—	29/6
From DURBAN		
Boissevain	13/6	24/6
From DURBAN		
Tegelberg	12/6	24/7
From HOBART		
Nellore	6/6	10/7

CHINA PORTS

From DAIREN		
Hoten M.	11/6	14/6
Tjisaroea	26/6	28/6
From TIENTSIN		
Fingal	—	14/6
Fooshing	—	15/6
Sandviken	—	15/6
Kronviken	—	20/6
From TONGKU		
Hunan	11/6	15/6
Shuntien	16/6	19/6
From TSINGTAO		
Antenor	5/6	25/6
From FOOCHOW		
Yochow	12/6	14/6
From SWATOW		
Szechuen	11/6	14/6
From HONGKONG		
Yatshing	—	16/6
Sinkiang	13/6	17/6
Kwaisang	—	19/6
Kiungchow	17/6	21/6

Vessels Leaving

NORTH CHINA COAST

FAUSANG June 14. WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Tuesday, June 14, at 1 p.m. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 14-6

CHEKIANG June 15. TSINGTAO and TIENTSIN.—From French Bund on Wednesday, June 15, at noon. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 15-6

SHENGKING June 15. TSINGTAO, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN. — From French Bund on Wednesday, June 15, at 10 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 15-6

TAKSANG June 15. TSINGTAO, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Wednesday, June 15, at 2 p.m. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 15-6

YOCHOW June 15. WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—From French Bund on Wednesday, June 15, at noon. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 15-6

KAIPING June 17. CHINWANGTAO DIRECT.—The Kailan Mining Administration will despatch the steamer Kaiping, Captain J. B. Struth, on Friday, June 17, 1938. For freight or passage, apply to the Agent, 30 Foochow Road. Tel. 11070. 17-6

YATSHING June 18. TSINGTAO, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Saturday, June 18. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 18-6

KWAISANG June 21. TSINGTAO, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Tuesday, June 21. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 21-6

SOUTH CHINA COAST

NEWCHWANG June 14. SWATOW and HONGKONG.—From French Bund on Tuesday, June 14 at 11 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020, (French Bund). 14-6

FINGAL June 15. SWATOW and HONGKONG.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Wednesday, June 15. For freight apply Jardine Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 15-6

TAIYUAN June 15. AMOY, HONGKONG and CANTON.—From French Bund on Wednesday, June 15, at 6 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 14-6

TJISADANE June 16. AMOY, HONGKONG, MANILA, CEBU, MACASSAR, BALI, SOERABAIA and JAVA N.C.—The J.C.J.L. ms. Tjisadane sails from Holt's Wharf, Pootung on Thursday, June 16, at 11 a.m. taking cargo to Java and transhipment in Java. Excellent passenger accommodation. Passengers tender leaves Customs Jetty at 9.30 a.m. Through tickets issued to European, Australian and African Ports. For particulars apply to the Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V., Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Tel. 16247 (4 Lines). 15-6

Vessels Leaving

SOUTH CHINA COAST

SZECHUEN June 17. SWATOW, HONGKONG, HOIHOW, PAKHOI and HAIPHONG.—From French Bund on Friday, June 17, at 1 p.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 17-6

SANDVIKEN June 17. SWATOW and HONGKONG.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Friday, June 17. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 17-6

JAPAN

RANCHI June 13. KOBE and YOKOHAMA.—Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co. Agents P. & O. S. N. Co. 27 The Bund Tel. 11428. 13-6

STRAITS AND EUROPE

BURDWAN June 14. MARSEILLES, CASABLANCA, HAVRE, LONDON, HULL, HAMBURG, ROTTERDAM and ANTWERP via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, ADEN, SUEZ and PORT SAID.—Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents, P. & O. S. N. Co. No. 27 The Bund Tel. 11428. 14-6

VICTORIA June 14. NAPLES and GENOA via HONGKONG, MANILA, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, ADEN, PORT SAID.—The Lloyd Triestino m.v. Victoria will sail from Shanghai Hongkew Wharf on June 14, at 9 a.m. sharp. For Freight and Passage apply Lloyd Triestino, 26 The Bund. Tel. 16885. 14-6

YALOU June 14. ORAN, CASABLANCA, HAVRE, ANTWERP, DUNKIRK via ADEN and PORT SAID.—For particulars apply to Messageries Maritimes, 9 Avenue Edward VII. Tel. 82034. 14-6

MAR. JOFFRE June 20. MARSEILLES via HONGKONG SAIGON, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, DJIBOUTI, SUEZ and PORT SAID.—Messageries Maritimes, 9 Avenue Edward VII. Tel. 82034. 20-6

RAJPUTANA June 21. MARSEILLES, GIBRALTAR and LONDON via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, ADEN, PORT SAID and MALTA.—Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents, P. & O. S. N. Co. 27 The Bund Tel. No. 11428. 21-6

TIRRANNA June 21. CASABLANCA, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG and OSLO via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, PORT SAID.—Motor vessel Tirranna of the Wilhelmsen Lines will be despatched from Shanghai on June 21, for the abovementioned ports. Through Bills of Lading issued for all Scandinavian and Baltic Ports. For freight or passage please apply to Dodwell & Co., Ltd., 17 Canton Road. Tel. 11366. 21-6

SCHARNHORST June 24. GENOA, SOUTHAMPTON, ROTTERDAM, BREMEN and HAMBURG via HONGKONG, MANILA, SINGAPORE, PENANG, BELAWAN, COLOMBO and PORT SAID.—For freight and passage apply to Melchers & Co., General Agents, 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 24-6

ANTENOR June 26. MARSEILLES, LONDON, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG and GLASGOW via ADEN.—For freight and passage apply to Agents, Butterfield & Swire, 21 French Bund. Tel. 82020. 26-6

PEIPING June 27. TRIPOLI, ALGIERS, ORAN, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG, OSLO and GOTHENBURG.—The Swedish East Asiatic Co. Ltd.'s m.s. Peiping will leave Shanghai on or about June 27, for the above mentioned ports. Through Bills of Lading to all Scandinavian and Baltic ports. Cargo for U.K. ports accepted on optional Bs/L. For freight and passage, please apply to The Ekman Foreign Agencies Ltd., 170 Kiangse Road, Hamilton House. Tel. 11330. 27-6

COMMT. DORISE June 28. ORAN, CASABLANCA, HAVRE, ANTWERP, DUNKIRK via ADEN, and PORT SAID.—For particulars apply to Messageries Maritimes, 9 Avenue Edward VII. Tel. 82034. 28-6

AMERICA

TOULOUSE June 22. LOS ANGELES and NEW YORK via PANAMA CANAL.—Barber-Wilhelmsen Line motor vessel Toulouse sails from Buoys Nos. 14-15 on June 22, accepting cargo for all Overland Points. Dodwell & Company Ltd., Agents, 17 Canton Road. Tel. 11369. 22-6

ANNA MAERSK July 1. LOS ANGELES and via PANAMA to NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, SAVANNAH and NORFOLK.—For freight and passage apply to Melchers & Co., Agents, Maersk Line, 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 1-7

AUSTRALASIA

CHANGTE June 17. MANILA, THURSDAY I, CAIRNS, (From Hongkong) TOWNSVILLE, BRISBANE, SYDNEY and MELBOURNE.—Australian-Oriental Line, Ltd., Agents, Butterfield & Swire, French Bund. Tel. 82020. 17-6

Vessels Discharging

AJAX. From Liverpool arrived on June 12, and is discharging her cargo at Holt's Wharf, Pootung. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" are further requested to send their representative to the Wharf to verify the weight of such cargo whilst being landed. Free storage period expires on June 22, 1938. Damaged cargo will be examined in the presence of a Customs Officer on Wednesday, June 15, at 10 a.m. Claims must be presented within 15 days of vessel's arrival. No insurance effected. Butterfield & Swire, Agents. 13-6

MAR. JOFFRE. From Marseilles via Ports arrived on June 11, and is discharging her cargo at Jardine's Pootung Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for exchange of Delivery Orders and take immediate delivery of their cargo. All risk of fire at the Wharf and Godowns to be borne by consignees and claims against this steamer must be presented within 15 days of vessel's arrival or they will not be recognized. Damaged cargo will be examined in the presence of a Customs Officer on Thursday, June 16, 1938, at 9.30 a.m. at the Wharf by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy. No Insurance effected. Cie des Messageries Maritimes. 15-6

Post Office Notices

Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is requested in order to make connection with the below-mentioned closing times.
(Last connecting time from Sub-Offices to Head Office is 19.05 daily).

Date and Destination	*Per*		*Reg.*	*Ord.*
TUESDAY, June 14.				
H'kong Canton Aust. N.Z. Manila S.S. Ceylon India Suez and Europe	Victoria		*19.00	7.15
Swatow and Hongkong	Newchwang		8.00	8.30
Weihaiwei Chefoo Tientsin	Fausang		10.00	10.30
Tinghai	Elbhof		10.30	11.00
Foochow	Shinhwa	X	11.30	12.00
Aust. (Y) N.Z. (Y) Indo-China (Y) Suez (Y) Europe (Y)	Burdwan		11.30	12.00
Hongkong (Y)	Burdwan		12.00	12.30
Aust. N.Z. Indo-China and Manila	E. of Canada		14.30	15.30
Hongkong and Canton	E. of Canada		15.00	15.30
Kiangpei Offices east of Haian	Liwo		16.30	17.00
Amoy Hongkong Canton	Taiyuan		18.30	19.00
WEDNESDAY, June 15.				
Japan Korea via Nagasaki	Shanghai M.		*19.00	7.15
U.S.S.R. Europe via Siberia	Shengking		*19.00	7.30
Tsingtao Wei. C'foo T'sin	Shengking		*19.00	7.30
Foochow	Prominent		8.00	8.30
Tsingtao and Dairen	Hoten M.		8.00	8.30
Weihaiwei Chefoo Tientsin	Yochow		9.00	9.30
Tsingtao and Tientsin	Chekiang		9.00	9.30
Wenchow	C. Paolini	X	10.30	11.00
Haimen Che	Santarem		10.30	11.00
Swatow and Hongkong	Fingal		11.00	11.30
Tsingtao Chefoo Tientsin	Taksang		11.00	11.30
THURSDAY, June 16.				
Amoy Hongkong Canton Aust. N.Z. Manila Java	Tjisadane	A	*19.00	7.30
Indo-China (Z) via H'phong	Szechuen	B	—	—
Nanking (Z)	Tachi M.	CX	—	—
Kiangpei Offices east of Haian	Liwo		16.30	17.00

* The night before.
A Parcel mail for Netherlands India, closes at 16.30 on 15th.
B Parcel mail for Indo-China, closes at 16.00 on 16th.
C Parcel mail for Nanking, closes at 16.00 on 16th.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.
Y Superscribed correspondence.
Z Parcel only.

Ocean Mails for Europe and America.

Via Siberia by steamer to Tientsin for transmission.
Next steamer mails will be closed as follows:
ss. Victoria, via Suez, June 14, due London July 10.
ss. Marechal Joffre, via Suez, June 20, due London July 21.
ss. Scharnhorst, via Suez, June 23, due London July 20.

Air Mails

Imperial Airways Service (Hongkong-Bangkok-London and Hongkong-Bangk